THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT. People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SOLDIERS RETURN

Twelve Arrived From Porto Rico Yesterday.

Private Waugh is Very Ill—Private Tremblay Left in a Boston Hospital—All the Men Relate Bitter Experiences.

The Lowell soldiers who returned home yesterday are:

COMPANY C.

Edward A. Barnes.
George F. Dunlavey.
Victor J. Hosmer.
Arthur D. Tuttle.
George T. Waugh.
Fred D. Woodbury.
Fred E. Hastings.

Mede Tremblay of Company C is at the Massachusetts General hospital.

COMPANY G.

Michael J. Murray.
John Hill.
Cornelius J. Sullivan.
Burton L. Upham.
Walter E. Worthen.
Eugene E. Young.

Emaciated in form and broken down in health, twelve members of Companies C and G, Sixth Regiment, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and were immediately conveyed to the tender care of loving relatives and friends, with three exceptions, those who were unable to proceed home at once being Private George Waugh of Company C and Private Arthur D. Tuttle of the same company, who went to the Lowell General hospital, and Private Cornelius Sullivan of Company G, who is at St. John's hospital.

When the hospital ship Bay State arrived at her dock in Boston yesterday, Arthur Salmon and the Lowell Ambulance Corps found that of the Sixth men

SERGEANT VICTOR J. HOSMER.

who were so ill that it was necessary to carry them on litters, two were from Lowell, Privates Waugh and Tremblay. All the soldiers were immediately taken to the City hospital for examination.

Relatives and friends of the Lowell men begged Mr. Salmon to arrange matters so that the boys might be taken to Lowell at once.

He promised to do the best he could, but upon arriving at the hospital was informed that Waugh and Tremblay were too ill to be moved. Through the kind offices of Lieut. Ashburn, Mr. Salmon obtained permission to take Waugh home on the latter's promise to go to a hospital here upon arrival.

Poor Tremblay's condition did not warrant his removal and he was left behind in Boston while the others proceeded home on the 3 o'clock train. The boys were all dressed in their old canvas suits and all expressed a de-

CORPORAL ARTHUR H. TUTTLE.

sire to go to the quartermaster's office in Boston and procure their new clothing before leaving, but Mr. Salmon fearing that they might overtax their strength advised them to go home and rest for a few days and then go to Boston. This being agreeable, all left Boston on the 3 o'clock train.

Although it was not announced that they were coming until the boys were about to arrive, yet a large gathering was present at the Merrimack street depot when the car bearing the boys pulled in. Quite a crowd gathered at the northern depot, expecting that the boys would alight there and were disappointed.

The Ambulance Corps left the car with the boys of the Sixth between them. One of the first on the train

CORPORAL EDWARD A. BARNES.

after its arrival was the mother of Private Waugh, who rode in the ambulance with her boy to the hospital. Private Waugh is terribly wasted away though he is a plucky and a patient sufferer. In Boston he insisted upon walking between two Ambulance Corps men in order to fool the surgeons, and get home with the other boys, but the trained eye of the latter soon picked him out and it was only through the influence of Mr. Salmon and Lieut. Ashburn who grants the furloughs that he got home.

Mayor Bennett's first words to Arthur Salmon were: "Arthur, Chester Cummings is dead and you must go to New York tonight and bring home the remains."

Mr. Salmon ate dinner, saw his family, had the undertaker's return filled out and was on his way to New York last evening. He expects to return tonight or tomorrow morning.

On the way to Lowell the boys were besieged with questions concerning the remainder of the troops at Porto Rico, and it would seem that every one of them had a friend present so many were the questions.

Two items of information that will interest the general public are that

PRIVATE GEORGE F. WAUGH.

Lieut. Col. Butler Ames has been in poor health since he reached the island. Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson is in excellent health and is regarded as the healthiest man in Company C.

The many friends of Harry Young, who was thought to be the Young who came with the boys may have the satisfaction of knowing that he too, is in excellent health.

THEIR HARD EXPERIENCES.

Of all who came home, undoubtedly Private Waugh had the hardest experience. When asked concerning them, he said: "It was on the Yale that we were first put on short rations and this I believe, led to my first sickness. I developed an attack of fever and when the Yale reached Siboney was put ashore in order that I might come back home. I went aboard the Seneca but was so horrified by what I saw that I made up my mind to escape at the first opportunity. The sick and wounded men were jammed together like sardines. I watched for a favorable chance and when I thought no one was looking, sneaked out. I hid until I saw the Seneca leave port, when I took steps to board the Yale again. My temperature at this time was 103 and I felt pretty shaky; but I knew there was no use staying ashore and I joined a crowd that were engaged in loading the Yale with a cargo. Who no one was looking I skipped aboard ship out of sight. I was not discovered until the Yale was on her way. Then I was found and placed in quarantine, being kept there for 11 days.

"When we reached Porto Rico I rather braced up and for some little time was not bothered much. Later on however, I was taken sick again and was placed in the hospital.

"While confined in hospital I have had some grueseme experiences. Corp. Bellamy died in the next bed to me Two days before, a man whom I knew went out into the next room and committed suicide. He blew his head off. These things didn't have a tendency to improve my condition. I weighed 145 when I enlisted. I now weigh 101.

"My diet during the past five or six weeks has consisted principally of boiled milk and toast."

Corp. Arthur Tuttle told the following story: "I have had fever and dysentery for six weeks and in that time have lost 35 pounds. I gained several pounds on the boat, thanks to the aid association. Just now I feel weak in the legs and am troubled with pains in my back.

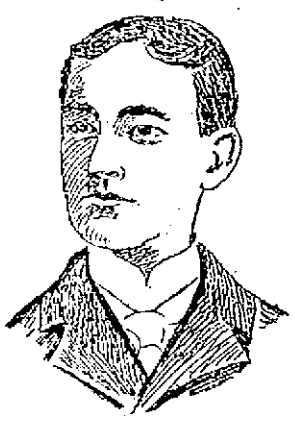
"We had some interesting experiences in Porto Rico. At Guanica, two squads composed of Company C men left their company and rushed up to the front into the thick of the scrimmage. I was in command of one squad and we had a few shots at the Spanlards. I want to say a word right here in praise of Company G. They were right up at the front and stood their ground in a manner most commendable to them. They were in the heaviest of the fight.

"I must admit that the regiment went to pieces in this affray, some of the companies moving forward and others hesitating."

Eugene Young, who held the title of regimental barber at Camp Dewey, did not ply his trade with much avidity in Porto Rico if the facial appearance of the men may be taken as an indication. He lost 35 or 40 pounds and in this connection said that a poor quality of food and very little of it was responsible. He had a good word to say for the Bay State and her officers.

George F. Dunlavey said: "I am 15 or 20 pounds under weight as the result of dysentery and fever. I was in Corp. Tuttle's squad at Guanica and with us were Ryan and Peterson and the bullets zipped right by us. The confusion in the Sixth Regiment at Guanica is accounted for in the fact that we were ambushed."

Michael J. Murray: "I lost 22 pounds through fever and was in the hospital two weeks. The food we had was fierce. I wouldn't go through the Porto Rico campaign again for anything. I want to say a word in connection with the Charleston, S. C., affair.



PRIVATE WALTER E. WORTHEN.

There were three other regiments turned loose in that town, yet we were the only regiment blamed for what was done. Why was that? And when we rode on transports for 18 days on short rations, is it any wonder that there were a few stragglers after we landed?"

Edward A. Barnes: "I lost 50 pounds and don't know when I'll get it back. We were fed on tomato soup, pork, coffee and hard tack and the monotony of such fare was awful. I liked Porto Rico pretty well but was not in a position to enjoy it thoroughly. I would rather go shooting natives than Spanlards. The natives are a pack of sneak thieves. The Spanlards have some honor in this respect. I hope that I may not have to go to Porto Rico again."

Walter E. Worthen: "I do not believe in complaining, but I want to register a kick against the food and shelter we had in Porto Rico. For several weeks we had nothing but little tents to sleep under and the rain soaked right through them. Malarial fever was the inevitable result. Finally we moved into a big storehouse and it was an improvement, although fleas and cockroaches made life miserable. I lost 23 pounds."

Fred D. Woolbury: "I developed an attack of malaria on Aug. 1 and have had it more or less ever since. Dysentery added to my discomfort. I think I trained off 25 or 30 pounds."

Fred R. Hastings is reduced in weight just 30 pounds and John Hill, 20 pounds. Dysentery and fever were the causes.

Sergt. Hosmer has also lost much in weight.

Burton L. Upham and Cornelius J. Sullivan suffered from fever and the latter had to go to the hospital. The condition of Mede Tremblay is not serious.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue. Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.
C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 4 qt. Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea. O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street el. 624-2.

WAS IT FOUL PLAY?

Man Found Dead on Chambers Street This Morning.

With a Fractured Skull Which Dr. Irish Says Could Not Have Been Caused by a Fall—Body Identified.

Who is the unknown dead man found in Chambers street this morning and who is responsible for his death? are questions now engrossing the attention of the local police station.

Shortly after four o'clock this morning as Officer John Fox was patrolling Chambers street, he came across a man lying in the gutter with his head resting on the curbing which stands two feet above the road.

Believing him to be a drunk, Officer Fox shook the man, and to his astonishment, discovered that he was attempting to arouse a corpse.

As he moved the body, he noticed a wound very near the top of the head in the back of the skull while on the curbing was a patch of hair and clotted blood. Turning the body over the officer noticed that the left ear was split.

Officer Fox immediately notified the police station and the body was removed to Undertaker Brooks' warerooms on Market street.

There the police inspectors made an examination of his clothing and found on them a silver watch, a knife, on the large blade of which were red lead stains and 55 cents in change. There was nothing else which would lead to the identification of the unknown.

The body is that of a man apparently about 40 years old, 5 feet, 8½ inches and of medium weight. His hair is black and rather thin, and the eyebrows likewise, while the moustache was black, coarse and untrimmed. The right eye was evidently without sight, the pupil being covered by a cataract. All the upper teeth but two are gone, and the lower set is irregular. The face is slim and sharp featured.

The body is attired in a checked outing shirt instead of undershirt, a pepper and salt vest, blue striped jumper and pepper and salt coat. The trousers are dark, but little worn; the socks cheap gray woolen, and shoes cheap laced.

The dead man wore an old black derby hat and wore it front side backward, as the front of the hat is split, indicating that the wound in the head was made while the unfortunate man wore his hat.

The nose and hands of the deceased had blood on them. As the body was warm when found by Officer Fox it was supposed that the unfortunate man fell and struck the curbstone shortly before the officer came along, though the wound in the head was so high up that it seemed rather strange that a fall could inflict it.

It was not until Dr. Irish arrived, however, that the theory of foul play was advanced.

As soon as Dr. Irish viewed the wound he said that it had the appearance superficially of a gunshot wound, but upon closer examination, said that it was not a gunshot wound. His wound, the medical examiner found was in the nature of a jawing fracture of the skull, causing death. The injury to the ear, he said, might have been caused by a fall.

Concluding his examination, Dr. Irish said: "I can't see how such a wound could have been made by a fall; it is something else," and he so notified the police.

Inspectors Allen and Donaldson immediately went to work on the case. They found that the works of the watch carried by the deceased had been sold to a man named Fletcher by Jeweler Raynes July 6, 1881.

Undertakers called at Brooks's establishment and attempted to identify the remains. A couple of them said that the body was that of a man named Eaton, residing at the Bleachery, but Mr. Eaton is alive and well.

At noon two men saw the body and said that they thought it was that of a painter named Murphy, residing on Gorham street, opposite the Edson Cemetery, but they were not positive of his identity.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

Undertaker Rogers and a driver for Rourke & Sullivan named Dillon identified the body as that of William Witherhead of Manchester street.

OF YELLOW FEVER

Reports From Kentucky Show An Increase.

MANY DEATHS HAVE ALREADY RESULTED.

Now Spreading Rapidly at Jackson, Miss.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28.—Reports from the stricken districts last night show that the yellow fever outbursts are not yet under control. Five new cases, all negroes, are in Jackson, Miss.

Other reports are as follows:

At Taylor's, total to date, 82; whites, 74; colored, 8; critically ill, 4; deaths to date, 8.

At Orwood, two new cases an one death; total to date, 67; whites, 57; colored, 10; deaths, 3.

The Louisiana board of health reports one new case and one death.

In Wilson, eight new cases.

In Franklin, to date, 129 cases and 5 deaths.

MURDERER CONFESSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Akron, Ohio, Sept. 28.—Edward Johnson, a farm hand last night confessed that he murdered Oscar Osburne a wealthy farmer whose body was found in his barn last Sunday. Johnson is now in prison here charged with the murder.

PREMIER DEAD.

HON. THOMAS BRYNES AFTER AN HONORABLE CAREER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 28.—The Hon. Thomas Joseph Brynes, premier of Queensland is dead. He was born in 1840 and was formerly attorney general and solicitor general of Queensland.

DEATHS.

FLYNN—John B., aged 18 months, son of William J. and Annie Flynn, died last night at the home of his parents, 937 Central street. The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

D. F. Cavanaugh, tailor, has bought out the stock and fixtures of Dion & Scogel, Hildreth building. Mr. Cavanaugh bought the stock at about twenty cents on the dollar. It was one of the finest stocks in the city of English suitings and overcoatings. He will make suits formerly sold for $35, $40 and $45, for $18, $19 and $20. Trousers at $9 $10, and $12, Cavanaugh will make for $4, $5, and $6.

A FATAL CRASH

A Special Excursion Train Instantly Wrecked

IN COLLISION WITH A WORKING TRAIN.

A Number of Persons Were Killed Outright.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 28.—A special excursion train on the way to the Halifax exhibition, from Pictou, this morning crashed into a working train near Stellarton. James Sprouti, engineer; Michael O'Brien, engineer; W. G. Henderson, fireman; John R. McKenzie, fireman; William Cameron of Scotch Hill, Pictou County, a passenger, were killed. James McMillan of Pictou, a passenger, was injured.

POLICE COURT.

PHILIP AUBIN HELD FOR SUPERIOR COURT.

Family and neighbors' troubles figured prominently this morning. Several non-support and threatening cases were heard and the defendants dismissed on promises of better behaviour.

As a result of a spree, it is alleged that Patrick P. Vaughn struck a citizen on no provocation and later endeavored to "do" Officer Frank Fox while the latter was trying to arrest him. He was continued to Oct. 5.

10 drunks, one $3, three $1, two released, one probationed.

To Cornelius Sullivan and John F. Grady went the sentences. The former went to the Massachusetts reformatory while the latter will spend a month in the common jail.

Philip Aubin's case was to have been heard today but he was bound over in $1500 for the superior court. Three counts of breaking and entering and larceny and one of breaking and entering with intent to steal will confront the defendant and to all he pleaded guilty as the counts were read slowly with precision by Clerk Savage. Aubin, who is a sickly-appearing chap of about 30 years, does not appear to be the clever crook he admitted himself to be by his plea today. His security was placed at $1500.

Fred Ware of the Western Division, B. & M. railroad, is hunting in Maine. Miss May Mason of Fletcher street will enjoy the remainder of the week in North Chelmsford.

COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Who Was Nominated Last Night for Governor of New York on the Republican Ticket.

WARD 2 CAUCUSES

Goes for Candidate Flynn by Acclamation.

BRUCE DELEGATES WITHDRAWING FROM THE FIGHT.

Muldoon Was Then Allowed to Preside.

The ward two caucus was concluded last evening by the election of the Flynn delegates unanimously, the Bruce delegates withdrawing from the fight. There was an immense gathering present, all out for Flynn, and all were ready and willing to fight it out to a finish. Young Mr. Muldoon mounted a chair before the meeting opened and apologized for the proceedings of the evening before. He then stated that he would withdraw the names of the Bruce delegation and suggested that a motion be made instructing the secretary to cast one ballot for Mr. Flynn's delegates.

Mr. Muldoon also expressed the hope that no one would go way from the caucus with any ill-feeling and his remarks caused a smile in view of the fact that he was the only person perhaps, against whom any ill-feeling was manifested.

When the caucus was declared opened, Mr. Muldoon insisted that he was chairman and the caucus, interested only in Mr. Flynn's cause, allowed him all the glory of the position, and in 20 minutes all was over.

The following were declared elected as delegates to the congressional convention: James Kennedy, William Butler, Patrick Cashman, C. A. Daily, Timothy Regan, Matthew Coupe, Cornelius Sullivan and Michael Quinn.

A committee was then appointed to bring in sets of delegates to attend the other conventions and they submitted the following, which were adopted by two votes in the affirmative and none in the negative:

State—Patrick H. Lyons, Thomas H. Muldoon, William Hunt, Dr. A. J. Gagnon, Denis F. Pendergast, Owen Callahan and James Hearn.

County and Councillor—Patrick H. Barry, Thomas F. Garvey, John Riley, James Kennedy, Frank McMahon, J. J. Mullaney, Cornelius Crowley and James Sullivan.

Senatorial—Harry Doherty, Timothy Regan, Patrick A. Lyons, James F. McCarthy, Thomas H. Connors, William Hunt, James Hearn and Patrick Lynch.

Representative—Thomas H. Muldoon, Patrick A. Lyons, Timothy Regan, Thomas Butler, Michael Quinn, Harry Doherty, James F. McCarthy and James Hearn.

Ernest Sutherland has returned from a fishing trip in New Hampshire.

Putnam & Son

The Phenomenal Demand

For blue and black serge suits is met in every particular by our phenomenal stock.

We have thirty distinct lots of blue and black serges.

Men's blue and black serge suits, 34 to 50 breast.

Boys' blue and black serge suits, 14 to 19 years.

The goods are smooth faced wide wales or rough faced.

Single breasted sack suits.
Double breasted sack suits.
Silk faced double breasted sack suits.

All double breasted coats are cut very short and natty.

New high cut vests.
Single breasted without collar.
Single breasted with collar.
Double breasted.
Silk faced double breasted.

All of these blue and black serge suits were made to our own order or by Rogers, Peet & Co.

Prices are $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $17.00 up to $24.00 a suit.

FALL TOP COATS READY

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.

CUMMINGS IS DEAD

The Young Soldier Passed Away Today.

He Contracted the Fever While With Co. M. at Santiago.

Mayor Bennett received a telegram this afternoon stating that Chester Cummings of Co. M, Ninth regiment, died today at St. Francis' hospital, New York city where he had been confined for some time with malarial fever. Private Cummings was with the boys down in Santiago, and until seized with the disease of the island, he was one of the most cheerful soldiers at the station. In all his letters to his parents and his brothers and sisters in this city, he had never mentioned the fact of his being sick and the family in this city were prostrated on hearing the unexpected news of his death. The last letter written home was devoted entirely to the future prospects of the young soldiers, which only tends to make the death and circumstances more sorrowful.

Chester Cummings was one of the best known young men in the city and he enjoyed the esteem of all who were acquainted with him. He leaves a father, mother, sister and a brother.

BROCKTON STRIKE

The Movement May Extend to Other Cities.

MANUFACTURERS SAY "LET IT BE SO."

Lasters Make an Aggressive Move.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 27.—The lasters have made another aggressive move, announcing that unless the machine companies withdraw the men from affected shops by Wednesday at 9 a. m., the union will strike the whole of southeastern Massachusetts and probably beyond. The answer of the manufacturers today is "Let them strike."

The Rockland and Whitman unions have also made a demand for prices, which unless met favorably by the manufacturers, will induce a strike in factories in Rockland, North Abington, Abington and Weymouth.

Churchill & Allen today announced that they would run a free shop as a result of the rejection of the firm's proposition.

So far there have been no repetitions today of the riotous scenes of Monday.

MUSTER OUT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Montpelier, Vt., Sept. 27.—Col. O. D. Clark received notice this morning from Major Jocelyn, mustering officer, that the war department had commanded him to muster out the Vermont regiment. The ceremony and examinations will be performed at the company's armories, beginning next Wednesday. The furloughs of the men expire Friday.

FELL DEAD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pawtucket, R. I., Sept. 27.—Samuel Mason, 62 years old, once quite well known as a braid manufacturer, drank a glass of beer in William Neir's saloon on Harrison street, this city, at 11.20 o'clock today and was turning from the bar when he fell dead. Heart disease, of which he had before complained, was the cause of death.

CONTRACTOR DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New Bedford, Mass., Sept. 27.—Amos D. Mitchell, a Fair Haven contractor and builder, who is well known in this vicinity, dropped dead in the district court house this morning, while the regular session was in progress. He called to consult counsel who was present and was stricken with heart disease while inquiring in the corridor for the lawyer.

IMPERIAL EDICT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Pekin, Sept. 27.—An imperial edict issued today practically rescinds the recent reformatory edicts and orders that Chang Yen Hwan, the former member of the Chinese Foreign Office, and opponent of Li Hung Chang, be confined until further notice. The edict, however, absolves him from complicity in the alleged plot to assassinate the emperor.

MAJOR READE RETURNS.

Major Phil Reade returned to Camp Meade yesterday where he began duties as assistant inspector general of the second army corps.

Salt Rheum On the Hands

Lloyd B. Chase, a well known farmer living in Pottersville, Mass., was afflicted with salt rheum on his hands for several years. He tried many remedies but did not obtain relief. His hands would crack open and bleed, and he said the pain was terrible to bear. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla the flesh is healed and his hands are as smooth as he could wish. All who have any symptoms of this troublesome disease should give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial and they may depend upon receiving benefit. This medicine promptly cures all blood and skin diseases. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to buy, easy to operate. 25c.

THE REAL TERMS

Of the Settlement of the Avon Strike.

CHEAPER GRADE OF SHOES WILL BE MADE.

And Therefore a Smaller Price Paid.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Avon, Mass., Sept. 27.—It appeared from facts learned this forenoon that the statement in last night's despatches that L. G. Littlefield of this place had signed the new price list of the lasters was a mistake. The strike at this factory was settled on another basis and one which Mr. Littlefield designates as a "matter of mutual agreement with obligations for both parties."

The distinction was made necessary by the fact that while Mr. Littlefield was willing to pay the price, he was negotiating orders for a cheaper grade of shoes on which he said in justice to himself, he would be required to pay a less price for lasting.

In view of these conditions, Secretary Smith of the Lasters' union, who was in conference with Mr. Littlefield yesterday, suggested that if Mr. Littlefield would agree to the price list presented by the union, he would immediately draw up another that would provide that in the event of any other concession with any customer or manufacturer the price for work on the cheaper grade of shoes in question would be satisfactorily provided for.

This was done and it was also agreed that copies of both price lists should be posted side by side in the factory.

This is the ground on which the Avon trouble was settled.

SLOAN WINS AGAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 27.—The first day's racing of the first October meeting at New Market opened today. The Visitors' Plate was won by Lord Carnarvon's three-year-old chestnut filly, Buckbroad, ridden by Tod Sloan, the American jockey.

Tod Sloan also won the Granby Plate with the Lorillard-Beresford stable's two-year-old brown colt Dominie II.

FOWERS' THREAT

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Vienna, Sept. 27.—It is semi-officially announced that if the Turkish government replies unfavorably to the demands of the powers respecting the island of Crete, which must be complied with October 11, the powers will blockade certain places in Crete by land and sea.

MATRIMONIAL.

A very pretty wedding occurred at St. Patrick's parochial residence last Wednesday when Mr. John Flood, a popular watchman for the Appleton Mfg. company, was united in marriage with Miss Jennie A. Martin of Broadway. Rev. Fr. McHugh tied the nuptial knot. The bride looked charming in her gown of white organdie trimmed with lace and ribbon. The bridesmaid was Miss Della Waterson, cousin of the bride. The best man was Mr. James Farrel. After the ceremony a reception was held at their future home on Jackson street, where they were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Thomas Flood and Mrs. Matthew Doughy, sister of the bride. After the reception all made way to the spacious dining room where a bountiful spread was laid. Mr. and Mrs. Flood were the recipients of many valuable gifts. Among them were a dinner set, Miss B. Flood; barrel of flour, Mr. and Mrs. Flood; couch, Mr. and Mrs. Doughty; Morris chair, Mrs. Waterson and family; piano lamp, Mr. James Farrell; couch, Mr. and Mrs. Murphy; table linen, Mr. and Mrs. Turner; silver knives and forks, Miss B. McQuillen; parlor lamp Mr. Phil McManus; large picture, Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien; silverware, Miss Kate Keeley; picture of St. Cecelia, Miss Della and Katie Farley; silverware, Miss Nellie McQuillen; lemonade set, Miss Julia Kiernan; pair of blankets, Misses May Healey and May Kane; rugs, Mr. and Mrs. Smith; banquet lamp, Miss Maggie Rogers; picture, Mr. Thomas Tevlin; water set, Mrs. Williamson; hand painted placque, Miss Cunningham; bedspread, Miss May Nugent; parlor clock, the Hall family; fancy rocking chair, Mr. Owen Cassidy. Mr. and Mrs. Flood will be pleased to meet their friends at their home, 16 Jackson street.

Miss Alice Addison of Dexter, Me., is visiting her brother at his home in Fort Hill avenue.

NO STRIKES

Aguinaldo Does Not Want Them.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Hong Kong, Philippine Islands, Sept. 27.—All the British, French and German warships have left Manila.

The Spanish newspapers are violently attacking the British management of the railroads here, because the insurgents were permitted to use them during the recent suspension of traffic.

Several provinces have suffered immensely. Certain necessaries were unprocurable. Salt was five hundred per cent. dearer and large tracts were deprived of rice supplies. Therefore Aguinaldo discourages strikes on the railroads while he encourages demands for increased wages in other business.

COL BRYAN.

UNSELFISH DEVOTION TO INTERESTS OF MEN CAUSES ILLNESS.

Washington, Sept. 26.—Col. William Jennings Bryan has broken down at last. Tonight he is confined to his bed and under the orders of his physician, must remain here for several days.

His sickness is due entirely to his unselfish devotion to the interests of his men in the camp at Jacksonville. No one there worked harder than he, not only in the camp, but in the hospital among the sick, and since his arrival in Washington he has been feeling badly, but forced himself to remain on his feet until the business in his hands had been accomplished.

The physician thinks he is suffering from an attack of malarial fever.

BIG DEATH RATE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Port Townsend, Wash, Sept. 27.—All arrivals from Dawson during the past month have reported the health conditions in Dawson as something most deplorable and a death rate ranging from five to seventeen per day.

It is estimated that about 9,000 people joined in the rush to Stewart river. Nearly every foot of available ground was prospected, but no gold was found.

A SUICIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Henry H. Freeman, son of Prof. Henry B. Freeman of the State University and brother of Dwight Freeman of Chicago, has committed suicide. He was found dead in bed by his father. The young man the day before had bought a bottle of chloroform and had used it freely before life was extinct. He first tried a cloth saturated with the anesthetic but this method seems to have been too slow. Then he poured a quantity of the poison into a dish and inhaled it. Young Freeman was to have entered the university this week.

SAVAGE AND CARR

Members of Lawrence City Council on Trial.

CHARGED WITH SOLICITING MONEY FROM ARCHITECTS.

For a Vote in Favor of Their Plans.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 27.—Walter Savage and Frederick A. Carr were called before the court here today to plead. The charge against Mr. Savage was that of corruptly soliciting the gift of money from two architects to vote for a plan for the new High school building.

Mr. Carr was charged with conspiring with Savage to solicit a bribe for a similar purpose. Each defendant pleaded not guilty and gave bail for their trial later.

BUSINESS OPENED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Havana, Sept. 27.—The guns which were taken ashore from the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XII. during the blockade of this port by the American fleet and which were placed in the Reina battery, have been returned on board that vessel and remounted. An American company styled the Island of Cuba Real Estate company has opened business on Obispo street, Havana. It will deal in country lots.

It is the first opening of American business here under the new order of things.

BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Fairfax, Minn., Sept. 27.—John Liobie, a prominent farmer living three miles southeast of Fairfax, has had two small children burned to death, also a barn and granary, three horses and a large amount of grain. It is supposed that the children started the fire in the barn and were unable to escape.

POPULISTS WIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 27.—The Populist state authorities have decided that the state ticket recently nominated by the Socialists shall be given place on the official ballot.

The campaign managers of the democratic and Populist fusionists have opposed such action.

CRACKED THE BANK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 27.—Morgan, McAfee and Ryan, arrested Sunday night by the police, have been identified as the crackers of the Hastings, Ia., bank. Nine hundred dollars of the money was recovered.

DOMESTIC DEAD.

TURNED ON THE GAS GOING TO BED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 27—Annie Borden 19 years old, a domestic, believed to have come from Providence, R. I., was found dead in bed this morning in her room in a house in the Roxbury district where she had engaged herself as a domestic yesterday. The gas was escaping from a full vent and from the fact that the girl had stated that she was unacquainted with the use of gas, although her mistress had instructed her before retiring how to manipulate the shut-off. It is thought that in turning off the gas she accidentally turned it on again.

INSTANTLY KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 27.—William S. Duguay of Wakefield was instantly killed this morning at the Spruce street crossing of the Boston & Maine railroad. He was 23 years of age and unmarried.

DR. HARRIS HONORED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 27.—Dr. M. C. Harris, elder of the Methodist Episcopal Japanese mission of the Pacific conference, has been decorated by the Emperor of Japan with the Order of the Sacred Treasure. The honor was conferred in recognition of services rendered while laboring in the missionary field to subjects of the Japanese empire.

ANOTHER STORM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 27—The local weather bureau gives out the following from the chief signal office at Washington:

Northwest storm signals have been ordered to be displayed from Montauk Point to Eastport. Storm in Maine increasing in intensity and moving east. Will cause north to northwest gales on New England coast.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* *and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898.

Samuel Pitcher M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A BANK ROBBERY

Safe Was Blown Open by the Burglars

WHO GOT AWAY WITH $12,000 IN CASH.

They Also Shot Down the Cashier.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 27.—A special from Flora, Ind., says: Between 2 and 3 o'clock this morning the safe of the Farmers' bank was blown open by robbers who secured close to $12,000, and made good their escape. Cashier William Lennon, who was aroused by the noise of the explosion, appeared on the scene while the robbers were still at work, and was shot. It is believed he will die.

A posse of citizens followed the gang of robbers for some distance, but they got away on a hand car. Bloodhounds have been secured and are now on the trail.

There were two terrible explosions and the bank building is almost wrecked.

GREAT DAMAGE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 27.—It is believed that the damage by yesterday's cyclone in Tonawanda and vicinity will exceed $100,000. Many people are homeless and several are now under the care of physicians as a result of injuries sustained during the brief visit of the wind. So far as known, no person was killed. John Monette, an old man, had an arm and leg broken and is in a critical condition. A baby named Post was also seriously injured. Mrs. Augusta Herrmann was hurt internally and is very low.

THE WINTER STOCK

The great masses of the people know how well we have fulfilled every promise made in our advertisements about the disposition of the stock of O'Hearn & Dowd at the old post office.

We begin today with the stock of winter goods. Everything warm for cold weather wear and the people reap all the benefits of this forced selling. Prices on

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, ETC.,

represent the merest fraction of the real value. No more fear of delay in being waited on. 65 competent salesmen will be in the store for this week's great rush. Be on hand early.

ENRIGHT & SAYWARD, Assignees

OF O'HEARN & DOWD, 31 TO 39 MERRIMACK STREET.

Sketches Made on the River Bed above Hunt's Falls, showing the Workmen Clearing the Bottom.

BOTH BRANCHES

Of the City Council Met Last Evening.

RECEPTION TO ALL THE RETURNING SOLDIERS.

Arrangements for Funeral of Dead Soldiers.

The board of aldermen disposed of a lot of routine business at the meeting held last night.

Several petitions for sidewalks were read and referred, as were petitions for a fire alarm box at Middlesex mills; for relocation of electric light poles in Beacon street and for electric lights.

Several swill licenses were granted, and numerous petitions for sidewalks were ordered to lay seven days in the city clerk's office.

A joint order for the appointment of a joint special committee to arrange for a reception to the Lowell soldiers of the Spanish war, was adopted in concurrence and Aldermen Pierce and Tuttle were appointed on the part of the board of aldermen.

The joint order authorizing the superintendent of lands and buildings to purchase two lots of land now within the limits of the rifle range at a price not to exceed $100, was passed in concurrence.

Alderman Dimon arose to a matter of personal privilege and explained why it was at the previous meeting that he had opposed the passage of the joint order calling for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the sewer committee.

He said it was because it denied the mayor, chairman of the board of aldermen, and president of the common council the appointing of any member of the sewer or finance committees.

The new resolution, he said, was devoid of the objectionable features and he favored it.

The new resolution was then adopted and Aldermen Rivet and Cosgrove were appointed as members of the committee on the part of the board of aldermen.

The ordinance calling for the appointment of a superintendent and assistant superintendent of state aid was passed, and H. M. Potter and M. C. Brennan were confirmed for the respective positions.

Caesar Gelineau, A. B. Merrill and John King were appointed as weighers of coal.

The report of the special committee appointed to confer with the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company, in the matter of the paving of Gorham street between the company's rails was read, the question for its reconsideration being before the board for action.

Alderman Libby contended that the notice made at the last meeting to reconsider should prevail, but the board voted it down, thus leaving the committee's report refused of adoption.

A joint order was adopted in concurrence authorizing the mayor to take such action for the city government as he may deem proper regarding attendance upon funerals of deceased soldiers in Lowell.

The common council held a special meeting last night, and a joint order in non-concurrence, for welcoming the soldiers, was adopted.

A resolution to appoint a joint special committee to investigate the sewer department, was adopted in non-concurrence, and Councilmen Libby, Mc Mahon and Dann were appointed as a committee on the part of the common council.

MILLINERY OPENING.

The Temple of Design will have their opening of fall and winter millinery Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. The public are cordially invited.

Pease piano capture all buyers by beautiful tone and attractive cases. Steinert's, 130 Merrimack street.

COMPANY C.

WILL TAKE POSSESSION OF LARES.

A despatch from Porto Rico says: Headed by the Sixth regiment band, Captain Greig's Company C of Lowell, marched out of town this morning on their way to Lares, garrisoned by Spanish troops. They will raise the American flag and take possession by occupation.

Sergeant-Major Pearson is the first Sixth regiment man to get through to San Juan. He went last week via Arecibo and found the Spanish in force in both places. None of the Spanish have yet left the island, and probably will not for some time yet.

It was thought that the report of yellow fever at Ponce would delay the movement of the Sixth across the island. The 300 has dwindled down to one suspect and the quarantine placed on the Nineteenth regiment has been removed.

A special badge is being made by Colonel Rice for the Sixth Massachusetts to represent service in Porto Rico. It will consist of a Spanish rosette with a Spanish button centre. The front brim of the campaign hat will be turned back and held in place by the rosette.

This will be worn in place of the corp badge.

YOUNG PEOPLE

ENTERTAINED BY MR. AND MRS. W. F. HILLS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hills entertained the Young People's society of the Branch street church and the members of Mr. Hill's Sunday school class at their home in Chelmsford last evening. Nearly one hundred young people met at the church at 7 o'clock and went out in barges. Arrived at Mr. Hills' house they were received by Mr. and Mrs. Hills and Rev. Asa Reed Dilt of Northampton. The ushers were Samuel G. Stevens, Walter E. Lewis, Herbert L. Royer and Wm. Henry Beals.

A good musical and literary entertainment was given by the following talent from this city: Miss Annie L. Gilley, reader; Mr. Ed. E. Adams, tenor; Mr. Lavern H. Harrington, violinist; Mrs. Helen C. Hamilton-Taylor, pianist.

The D. L. Page company served a dainty repast and Mrs. Frank E. Kimball and Mrs. Nellie P. Parker poured.

MATRIMONIAL.

CHASE—BLOOD.

Walter A. Chase and Miss Florence R. Blood, daughter of police officer Josiah Blood, were united in matrimony last evening, at the home of the bride's father, 184 A street.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Hibbert Lockhart in the presence of but a few immediate relatives and intimate friends. The bridal party marched to the strains of the bridal chorus from Lohengrin, discovered by Miss Louise Coburn. Miss Clara Blood, sister of the bride, and Master Chester Chase, brother of the groom, led the procession, and were followed by Miss Marion White of Somerville, who was bridesmaid, the best man, Miss Anna Chase, sister of the groom, who was maid of honor, and the contracting parties.

The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of white organdie over white, with lace trimmings, and carried bride's roses. Miss White wore figured organdie over pink, and Miss Chase white organdie over white.

Following the ceremony a reception was held, after which a wedding supper was served.

After receiving the congratulations and good wishes of all present, Mr. and Mrs. Chase left at 8.30 o'clock on a brief honeymoon. On their return they will reside at 34 Crescent street.

The young couple were made the recipients of many handsome presents among which were a vase from the Junior Y.P.S.C.E. of the Chelmsford Street Free Baptist church, of which the bride has charge, and an oak dining set from the employes of the Lowell Wall Paper company.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Mrs. Andrews of New Haven, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Hastey of Lawrence, Misses Marion, Mabel and Florence White of Somerville.

HATCH—DICKEY.

At the home of the bride's parents in Tyngsboro, Mr. Edward Hatch was joined in marriage to Miss Sarah Dickey yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Sarah Dixon. The residence was handsomely decorated. A large number of relatives and friends were received. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch left during the evening on a wedding tour.

THE FIRE SIGNAL.

The mayor and the board of health had a discussion yesterday on the subject of children escaping from the public schools in case of a fire. To test the matter, they went across the street to the Green school where there are 460 pupils and asked that the fire signal be sounded. When they returned the mayor said:

"It took six minutes for the children to get out of the building by their one exit. Some of the teachers even didn't know what the signal meant. In the case of a fire in the basement the children might have been suffocated by the smoke. I wonder whether the teachers and pupils of the other schools know the fire signal? I think that the parents would feel safer if they did."

Relative to the Green school, an explanation is in order. A new set of bells was put in during vacation and they have caused much confusion during school hours by ringing when no one ordered a signal. When the fire signal was sounded yesterday, the teachers were in doubt whether or not it was a genuine alarm, and sent down to find out if it was. Of course this wasted a little time.

Now the best proof of the fact that the pupils of our schools are well trained in the method of leaving the building in case of fire was presented by the Green school pupils last year. A fire alarm was sounded and the apparatus responded. It was thought that there was a fire in the building and in less than 3 minutes the children filed out in order.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Many petty debtors who are ignorant of the passage of the Dubuque law, are being surprised these days with lengthy legal documents, which, in effect, mean that they are obliged to pay their creditors under the existing law.

NASHUA GROCERS' PICNIC.

The Nashua grocers held their outing at Mountain Rock yesterday. An elaborate sporting program was carried out while the old fashioned bean supper was "carried in" joyfully by the dispensers of the article. A large delegation of Lowellites attended as invited guests.

TO SKEPTICAL ASTHMATICS

The truly marvellous cures of Asthma which have already been effected by Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, certainly call for notice. His preparation (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), not only gives instant relief in the most stubborn and obstinate cases, but positively cures, in proof of which hear what the Town Clerk at Cavalier, N. D., Mr. W. Sererus, says: "I was troubled with asthma for 20 years; about 8 years ago I started to use your Asthma Cure and I have not had an attack for six years."

Packages of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure may be obtained of all druggists for 50c. and $1.00 per package, or by writing direct to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 804, St. Paul, Minn.

THE MATHEWS

HELD AN ENJOYABLE SMOKE TALK.

The members of the Mathews enjoyed themselves at a smoke talk last night. President Thornton was chairman of the evening and a fine literary program was presented. Wm. McAloon played several piano solos. There were solos by John J. Murray, Michael Gorman, Peter F. Clune, Walter H. Hickey, William Toomey, James E. Gorman and William F. Thornton. The readings were by E. F. Slattery, George F. O'Dwyer, and John A. McKenna. President William F. Thornton made an address during the program in regard to the coming harvest fete which was attentively listened to. Edward F. Slattery made a stirring address at the close of the program, exhorting the members to renew their efforts in the cause of total abstinence.

WESTFORD.

At the democratic caucus in Westford Monday evening the following delegates were chosen to the several conventions: State, John M. [illegible]; congressional, George W. Heywood; county and councillor, Albert P. Richardson; senatorial, Alvan Fisher; John M. Fletcher.

INSPECTED SCHOOLS.

Dr. Johnson at the request of the board of health, inspected the Highland, Plain, Dover and Powell street schools yesterday to see whether there were any pupils in attendance from homes where there is scarlet fever. There are a number of children out sick at present.

E. H. Johnson and wife are registered at the Essex House, Salem.

Mrs. C. E. Austin is the guest of the Secombe family in Amherst.

THE GLAD HAND

As Annually Extended Little Canada's Voters

BY THE STOCK FLAG RAISERS' AND OTHERS.

Everybody Patted Everybody's Else Back.

The French-Republicans of Little Canada received the annual glad hand from the moguls of the party in an open air assembly on Aiken street last evening at which red fire, eloquence and refreshments were served. The rally was ostensibly in the interest of Mr. Knox, but the professional flag raisers Bennett, Putnam and Hayes rang in, while John C. Wilson worried the Bennett faction somewhat.

Cyrille Constantineau, he of all parties, ran the affair and acted as chairman.

The first speaker was Col. A. M. Chadwick one of those who was to have beens who for various reasons boomed Knox. For several reasons he didn't boom Bennett.

L. P. Turcott spoke in French.

Senator Putnam boomed his own cause and also asked for a good vote for Knox.

A. G. Swapp with his own little graft, in mind, said a good word for Hayes.

John C. Wilson spoke a word for Knox and for Knox only.

Bill Hayes gave them the old "con" on the war and showed the absolute necessity of having only master minds like Knox to shape the new policy for the country. He then proposed three cheers for Congressman Knox.

Mr. Knox painted beautiful mind pictures of the prosperity in which the entire country is basking and promised with the extension of territory a prosperity such as the world has never seen.

Mayor Bennett told the voters that the republican administration had given them smooth paving on Aiken street and a new bridge, making one of "those" speeches.

George W. Poore and Councilman Libby talked Knox, and for councillor Mr. Howe of Marlboro, and the meeting closed with refreshments.

SPRINTERS MATCHED.

Another race has been arranged between Fred L. Miller of Massachusetts and Patrick Igo of Manchester, N. H., to take place Friday, October 14th. In all probability the match will be run off in Manchester, although the articles of agreement say either in Lowell or Manchester. These two sprinters are both well known in this city.

The articles of agreement, which have been drawn up and signed by both parties, provide that the distance of the race shall be 600 yards, Miller allowing Igo a 20-yards' handicap in the aforesaid 600. The start will be made by pistol firing after the men are set. The stakes will be for $200 a side, and will be held by Frank W. Frisselle of the Manchester Union, who will also act as referee of the race.

Sheffield rules will govern the race.

A Beautiful Exhibit.

Our great display of New Neckwear has not a superior in style, variety and reasonableness in all the state. There is nothing of merit, in the way of new shapes, colorings and patterns, which we cannot furnish you. Our showing is conceded by all unbiased good dressers who have visited our store this week, to be the finest ever made in Lowell. The highest compliment that could be paid to the genius of our Great Furnishing Department was the enthusiastic throngs that crowded about our large show window since the goods have been exhibited. The price we have marked on them—which is about half their real value—ought to result in almost the sale of the entire stock in a few days.

50c.

When you are passing by just drop in and take a look at them.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

LUMBER BURNED

A. L. Brooks & Co.'s Saw-Mill Destroyed.

CAUSE OF THE FIRE IS UNKNOWN.

The Loss Will Reach About $15,000.

The saw mill of A. L. Brooks & Co., now occupied by A. B. Woodworth, and located on the Merrimack river above North Chelmsford, was destroyed by fire last night.

The fire started about 6.30 o'clock in the saw mill, half an hour after the few men now at work had gone home. It spread quickly to the engine house and the sparks were carried over to the planing mill, setting that afire so that before anything could be done, the whole property was a mass of flames and then it was too late to save anything. Word was sent to Lowell and one of the steamers went out but the long journey was to no purpose as nothing could be done.

The plant consisted of a main saw mill building 45x80, which contained a band mill, rotary saw, edging machine and slab saws; the engine house with a 150 horse power engine and two boilers; and the planing mill, 50x60 feet, with planing and matching machinery and re-sawing and slipping machines. Besides the buildings 25,000 feet of stacked lumber was destroyed. It was piled closely so that the air could not give a draft to the flames and an hour after the buildings were levelled with the ground, the solid piles of boards were masses of fire that raged with the intensity of a furnace. Around the lumber yard a million to a million and a half feet of lumber was piled but it was far enough away from the fire to ensure its safety. Several small buildings used for storage houses also escaped.

The entire lumber plant was destroyed. The cause of the fire is not known.

BOXING GOSSIP.

George Lavigne and Frank Erne are both in excellent shape for their lightweight championship contest Wednesday night at the Greater New York A. C. The surprising thing about the affair is the number of admirers Erne has. There is a money following behind the Buffalonian that is ready to plank down solid bets every time a Lavigne admirer expresses the opinion that the Saginaw Kid will whip the Swiss fighter.

On form there is really no comparison between the two men. One has proven himself a champion in all that the term implies: the other has been successful in his class in a way, but is not invincible as Lavigne has been and is. Erne was beaten by Martin Flaherty with comparative ease in twenty rounds and this fact alone is enough to make Lavigne an overwhelming favorite in the betting.

Erne is clever on his feet, speedy with his hand, but is inclined to get bull-headed on occasions. He is not a careful man in the ring, and it is these ebullitions of temper that leave him so open to attack and a consequent whipping if his opponent is his equal in strength and skill.

Jim Kennedy, who manages Erne, has picked up a number of bets at even money that Erne will not last ten rounds while there is any amount of money here that Erne will not go fifteen.

It was reported yesterday morning that Corbett would second Lavigne, and the Californian's reputation as a Jonah is so strong that many people will take the Erne end if Jim is behind the Kid.

Taking everything into consideration I am convinced that Erne is not the man to take Lavigne's measure.

The New York sporting people are glad in a certain sense that the McCoy-Corbett contest is off for the reason that any attempt to hold it here would result in an interclub fight that must eventually become so bitter as to endanger the standard of the sport and probably result in the repeal of the Horton law.

The supporters of boxing realize this and were fearful lest an attempt would be made to have the fight decided in or near New York. If the Lenox people had secured the fight, the Coney Island club would have started a war and the same applies to the Greater New York A. C., had the Lenox club been the one to secure the contest.

All in all, it is probably for the best that the match has been declared off, so far as New York is concerned.

Billy Smith will meet "Cyclone" Kelly in Detroit on October 10, and will box Charley Johnson at Pittsburg the 19th.

Frank Childs defeated Henry Baker in three rounds at Chicago Saturday night and in the preliminary bout Frank Bartley beat Tom Moriarty.

Miss M. E. Fitzpatrick, daughter of James H. Fitzpatrick, a leading Salem citizen, has entered the Notre Dame academy in this city on a three years' course of study.

THE SEVERE NORTHERN WINTERS

Experienced for the past few years, and with such a changeable climate, have at endency to raise havoc with the Throat and Lungs, subjecting people to attacks of Asthma, Bronchitis and acute and chronic Coughs, at first a harmless cold or cough, which was allowed to take its course. Always keep Cleveland's Lung Healer on hand. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 255 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

MAKE IT PUBLIC.

Publicity Counts. That's What The People Want—Lowell Expression On the Subject.

Make it public.
Tell the people about it.
Gratitude promotes publicity.
Grateful citizens talk.
They tell their neighbors—tell their friends.
The news is too good to keep.
Everybody should know about the Little Conqueror.
"Bad backs" are numerous.
So few understand the case.
Many Lowell people are learning.
And better still, they're being cured.
Lame backs are lame no more.
Weak ones regain their strength.
This is the every day labor in Lowell.
Of Doan's Kidney Pills.
Ours citizens are making it public.
Read this case:

Mr. H. E. Richardson, an employe of Dexter's wholesale grocery, says: "For two years I suffered at intervals with a gnawing pain in my back. If sitting and I went to rise, stitches caught me, and if I over-exerted myself a dull aching pain was sure to follow.

"I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and as soon as I began taking them, I found the pains give way. I was soon all right. I shall recommend them as strongly as possible and will be glad to do it."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all Foster-MilburnCo., Buffalo, N. Y., dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Our Store is Open Every Day Except Sundays and Certain Holidays for the Display and Sale of

MERCHANDISE

But Thursday, Friday and Saturday of This Week at

Special Display and Sale Days

Upon which occasion we will show everything that is new and up to date in

Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Cloaks, Furs, Suits, Infants' Wear, Cotton Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Men's Furnishings, Carpets, Furniture and Crockery.

Many EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES will be shown for the first time at retail, and when we say exclusive we will guarantee the article will not be duplicated by our competitors. There will be no music or souvenirs, but genuine bargains will be offered in every department to induce purchasing, as your money is what we are after and to secure it

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will give an extraordinary equivalent. Come and see us whether or not you are ready to buy, we will be pleased to show the new goods.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

Millinery Opening

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1st.

Head & Shaw
THE MILLINERS,
169 MERR'K ST.

You'll catch a glimpse of the new Fall Beauties here. The styles are far handsomer than ever. More captivating! More winsome! With just that little touch of coquetry about them that adds so much to their prettiness. Marvelous creations from the designs of two continents. But wait till you see them. They must be seen to be appreciated. Your inspection is cordially invited. Ask for our booklet, "Miniatures from Paris."

MISS HARD'S

Shorthand School

Eleventh year opens September. Oldest and best known school of its kind in Lowell. Thorough preparation for amanuensis work. Special advantages in type-writing. For Catalogue address Miss Hard, Hildreth building.

YOU MAY BE

In need of a Fancy Rocker, Odd Chair, or a Morris Chair. In such a case we count on inspection of our goods.

OIL STOVES

Are needed now before you start the furnace. They will save you money and add comfort to your home these cool mornings and evenings.

A trial will convince you that it's just what you need. We are pleased to show our goods.

GAYNOR & CO.
35 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$2.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

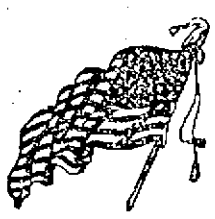
A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.



THE DREYFUS CASE TO BE REOPENED.

Despite the threats of the French army and of the officers who are probably guilty of securing the conviction of Dreyfus for treason, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case with the result that the prisoner after serving four years of a life sentence will undoubtedly be set free.

His case has become of such importance in France that it has brought the country to the verge of revolution and is now approaching its most important stage. After the senseless fury of the mob has been spent, after justice has been outraged by the bending of the courts to popular appeals, there is now a probability that Dreyfus will be vindicated and the conspirators who secured his conviction punished for their perfidious treachery towards a fellow officer because of his Jewish extraction.

As this case is now more than ever a subject of discussion, a review of its leading features will be of interest to all. The history of the case as briefly stated by a contemporary is as follows:

"In the autumn of 1894 there was picked up in the German embassy at Paris, by an underling, a messenger from the French ministry of war, a memorandum adressed to the German military attache in which reference was made to some copies of the French military plans to be followed in the event of war with Germany and which were presumably sent to the German embassy with the memorandum and in which the offer was made to forward the detailed plans of some French fortresses in the line of German defence if desired. This memorandum was duly handed in to the French ministry of war and an investigation immediately undertaken. Referring to fortresses it was assumed that the memorandum must have been written by an artillery officer. Looking over the list of artillery officers who would be in the possession of such information the glance of the investigators fell upon the name of Captain Dreyfus, a Jew, and who more likely than a Jew to betray France for gold? So comparison was made between the writing upon the memorandum, the now famous "bordereau," and samples of Captain Dreyfus's writings. The writings were then submitted to experts and some declared the writing on the bordereau to be that of Dreyfus, others to be a clumsy forgery of his writing.

"Thereupon Dreyfus was arrested. For a long time he was kept in utter ignorance of the evidence held against him. Along in December, 1894, he was put on trial. The authorship of the bordereau he firmly denied; the German military attache denied ever having seen such bordereau, and such denial he has since reiterated, which leaves us in doubt as to whether the famous bordereau ever really saw the inside of the German legation, and, if we believe the German military attache, we are driven to the conclusion that the story of the finding of the bordereau in the German legation was a mere fabrication, a part of the conspiracy gotten up to convict an innocent man of treason.

"But the judges of Dreyfus seemed bent on convicting him of treason, and convict him they did, condemning him to imprisonment for life. So Dreyfus was duly stripped of his military insignia; his sword was broken and the buttons of his military cloak torn off before the garrison of Paris, drawn up to be witness of his humiliation and disgrace, and a great multitude of the Parisian populace and he himself was finally sent off to be imprisoned on Devil's Island, off the coast of French Guiana, where it was believed he would soon succumb to tropical fevers. But Dreyfus has refused to die as he refused to commit suicide when offered every opportunity to do so by the authorities of his Parisian prison.

Three years passed and the case was nearly forgotten, but Dreyfus' wife convinced the president of the senate and Emile Zola that her husband was the victim of a vile conspiracy. Then his accusers tried to produce confirmatory evidence and Colonel Henry produced a letter purporting to have been written late in 1890 by the German military attache in Paris to the Italian military attache, suggesting that both should keep the transaction with Dreyfus a strict secret."

Zola was tried and convicted in a manner fully as farcical as that in which Dreyfus was sent to a penal colony.

Such was the documentary proof which M. Cavaignac, the then minister of war, brought forward to confirm the alleged guilt of Dreyfus. He accepted the document presented by Colonel Henry as genuine without any inquiry as to how it was secured, which is but another proof of the outrage upon justice involved in the whole affair.

But the Brisson cabinet a little later thought it might be well to find from Colonel Henry how this document came into his possession. He was called before the cabinet and questioned but could give no intelligible account of how he secured the document, offering as an explanation of his inability to do so, that he had a poor memory for names and that he had absolutely forgotten from whom he got the document. Further pressed he admitted that he had forged the document to serve his superior officers and to further their purposes. Thereupon Colonel Henry was arrested and on the first opportunity he committed suicide.

M. Cavaignac promptly resigned as a result of this turn in the case and a reaction swept over the nation. From the shouts for Dreyfus' life, the people demand a reopening of the trial so that the prisoners' innocence might be proven and the conspirators brought to justice.

It was argued by the opponents of revision that Colonel Henry's suicide did not prove his guilt or the innocence of Dreyfus, as the prisoner was convicted before the forgery of Colonel Henry took place, but this tragic episode served to cast suspicion upon the documentary evidence upon which Dreyfus was convicted for it was in no sense more reliable or genuine than the forgery of Colonel Henry. Thus the higher army officers were brought under suspicion, more especially Major Esterhazy, who played a very important part in the conviction of Dreyfus, and who is accused of being the forger of the bordereau or note on which Dreyfus was convicted, and who now turns up in London as a fugitive, declaring that a soldier should place his conscience as well as his sword at the disposal of his superior officers to advance their purposes. With such evidence staring the French cabinet and people in the face, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case and unless the threats of the army stifles justice, Dreyfus will be set free, and his accusers convicted of the foulest conspiracy. This may placate the masses for a time but they will afterwards clamor for the punishment of the officers who testified against Dreyfus and when these are convicted and thrown into prison, the end of the Dreyfus case may be in sight.

THE SUN'S POLICY TOWARDS DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

When two or more democrats enter a contest for an office or a nomination therefor, it has been the invariable policy of The Sun to refrain from interference unless the interests of the democratic party or the exigencies of the case called for interference. If the candidates were equally capable, equally loyal to the party, and equally deserving, no democratic paper has any right to interfere between them, unless it is evident that a worthy candidate is being covertly used as the tool of designing renegades to bring about party dissension or party defeat. When one of the candidates is manifestly unfit for the office sought, or when he adopts questionable methods to secure an advantage over another candidate, thus jeopardizing the chances of party success and thwarting the manifest will of the majority, then it is not only the province but the duty of a democratic paper to interfere and to point out to the voters where their true interests lie and how the danger may be averted.

This is what The Sun has done in the congressional contest and the result of the canvass throughout the district shows that The Sun's views on the matter were very generally held or endorsed by the loyal democrats in every town and city of the district.

If after expressing thus fully and freely our opinion of both candidates, our advice had been ignored and repudiated by the nomination of the man whom we opposed, then we should have promptly bowed to the will of the democracy, accepted the judgment of the majority and come out in support of the nominee.

The candidate of the democracy is The Sun's candidate every time and it is gratifying to The Sun to note that it has never been at variance with the loyal democracy of Lowell as to the best candidate to nominate in any case in which we considered it a duty to express a preference.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
DR. WILLIAMS' MFG. CO., Schenectady, N. Y.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

A PARABLE.

It Shows That It Is a Good Plan to Control Your Own Affairs.

A certain very rich man said unto himself, "I have many interests, and I will turn over the most important of them to a body of men whom I'll choose for a year or two years, and I'll call them a legislature." And he did it and went on his way. And the body of men met and they made money with the rich man's goods and sold some and mortgaged others and despoiled others. And the sutlers and lobbyists flocked around as vultures around a carrion, and the rich man remonstrated and held mass meetings and screamed himself hoarse. And the body of men looked at him derisively and said to itself, "Surely we have worked for these offices and they are ours, and you can't put us out nor reverse our acts, but are bound by them." And they laughed in their sleeves at the rich man.

Again, an election came around, and the rich man chose another set of men of the same sort, and, having untrammeled power, they did likewise. And many moons waxed and waned and the rich man did not seem to learn by experience, but really he was growing very mad, and at last he rose up and said, "I will choose ye as councilors, but ye shall do naught that I do not wish, and ye shall do the things I wish, and I'll veto any acts of yours that I do not like by the referendum, and if ye will not pass the laws I wish I myself will start them by the initiative." And the latter end of that man was better than the former.—Elitweed Pomeroy.

They Are Traitors.

Hot winds and drouth may effect the corn crop, but they can injure it now only to a limited extent. Nebraska's crop of 1898 is sure in the aggregate to yield one of its far famed banner harvests.—Omaha Bee.

The above is not true, and The Bee knows it. There will not be a half crop of corn in Nebraska, and The Bee knows that also. Such articles help the speculators and injure every farmer in the state. Such statements are gleaned from the plutocratic press by the board of trade men and used to bear the markets. The consequence is that our crops are sold at miserably low prices in the fall and winter, and next spring these same papers will come out and say the crop was small, the surplus is exhausted and the prices will be skyward when the farmers have nothing to sell. If the producing classes will refuse to believe any statement in a goldbug paper and will hold on to their grain as they cling to their hope of heaven, they will get a fair price for it after awhile. It is passing strange that in an agricultural state like Nebraska the plutocratic press always favor the men who buy instead of the men who sell; always favor the railroads instead of the people, the speculator instead of the farmer, the creditor instead of the debtor, the rich instead of the poor. They are our enemies instead of our friends. They are traitors to every interest of the commonwealth and ought to be held as public enemies.—Nonconformist.

Colonial Money.

Peter Cooper, discussing colonial paper money, said:

These colonial notes, being adopted by all the colonies, led to an unexpected degree of prosperity, so great that when Franklin was brought before the parliament of Great Britain and questioned as to the cause of the wonderful prosperity growing up in the colonies, he plainly stated that the cause was the convenience they found in exchanging their various forms of labor one with another by the paper money which had been adopted; that this paper money was not only used in the payment of taxes, but in addition it had been declared legal tender. It rose 2 and 3 per cent above the par of gold and silver, as everybody preferred its use. One of its advantages was its security against theft, as it could be easily carried and hidden, on account of its having no bulk, as all kinds of specie must necessarily have. After Franklin explained this to the British government as the real cause of prosperity, they immediately passed laws forbidding the payment of taxes in that money. This produced such great inconvenience and misery to the people that it was the principal cause of the Revolution. A far greater reason for a general uprising than the tea and stamp act was the taking away of the paper money.

Will Pay Twice.

How glad and willing the people would have been to have let Uncle Sam have everything he wanted to carry on the war, from a pair of shoes to a battleship, taking therefor nominal interest bearing greenbacks and carrying them till the goverment was ready to redeem them by receiving them for taxes. The people would have taken $300,000,000 of greenbacks and carried them for 20 years, thus saving $120,000,000 of interest money.

As it is the war expenses must be paid twice, once for supplies and once to old Shylock.—Norton's Monthly.

Not For the Farmer.

The "dollar wheat" boasted of by the Republican press leaders is not for the farmers. Last year nine-tenths of the farmers sold their wheat from 60 to 65 cents. In the hands of speculators the same wheat reached $1.85 on the Chicago board. Now, when a new crop is in the hands of the farmers, wheat has dropped to 70 cents. Dollar wheat is not for the farmers.—Vincennes (Ind.) Sun.

Railway Changes.

The McKinley press bureau gives out statistics of the number of railroads which have passed out of the hands of receivers this year. It does not explain that they were bankrupted as a result of plutocratic policies, and that now they are reorganized, with London owners, to whom our western and southern shippers must pay tribute in gold.—Journal of Agriculture.

MANUFACTURERS' PARTY.

The regular 9.30 train out of Boston yesterday reached Lowell promptly on time at 10.09, carrying the excursionists of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, on their trip to the White Mountains. The regular train comprised two parlor cars and four coaches and there were four extra Pullman parlor cars besides. Nearly all the Lowell delegation boarded the train at the northern station. A little hitch in the coupling of the rear cars caused some delay and it was 10.40 when the long train pulled out of the station, bearing a crowd of comfortable and happy looking pleasure-seekers.

DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended for a medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice almost daily and one which is fraught with danger; moreover, the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it accumulated in the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 800-grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones, and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangement and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food, they create a healthy appetite, increase flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in any stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50c. per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the Stuart Co., of Marshall, Mich.

MISSES'
SPRING HEEL SHOES
Made from White Bros. Box Calf, in Lace and Button, bottomed with heavy union soles, leather tips and back stays UNMATCHABLE for Comfort and Wear, at the low price of
$1.25 a Pair.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 26, 27, 28. Wednesday Matinee.
The Laughing Sensation,
Johnnie-THE RAYS-Emma
In their Furiously Funny Comedy,
"A Hot Old Time"
By George M. Cohen. Excellent Specialties, Latest Songs, Magnificent Costumes. "The Show that made the universe laugh."
Three Nights, and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, Sept. 29,
THE MIDNIGHT ALARM.
Great Cast, Great Scenery, Great Effects. Seats on sale at Box Office.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th.
Davis & Keogh's
Latest, Largest Play Production
On Land and Sea
A Dramatic Romance of THE DEEP AND DIXIE.
Scenes Surpassing Yet Rational and Stupendous.
THE WRECK of the Clipper Ship "Columbia."
A Steam Threshing Machine Introduced in Actual Operation.
REGULAR PRICES.
A THEATRICAL TIDAL WAVE

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 Central street, Lowell.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours: 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30 and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

DON'T YOU WITCH
you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 359 Central St.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER
Is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY OPENING
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
September 29th, 30th and October 1st.

The following array of talent will interest the ladies during our opening display:
Miss Kit McCarthy, Miss D. O'Brien, Miss Emma Abbott, Miss Margaret Harrington, Miss Katie Orser, Miss Katie Gilroy, Miss Elizabeth Holt, Miss Leon B. Ransom, Miss Rose Gosselin, Miss Sallie Fkzpatrick, Miss Genevieve Rourke, Miss Fannie Gosselin, Miss Nellie Comerford, Miss Nellie Tully, Miss Alice Nelson, Miss Severine Leclair, Miss Eva Leclair, Miss Lillian Jaeger, Miss Margaret Maguire, Mrs. Edwin Shattuck, Miss Winnie King and Miss Marie Gilroy.

ROSE JORDAN HARTFORD
JOHN ST., NEAR MERRIMACK.

We Have the Best Line of
Sewing Machines
In New England. 100 on our floor to select from. Prices $16.50 up.
Ring's Big Store
221-223 DUTTON ST.

REMOVAL.
MARK M. PEASE, teacher of Violin, also leader of Pease's Orchestra, formerly at 201 Middlesex street, has removed to No.
90 Appleton St.,
Where he will receive pupils.

FALL OPENING!
Imported AND Domestic Millinery
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1.
MME MAXIME LEPINE
337 MOODY COR. RACE STS.
Ladies are all invited.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE
F. E. Labarge wishes to inform the public that he has opened a store at 199 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall with a
FINE LINE OF FOOTWEAR
For Men, Women and Children,
all styles, at the lowest prices. Be sure and give this shoe store a visit before purchasing elsewhere if you desire to save money. Remember the place, 199 Merrimack street. This is Lowell's great bargain store.
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.

THE BEST TEST
of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the pesky things every time. 359 Central Street.

$35 Discount
On One Year Scholarships
To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Runels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
The N. E. B. U. is the ONLY first-class Business and Shorthand Training School, nearer than Boston in this part of New England, and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Wilkinson, Mgr.

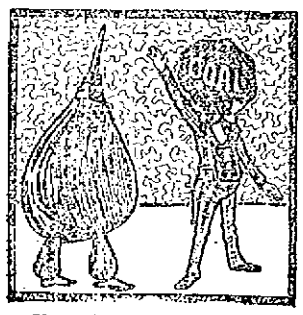
SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
315 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask druggist for Chi-ches-ter English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.
Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Day Classes Commence Oct. 3.
Evening " " " 17.
New machinery. Catalogue free. Apply early, especially for Art Classes.
WILLIAM W. CROSBY, Prin.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.
The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the
TAX LIST FOR 1898,
With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.
When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.
WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.
SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.
INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes.
Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.
The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.
THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.
Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.
CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.



You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
JNO. H. BURKE.
JCS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $16; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $1 upward. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 164 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewell G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tuck, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, 1[illegible]
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stores set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6,625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 800 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans and Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Byne, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
127 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayon, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 573 Bridge Street,
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 1st, at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing Cast and Model, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

TERMS OF PEACE

One of Them Considered a Continental Power.

Dickering Not to be Tolerated—Guarantees for Proper Treatment of the Filipinos—Contest of the Cuban Debt.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The freedom with which the Spanish minister for foreign affairs has given publicity to the instructions to the Spanish peace commissioners as to the disposition of the Philippines has given rise to the suspicion that there is behind it a deliberate purpose to draw out in advance the position of the American commissioners on this point.

There is beside this apparent purpose, a veiled threat in the last instructions, not under any circumstances to allow the United States to interfere with any disposition of the islands outside of those retained by the United States, such as Luzon, that Spain may see fit to make. This is believed to be an invitation to some continental power to step forward in support of Spain in this extremity in the hope of receiving as a quid pro quo one of the Philippines as a coaling or naval station.

Although the American commissioners have successfully resisted all attempts to ascertain the exact nature of their instructions, something is known of their general character, and it may be stated on this point of the final disposition of such of the Philippine islands as are not held by the United States that, while the president has nowhere directly admitted any obligation to the insurgents, yet, so long as they carry out their part and avoid a rupture with our forces in Manila, he feels that any arrangement that shall be made by the commission for the final disposition of the islands, the insurgents shall not be placed at the mercy of the Spanish government without gurantee for their proper treatment. By an extension of this same view, it is unlikely that he would care to allow them to be turned over to another power that might oppressively treat them, especially without the consent of the natives.

Then there are strong strategic reasons why the United States should refuse to sanction the cession of any of the Philippine islands to any other nation to serve as a naval base. It has been explained to the American commissioners that by the possession of the island of Luzon on the north and the island of Palawan on the south, the United States would control the great gateway for the large traffic that passes between China and Australia, as well as the myriad islands of the south Pacific.

It is noted at the state department that the Spanish minister is reported to have directed the Spanish commissioners to make a firm stand regarding the Cuban debt, and the Philippine loan of 1896, if Luzon is ceded to the United States. So far as the Philippine loan is concerned, that subject might properly come before the peace commission, but Judge Day, just before his departure, in answer to a question as to whether any matters relative to Cuba would come before the commission, pointed to the language of the protocol to show that the proper function of the commission was to be found in the disposal of the future of the Philippine islands, intimating that no question touching Cuba in any phase would be considered by the commission.

LAZY AND LAWLESS

Are the Cuban Insurgents Reported to be.

They Demand Tribute of Those Who Labor—Gen. Wood Refused to Send Them the Supplies Asked.

Santiago, Sept. 28.—One of the largest sugar planters in Cuba, who has arrived from Manzanillo, reports the conditions there to be worse than ever. The insurgents refuse to grant permission for the carrying on of work on the plantations, and the Spanish officials decline to furnish protection to those desiring to work. Since the cessation of hostilities the insurgents have confiscated the planter's provisions, destroyed a number of valuable pictures, made his carpets into saddle cloths, torn and trampled curtains, and broken glasses worth $500 each. They are encamped in numbers in Campechuela, where they compel small vessels which fall into their hands to hoist the Cuban flag.

The Cubans requested General Wood to send to Manzanillo food and clothing. They declared that there is much suffering there, but private advices deny absolutely the stories of destitution and declare that work is obtainable, but that the Cubans will not work. Wood refused therefore to send the supplies asked for.

GENERAL WOOD.

William Stakeman, before the war American consul in Manzanillo, paid a visit to General Wood. He recounted many lawless acts on the part of the insurgents, who, he declares, demand tribute from everyone, terrorize peaceful people and threaten the confiscation of the property of merchants and planters. Many persons say that the recognition of the Cubans has not been granted because the bandits make work and progress impossible. There is a general feeling of alarm in Manzanillo over the departure of the Spanish troops, and the arrival of American soldiers is anxiously awaited.

General Wood has asked permission from the Washington government to appoint Demetrio Castillo, special chief of his Cuban staff, to represent him in dealing with the Cuban insurgents in the country districts.

News received from Puerto Principe is to the effect that there is much sickness among the Spanish troops. There are now 9000 Spanish soldiers in the province and fully half of them are suffering from scurvy and dysentery. The Cubans hold the country and refuse to permit fresh provisions to be carried into the cities.

Reports from Guinea say that no farmer, land holder or tenant has turned his hand to sowing crops in that vicinity, and the district will have no potatoes, tobacco, cane, cabbage or other vegetables this year. This will add to the distress in the district. The next six months will see a great deal of want and misery in the vicinity. This state of affairs is directly due to the unsettled condition of the country and the attitude of a certain portion of the Cubans, who openly threaten hostility to the United States and are preparing to wage a guerilla warfare against the Americans if any form of government short of absolute independence for the Cubans is established in the island. This matter is openly discussed in the meeting places of the Cubans, the plan finding many advocates among certain classes of people.

The system of civil government established by General Wood is practically complete and in good working order. Major McCleary, formerly attorney general for Texas and a Spanish soldier, has been appointed mayor, and the Spanish officials are giving place to Cubans. General Wood says he does not know the capabilities of the men taking office, who are chosen by a committee of 50 prominent Cubans, whom he believes to be honest and conscientious. This committee recommends men who its members think would be efficient in the various offices to be filled. The choice of men by the committee must be unanimous, and must be made over the signatures of the entire 50 members. General Wood finds that the plan works admirably. Lieutenant Blount has been appointed to codify the Cuban laws.

OXLEY ARRAIGNED

The Young Man is Charged With Manslaughter.

HELD IN $3,000 TILL NEXT SATURDAY.

The Police Continue Their Investigation

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 27.—The chief event today in the Yellow Mill pond tragedy was the arraignment of Harry Oxley, now known officially as Albert H. Oxley, in the city court on the charge of manslaughter. At the request of prosecuting attorney Bartlett, the case was continued until Saturday without any testimony being taken, and bond was fixed at $3000. It is expected that the necessary bonds will be furnished this afternoon.

The two colored women, Mrs. Rose Drayton and her daughter Clarabel, who formerly were employed in the Guilford household, were on the rack at police headquarters for nearly four hours this forenoon but the officials maintain that nothing could be gleaned from the women.

An effort was also made to get Oxley to talk, but he replied that on the advice of counsel he had nothing to say.

Some of the plumbing in the Guilford house was examined this morning and two traps were taken to the police headquarters.

CHILD KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass., Sept. 27.—Christopher G., the four year old son of Dennis Shea, was instantly killed this noon in the coal handling machinery of Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal company on Phillips wharf, here.

The child had been playing about the machine which was idle and the engineer knowing nothing of the boy's presence, started up. The little one was caught and his body ground to pulp. The accident was not discovered until the machinery stopped. In trying to locate the break the pieces of the body were found.

YOUNGEST VOLUNTEER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Sept. 27.—A despatch received here today from Porto Rico, announces the death of Carl Hart, of Company I, Sixth Massachusetts regiment. He was a son of Deputy Supt. Carl S. Hart of the Massachusetts Reformatory and was the youngest member of his company, if not of his regiment, being 16 years of age. He and his brother enlisted under the second call of President McKinley. He was very popular here and upon the receipt of the news of his death all the flags were placed at half mast. It is thought the body will be brought home by Rev. Loren B. McDonald, who is now in Porto Rico after the body of P. H. Hosmer.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Uxbridge, Mass., Sept. 27.—James Hartshorn died late last night from injuries received at the hands of unkown persons while walking from Millville to Uxbridge one night last week in company with a friend, named John Brick. Both men were intoxicated. In a post mortem statement Hartshorn said he was set upon by three men and kicked in the abdomen.

His companion, Brick, stated to the deputy sheriff this morning that they visited a roadhouse on the Ironstone road.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. John Stack, the enterprising Concord street provision dealer, and Miss Mary A. Gardner of Manchester, N. H., were united in marriage Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Immaculate Conception parochial residence. The bride was prettily attired in a silk costume and carried bride's roses. Rev. William D. Joyce, O.M.I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, pronounced the words which made the principals man and wife for life. The wedding party started from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Conway, 82 Pleasant street, to the rectory. The bride was attended by her sister, Jennie Gardner of Manchester, N. H., and the best man was Patrick Stack, brother of the groom. The bridesmaid wore a handsome gown.

Following the performance of the ceremony, a wedding reception was held at the future home of the happy couple on Concord street, where a supper to friends was given, after which Mr. and Mrs. Stack left on a brief honeymoon. The wedding gifts received occupied all the available space in the large drawing room on Concord street and were from friends in Manchester and Lowell, both parties being very popular in their respective cities. Among the Manchester guests were the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gardner, and the sisters, Lizzie and Jennie and the brother, George.

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)

S.S. "CANADA" (New)
9000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1.30 P. M.

S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $78.87; Steerage Passage $23.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 108 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 13 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen streets; F. B. Leeds, 5 Hedge street, O. A. Bernston, 780 Gorham street.

REPUBLICANS MEET

Black Men Concede Nomination to Roosevelt.

They Still Insist That He is Ineligible to Hold the Office if Elected.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Every climatic condition necessary for complete happiness faced the delegates to the state republican convention this morning. The hour set for assembling was 12 o'clock. At 9.30 o'clock the reply to all questions as to the progress of the various candidates was "No change" and it became evident that the Black forces expected to beaten in the convention on the first ballot if Mr. Roosevelt should not be withdrawn before that time. The attitude of the Black men at 10 o'clock was best described briefly by the statement of one of the most ardent of the governor's supporters, who said:

"If Mr. Roosevelt's name goes into the convention, he will receive the nomination on the first ballot without any doubt. We have never claimed we could beat him, but we still insist that he is not an eligible candidate and that in nominating him the republican party puts itself and him in jeopardy. It would be unwise to withdraw Governor Black as a candidate until Mr. Roosevelt is really nominated, as there might possibly be at the last minute a decision for some other candidate. Governor Black will be placed in nomination in the convention."

In both Mr. Platt's and Mr. Aldridge's quarters this morning, it was announced that there was little or no attention being paid to the ticket except the head, though it was asserted that Lieutenant Governor Woodruff would be re-nominated and that William J. Morgan of Erie would receive the comptrollership.

At 12.30 o'clock, Chairman H. H. Odell, of the republican state committee, called the convention to order.

When Mr. T. C. Platt arose to make a substitution in Tioga county, making the roll call of delegates, there was a round of applause which turned into an ovation when somebody asked for three cheers.

There were several substitutions that suggested political discipline. For instance, Leonard Moody was put in place of former district leader Jacob Worth of Brooklyn and ex-Mayor William L. Strong was forced to make room for John Sabin Smith.

The roll call concluded the announcement was made that Serene E. Payne was named for chairman.

When Chairman Payne in his address mentioned the names of Dewey, Sampson, and Schley they were cheered to the echo, and when he alluded to the fight at El Caney, the Roosevelt picture was hoisted up and was greeted with a volume of cheers. Mr. Payne finished his speech at 1.16 p. m., and the routine business was taken up.

The only committee of any consequence was that upon resolution on the platform of which Gen. Stuart L. Woodford was made chairman. The others were practically without anything to do.

At 1.25 the convention took a recess until 3.30 o'clock.

It is expected that all of the work of the convention can be finished before midnight.

SEC'Y ALGER

His Letter to McKinley Made Public.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27.—The letter of Secretary Alger to the president asking for an investigation of the war department has been made public, as follows:

War Department, Sept. 27, 1898.

To the President:

I have the honor to ask that a board consisting of from five to seven members of the most distinguished soldiers and civilians that can be selected be appointed by you, with full power to investigate thoroughly every bureau of the war department. In connection with the mustering, clothing, supplying and arming of troops, transportation, the letting of contracts and chartering vessels, and all expenditures of every kind as well as orders issued by this department,—indeed, everything connected with the army be thoroughly investigated for your information.

(Signed) R. A. Alger,
Secretary of War.

The war investigation commission resumed its labors at 10 o'clock today in the Lemon building.

With a letter sent to the secretary of war were enclosed questions indicating the character of information desired at the hands of the surgeon general, the quartermaster general, the subsistence department, the ordnance department, and the adjutant general.

The resolutions adopted by the commissioners:

Resolved:

First—That the secretary of war, the adjutant general, commissary general and the surgeon general, be required to transmit to this commission all complaints that have been received by them since April 1, 1898, touching the conduct of the war.

Resolved:

Second—That this commission invites and is ready and will receive and consider all complaint about the management of any of the various branches of the war department from any person or persons. That we respectfully request that such complaints be made in writing, stating facts that the party knows to his knowledge, plainly, and in detail, giving names of any officers or enlisted men who may be charged with misconduct or incompetency, addressed to the secretary of the commission at Washington, D. C.

DEWEY'S ACT

Approved by the Navy Department.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27—The official account of the seizure by Admiral Dewey of the filibustering steamer Abby, as reported in the press despatches, is contained in the following cablegram received from the admiral today at the navy department:

Manila, Sept. 27, 1898.

Having received information that the American steamer Abby left Macao September 21st with a cargo of arms for Batangas, I sent the McCulloch. She arrived at Batangas on the 23rd and found her in the harbor, having arrived three days earlier and landed the cargo. There were only Filipinos on board. They refused to give any information and had no papers whatever. We seized and brought her here where we are now holding her. This steamer was formerly the Pasig and is registered as an American vessel. The United States consulate at Canton has information that she made one voyage of the same kind already.

(Signed) —Dewey.

The navy department very promptly approved Admiral Dewey's action as indicated by the following cablegram, which was sent him today:

Washington, Sept. 27, 1898.

Dewey, Manila.

Your action in seizing the American owned vessel Abby, approved. She is amenable to martial jurisdictions for any violation of neutrality.

(Signed) —Long.

Royal ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!
In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.
Ask to see the new style, 545, French model, short hip, low bust.
Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Worcester
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.
Corsets

A TERRIBLE STORM

Raged Around Lakes Ontario and Erie.

Six Persons Were Killed and Six Others Fatally Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 27.—A special from Niagara Falls, Ontario, says:

The most appalling storm in the history of the Niagara peninsula passed last night over the strip of land between Lakes Ontario and Erie, passing almost parallel with Welland Canal, cutting a swath 200 feet wide through the peninsula, cutting some off. A portion of it went almost at right angles with the main path of the cyclone and took in Tonawanda. It struck St. Catharine's, Merriton, and Grantham, Ont., hardest.

The number of lives lost is estimated today at six. At least six more are fatally injured.

As far as known the dead are:

Ina Moffatt, 11 years of age, killed at the collapse of the Ward school at Merriton.

Clara O'Neil, 27 years of age, killed at the fall of the Lincoln Paper mill, Merriton.

Mrs. John Bickley, killed by fall of debris of Orange Hall.

—— Aiken, a young girl, killed at Grantham by fall of a house.

—— Aiken, his sister, killed at same place.

Unknown woman, rumored to be killed at Stamford while picking grapes.

The fatally injured are:

Kenalis Nestor crushed at Lincoln Mill.

Mary Welsh, hurt by falling timbers at Lincoln Mill.

James McCarthy, crushed by roof of Lincoln Mill.

Mary O'Neil, crushed by fall of Lincoln Mill.

Robert Barclay, caught in the fall of mill.

The seriously injured are:

H. J. Doyle, Merriton.

James Murray Merriton.

A. B. Jenkins, Grantham.

Besides these, there are a score of young children who were hurt by the fall of the schoolhouse of Merriton.

YELLOW FEVER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Surgeon General Wyman has received the following message from the state board of health at New Orleans:

New Orleans, Sept. 26, 1898.

Twenty-six cases mild type of yellow fever in Wilson, La. Town and parish quarantined. Source of infection untraceable.

THE MOHAWK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bath, Me., Sept. 27.—The ocean liner Mohawk, which was purchased near the close of the war by the government for transportation purposes arrived here this forenoon from Brooklyn for extensive changes, which will be made at the Bath Iron Works, making the steamer a permanent transport ship, which will accommodate 2600.

White Ostrich Feathers
"White ostrich feathers are easily cleaned by soaking five minutes in warm suds made from Fairy Soap. Draw them lightly through the hand, rinse in warm, clear water, and dry by shaking over the stove. Re-curl by drawing each little barb over the dull edge of a knife or scissors."
—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

FAIRY SOAP
Pure—White—Floating.
The Soap of the Century.
Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.

FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful painting in water colors entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated artist, Leon Moran. Size 17½x24 inches, without lettering, ready for framing.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

PROGRESSIVE CURE.

Mrs. Williams: "How is it, Doctor, that you who always object so strongly to patent medicines, make an exception of Ripans Tabules? Aren't you rather inconsistent?"

Doctor Brown: "Not in the least, Mrs. Williams. Every disease manifests itself in several different stages, one after another. When any one is suffering from digestive disorder he usually imagines it is a very simple matter instead of a very complicated one, and makes the mistake of relying upon some single drug which only affects one stage of the complaint, leaving the others to take care of themselves or develop into something worse than the original trouble.

"An intelligent physician aims at a progresssive course of treatment to meet the different phases of a case, step by step, each with its appropriate remedy, and beats the disease at each successive point of attack, so that when the final symptoms are overcome, the disease is thoroughly routed. Physicians recommend Ripans Tabules because they are compounded upon this very principle of overcoming disease progressively.

"In nervous indigestion or costiveness the Tabules act successively upon the different organs involved and overcome each symptom in turn. Headache, sour stomach and nervous depression are relieved almost immediately. The bowels are affected more gradually but surely and thoroughly; and what is of more account, the relief and benefit to the entire system is permanent. That is what physicians call scientific cure. That is why I recommend Ripans Tabules."

A new style packet containing TWO RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (with vial complete) is now for sale at some drug stores for FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the people and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (24 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

TRIENNIAL CONCLAVE

OF THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 11.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27—When the Knights Templar of America convene in triennial conclave here October 11, the city promises to give them a welcome that will surpass in splendor any of the many notable like reunions of the past. The president of the United States is to honor the event by his presence and this will add thousands to the hundreds of thousands who would under any circumstances, throng the streets of Pittsburg. The parade is to be the finest spectacle of its kind ever seen in the country. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, grand marshal, has issued his general orders and the general program of the parade and reception of Grand Master Warren La Rue Thomas. In anticipation of the final signing of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States, this display of templar pomp and grandeur is to be turned into a glorious celebration of American victories, a congratulation to the army and navy for the magnificent work accomplished, and an invocation for the future success of American arms.

With this idea in view, the parade for the first time in the history of templarism in America, will be formed on military lines. Many of the commanders and staff officers in line will be veterans of recent battles on sea and land, some of them the most notable figures of the war.

The grandest electrical display in the history of the world will be on view in Pittsburg during the week. Some of the special designs will be as follows: Heroic sized revolving figure of St. George, and heroic sized figures of ancient Knights Templar, both on foot and on horseback. Maltese crosses and heraldic emblems of all kinds will be shown also.

One prominent building will show illuminated portraits of Dewey, Hobson, Schley, Wheeler, Roosevelt and other heroes of the Spanish war, with their names in electricity at the base of each picture. On the roofs of the highest buildings in Pittsburg and Allegheny will be placed very powerful searchlights and in the streets will be located at regular intervals brilliantly illuminated arches. There will be no darkness in either city throughout the week.

There will be 2300 incandescent and 40 arc lights used in Duquesne Garden for illumination during the banquet and reception. For the banquet, a large circular table will be set on a raised platform in the center of the hall, at which President McKinley and other notables, the officers of the Grand Encampment, Toastmaster Thomas J. Shirock, grand commander of Baltimore, and the speakers will be seated. From this centre the other tables will radiate in the form of a sunburst, so arranged that each guest will be able to view the centre table without changing his position. One thousand invitations to this banquet will be sent out on next Wednesday all over the country. Boston will lead the grand parade, by virtue of having the oldest charter.

The meeting is to be important in other respects as well. Not only is the constitution and digest to be revised, but it is expected that the question of building a magnificent temple in Washington, as headquarters for the Grand Encampment and permanent resting place for archives will be taken up and acted upon.

Knights Templar and Their Emblems.

GRAND OFFICERS.

Warren Lafue Thomas of Maysville, Kentucky, grand master of the grand encampment was born at Elizabethtown, Kentucky, on the 26th day of January, 1845, his parents being Joseph H. Thomas, and Amanda Lafue Thomas. When a youth Sir Knight Thomas' parents moved to Danville, Kentucky, where, after being prepared, he was educated at Center college, one of Kentucky's most famous institutions of learning. Upon the completion of his education, he was engaged for a few years in the mercantile business, but was induced to give that up for the purpose of going into the life insurance business, and for the last 20 years has given his time and attention to that pursuit.

As soon as he became of age he petitioned the Masons and at once received the degrees in the lodge, chapter and council. He became interested in the beautiful workings of the order and soon became a member of the grand bodies of the state. After filling various subordinate positions in both bodies, he was, in October, 1550, elected grand master of the grand lodge, and grand high priest of the grand chapter, filling both positions the same year. He had already decupied the chair of grand master of the grand council, royal and select masters.

In October, 1872, Sir Knight Thomas received the Knight Templar orders in DeMolay commandery, 12, Louisville, Kentucky, preparatory to organizing a commandery at his home in Danville.

In February, 1873, he assisted in the forming of Ryan commandery, 17, and was the first captain general of that commandery, afterward holding the office of eminent commander for two years.

In 1874, at the meeting of the grand commandery of Kentucky, he was elected to the office of grand senior warden, and after regular promotion, was elected grand commander in May, 1878.

In 1874 Sir Knight Thomas attended the meeting of the grand encampment in New Orleans, as the proxy of the grand commander of Kentucky, and has been present at every meeting since that time.

At Chicago, in 1880, he was elected to the office of grand junior warden, and at each triennial conclave since has received regular promotion, having been elected deputy grand master at Denver in 1892 and grand master in Boston in 1895.

Reuben H. Lloyd, deputy grand master of the grand encampment, is one of the foremost lawyers of California, and has been identified with many of the famous cases for which that state is noted. He has been an active Mason for over thirty years and has devoted most of his time in the Masonry to the Knights Templars. During his career he has held all of the subordinate offices in the order.

Though well along in years, Sir Knight Lloyd is still young in appearance. He his never married, but during his lifetime he devoted his attentions solely to his mother.

Mr. Lloyd is also a litterateur of no mean degree and he has always kept up with the literature of the times. His favorite author is Scott. His home is in San Francisco.

THE OFFICIAL BADGE.

The features of the badge for 1898 are: The seal of the grand encampment, now used for the first time as the central emblem of an official souvenir badge. The selection of materials used is indicative of some of the industries of Pittsburg. The glass keystone, the iron Maltese cross and the aluminum sunburst.

The entire badge is harmonious in color, built up on correct Heraldic lines, upon suitable emblems of hard metal, richly enameled and heavily gold plated, making a souvenir of great value. Each badge is enclosed in a handsome satin lined box, bearing certificate of its official character and its official number, in addition to which each badge has stamped upon its reverse side the inscription, "Official Souvenir Badge, No. —."

HAPPY MOTHERS AND HEALTHY CHILDREN.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Goes Straight to the Cause of All Female Troubles and Assures a Healthy Maternity.

Mrs. M. Sinore, 104 Hudson Ave., Rochester, N. Y., writes to Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

"When I applied to you for advice I had been suffering some years from debility, nervousness, etc. I had had several miscarriages and was pregnant when I wrote to you.

"I am grateful to say that after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was considerably better, and after using three more it brought me where I am to-day. I am well, and the mother of a three-months' old baby.

"Doctors had failed to help me. I have no one to thank but Mrs. Pinkham and her wonderful remedy."

Mrs. Ella Duncan, Reeder's Mills, Iowa, writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I thank you for what your medicine and advice have done for me.

"I have a baby two months old. When he was born I was sick only fifteen minutes, whereas with my other children I was sick for two or three days, and also suffered with my left leg, and could get nothing to relieve the pain but morphine. My leg did not trouble me at all this time. I had no after pains and was not as weak as I had been before.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly. May God bless you in your noble work."

Mrs. J. W. Pruett, Medford, Oregon, says:

"My health, also the baby's, we owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. John W. Long, Wyoming, Iowa, writes:

"I had shooting pains all over my body, was very weak and nervous. I could not straighten up. I wished to become a mother but was afraid I never could. Seventeen months ago I got some of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking half a bottle was much relieved. I took four bottles and was cured. Now I have a big baby boy which I feel I owe to your Compound. Many thanks for your kind advice."

A Million Women Have Been Benefitted by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

DARING ROBBERY

Of a Bank By An Armed Gang.

BLEW UP THE BANK AND SHOT THE CASHIER.

Two of the Gang Arrested With Boodle.

Frankfort, Ind., Sept. 28.—One of the boldest and most successful bank robberies that ever occurred in this section of the state was perpetrated at Flora, a small town 10 miles north of this city, yesterday morning. The bank is a private corporation, with William Lannam acting as cashier. At 3 o'clock he was awakened by the noise of a terrific explosion, which shattered the windows in his residence, 50 yards from the bank. Getting up and going to the bank, which was in a brick building, he found the entire building demolished. As he started inside he was fired upon with a shotgun, the charge taking effect in his face and blowing out one eye.

The noise of the explosion aroused the town, and a crowd gathered. It was soon learned that the bank had been blown to pieces with dynamite, pieces of it having been blown across the street. The robbers secured between $12,000 and $15,000.

Cashier Lannum probably will die. The robbers escaped upon a handcar which they left at Sedalia, five miles north of here. The whole country was aroused, and two of the robbers were caught with the larger part of the stolen money.

PERSONAL.

Edward Looney of the Cadet band, played with the Cummings band of Nashua yesterday. His services have been engaged for today by a Pepperell organization.

MORE SHIPS FOR BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 28.—In addition to the double turreted monitor, the Amphitrite, and the gunboat Annapolis, five other ships have been ordered to the Charlestown yard. They are the Vicksburg, Newark, Newport, Vulcan and Montgomery.

A case involving the question as to who are the legal officers of the New England Mortgage Security company was before Judge Lothrop in the supreme court yesterday. It is a factional fight between the stockholders.

Arrangements for the funeral of Fanny Davenport were completed yesterday. The body will be brought to Boston from South Duxbury Thursday forenoon, and on reaching the city will be taken to Trinity church, where the services will be held.

Another ring of electric lights around the dome of the state house was lighted last night, completing the illumination of Boston's famous landmark. The dome is now lighted by a row at the base, a double row at the top of the main portion, and another row round the lantern.

The Journal says that it is practically decided that Samuel Roads, Jr., of Marblehead will be the Democratic candidate for governor. It is understood that the candidate for lieutenant governor will be Mr. Slattery of South Framingham.

The many friends of Mr. John J. Brine, foreman of the mammoth printing department of the J. C. Ayer company, will be pleased to learn that he is again at the factory after a five weeks' siege of rheumatic fever which caused his confinement in St. John's hospital. During the absence of Mr. Brine, the entire charge of the department was assumed with remarkable success by Mrs. Mary E. Tobin, the talented proofreader of the establishment. The gentler sex in command is certainly an innovation and the thorough manner in which the young lady carried out the arduous duties of the position is an indisputable argument for the intellectual equality of the sexes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100 of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney, have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the first class as innholders at Nos. 20 and 22 Market street, in all rooms and cellar of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.

Joseph Smith, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the fourth class as retail dealer at Nos. 20 and 24 Market street in all rooms and cellar of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.

Joseph Smith, Clerk.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK,

Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST,

Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.

The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.

The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.

The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.

JAMES & MEYER, Props.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York.

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.

[One block from Broadway cars.]

Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.

Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.

Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

POLICE TEAM.

CLOSES SEASON WITH CHAMPIONSHIP RECORD.

The police base ball season has been closed by the order of the manager.

The season was a very successful one, eclipsing all former attempts at running a first class performance with artists in the cast.

Eight victories and two hard fought defeats is the creditable standing of the "baton swingers," and every man who wore the uniforms is happy as a result.

The last game played was at the Elks outing, when the nine of the "gentility-lovers," succumbed to the masterly movements of the Market street building inhabitants.

Throughout the year the members of the local force have watched with happiness the progress of their "diamond," and it is likely that one of the dances on the Police Relief association's order this winter will be dedicated to "Our Base Ball Team."

To Martin Maher, whom every one admits to be a scientific tosser and his gallant work, is due the grand success of the aggregation.

Then there was "Will" Burnett—he was Engineer Maher's assistant, or fireman, so to speak.

No rapid or slow balls could escape him either at the bat or in the field, and as a hustler for games he was without a peer. Take the Mysteries of Centralville for example. What would they have attained in the field this year if it hadn't been under the guidance of Will? Hey? Nothing. The police base ball team is all right and so is every member of it.

MR. SHAW'S APPEAL.

Mr. Shaw of North Chelmsford, candidate for sheriff, has sent out the following circular to the voters of the county:

North Chelmsford, Sept. 24, 1898.

Dear Sir:

Permit me to announce to you my candidacy for the nomination of sheriff of Middlesex county by the republican party, and to ask your support for the same if it is not inconsistent with any position that you may have taken already regarding the matter. As you are well aware the present incumbent of the office has held the position since 1883 when he was appointed by Governor Butler to fill the unexpired term of Sheriff Fiske, deceased. He has had a long and honorable service, but the question arises, whether there should not be a rotation of office after a reasonable time? It was this principle on which the government was founded and it is a good one, as it keeps the offices in touch with the people and is the safeguard of the people's rights. Since my candidacy was first announced, I have received much encouragement from all parts of the county and expect to go into the convention with a generous proportion of the delegates, although there are two other candidates. I would like your support, and am willing to pledge to all such an administration of the office, if I am so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, as will preserve its reputation with all its responsibilities.

I am very truly yours,

—Elisha H. Shaw.

FR. MURPHY

TENDERED A BANQUET BY HIS FRIENDS.

At a banquet given at the Hotel Thorndike, Boston, last evening, to the Rev. P. B. Murphy, chaplain of the Ninth Massachusetts, the latter took occasion to answer those who had accused him of not pushing forward to the fighting line with his regiment at Santiago.

The banquet itself was given by the many friends of the chaplain, both from the laity and clergy alike. The state was represented by Colonel Sohier of the governor's staff, and on behalf of the city, Senator John Quinn attended. Those present included:

The Rev. P. Boyle, the Rev. F. Hannerin, the Rev. T. Tobin, Rev. E. J. Curtin, Rev John McHugh, Rev. J. J. Shaw, Rev. R. S Burke, of Lowell, Rev. D. J. Gleason, Rev. M. O'Brien of Lowell, Rev. A. Teeling, Rev. Charles Glennon, Rev Patrick Walsh, Rev. John Colbert, Rev. Samuel Splane, Rev. Fr. O'Callaghan, Messrs. Thomas Tobin, D. A. Mahoney, William P. O'Connor, M. C. Means, John F. Cronan, James Casey, Michael Burke, J. F. Callahan, John Quinn, James F. Burke, Charles Lonnehan.

Father Murphy was also pleasantly surprised during the evening by being presented with a solid gold medal by the Hon. John Cronan, on behalf of the chaplain's friends. On one side of the medal is the coat of arms of Massachusetts, a rustic altar, being a representation of the altar at South Framingham, where Father Murphy celebrated mass just before the departure of the Ninth. On the other side, there is represented a priest administering the last rites of the church to a dying soldier. There is also this inscription: "Presented to the Rev. P. B. Murphy by friends at a banquet given in Boston, Mass., Sept. 27, 1898."

DRACUT REPUBLICANS.

The republicans of Dracut held their caucuses last night. The following town committee was chosen: D. N. Cluff, C. C. Odell, George Fox, A. Hamblett, G. Brown, A. Bryant, G. Stevens, E. Morgan and G. Richardson.

Moderator Stevens then made a report of the delegates elected who were as follows: State, Edward A. Stevens, and G. Brown; county, T. Connell and A. Hamblett; councillor, A. Stickney and A. E. Bryant; congressional, J. W. Peabody and C. Stickney; senatorial, W. Varnum and C. C. Odell; representative, C. Jones, C. Jacques and D. N. Cluff.

MUSIC HALL

"THE MIDNIGHT ALARM."

"The Midnight Alarm" which will open a three days' engagement at Music Hall Thursday, Sept. 29, will fill the bill for those who like sensational melodrama. The play is well staged and is full of life and action from start to finish. There are constant thrills from the rising of the curtain in the first act until it goes down in the last. The play is handsomely staged and presents the most thrilling and realistic scenes ever witnessed on the stage.

POLICE BOARD.

At a regular meeting of the board of police Tuesday night the following licenses were granted:

Junk collector—Michael Roberts, 169 Middlesex street.

Intelligence office—Lizzie A. Black, 34 John street.

Common victuallers—Sarah Z. Gamble, 241 Appleton street; Delia Lachappelle, 709 Dutton street; Bridget Guerin, 98 Smith street; Alexine Lachappelle, 22 Cabot street; Mary Crowe, 928 Gorham street; Tullie Bombardir, 12 Lakeview avenue.

Joao Silva was given leave to withdraw on his application for a pool and billiard license.

Joseph G. Denis was appointed a special police officer for the church of St. Jean Baptiste, Merrimack street.

The pool and billiard license of Addison Wilson, 23 Merrimack street, was revoked.

MISS NORCROSS' TALKS.

Miss Rebecca Crosby Norcross opened her fourth series of informal talks at her home, 199 Sherman street, yesterday. There was a large number of ladies present, and in the few moments of social intercourse preceding the talk, friend and neighbor chatted pleasantly, as is the custom at these gatherings in this hospitable home. Miss Norcross will discuss topics relating to the recent war, and yesterday reviewed briefly the causes which led to hostilities between the United States and Spain, and by means of a large map, which was finely drawn and colored by herself, she brought plainly to mind the relations of the United States with those places so much discussed of late,—Cuba, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands and Hawaii. The result was a most entertaining and instructive hour devoted to the interests of our country, and upon topics upon which it is well to keep well posted. Miss Norcross showed much thought and study in the preparation of her paper, which was given to her hearers in an agreeable and attractive manner.

You can get the best fuel for dwellings of all kinds of Hourigan & Sullivan, 23 Central street.

DEATHS.

PRATT—Mrs. Ellen Shaw Pratt, wife of Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt, of 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, died from the shock of a surgical operation at St. Mark's hospital in New York city Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt had been a great sufferer for many years and having failed rapidly within the last two weeks, it was decided at a council of doctors in Springfield that an operation was necessary. Accordingly she was taken by her husband to St. Mark's hospital in New York city last Tuesday. The operation was performed Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock and the patient rallied and rested quietly during Friday. She then began sinking rapidly and a telegram received Sunday morning announced that her husband had given up all hope. Mrs. Pratt lingered throughout the day and night without much change, but sank rapidly Monday, dying at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt was the daughter of the late Dea. John Shaw of Wales. She went from that place to Rhode Island at an early age. When a young girl she attended a boarding school in Worcester, afterward graduating from a school in Rochester, N. Y. She and Rev. Mr. Pratt knew each other in childhood and soon after her graduation they were married in the early '60's, at the former home of his mother, Mrs. L. S. Pratt, on Cedar street, Springfield. Rev. Mr. Pratt soon took charge of a Baptist pastorate in Salem, and later lived in this city and other cities. They have made Springfield their home for about fifteen years. During this time Rev. Mr. Pratt has been a travelling evangelist for the Baptist church. His wife has accompanied him on many of his tours, and spent the winter two years ago in California. She had hoped to accompany her husband on his travels during the coming winter. Mrs. Pratt leaves, besides her husband and his mother, who made her home with her son, an adopted daughter, two brothers living in Warren, a step-mother and half brother living in Monson. The funeral will be held at her late home, 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Edward J. Cryan, the Sun news agent, is in New York.

COTTON Is KING

and the famous vegetable shortening, the crowning product of the cotton plant—

COTTOLENE

is a royal aid to good cooking, right living and health. Let lard alone.

Use COTTOLENE.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and "Steer's Head in cotton wreath"—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

COMMISSION READY

For the Investigation of the War Department.

Hearsay Evidence Will Not be Accepted—Questions Which the Officials Expect Answered.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The commission to inquire into the treatment of the soldiers invites and will receive and consider all complaints about the management of any of the various branches of the war department from any person or persons. Such complaints must be made in writing, stating facts that the party knows of his knowledge plainly and in detail, and giving names of any officers or enlisted men who may be charged with misconduct or incompetency.

Letters were sent to the secretary of war, enclosing a list of inquiries to the secretary, and to the heads of the various divisions of the war department, calling for specific information bearing upon the conduct of the war. To Secretary Alger the commission has addressed these queries:

1—Plan of campaign proposed immediately after the declaration of war; was it intended to move at once on Havana, or that the campaign should be postponed until the autumn?

2—When was the Santiago campaign determined upon?

3—Why was Tampa selected as the base of operations?

4—Why were summer camps organized at Fernandina, Jacksonville and Tampa?

5—When was the Porto Rico campaign determined upon?

6—Why were the troops held on transports after embarkation at Tampa and not permitted to sail for several days?

The 17 questions addressed to the medical department are:

1—What was the organization of the medical department on April 1, 1898? How many officers with their rank, how many hospital stewards, and what was the size of hospital corps?

2—How many ambulances and litters were available?

3—An army of what size was the department able to fit out with medical officers, stewards and hospital corps and necessary surgical instruments and supplies of every character?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with all necessary surgeons, stewards, hospital corps, ambulances, litters, surgical instruments and supplies of all and every character?

5—How many general hospitals were organized? Where located, how equipped and managed, number of patients and number of deaths in each case between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

6—How many hospitals were established at various camps? What were the arrangements for the care and comfort of the sick and wounded? How many sick were cared for at each camp hospital and how many deaths occurred?

7—What, if any, railroad ambulance trains were established? Where were they located and used?

8—How many hospital ships were obtained? How were they equipped, how managed, and what work did they perform? What arrangements were made and how were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines supplied with medical officers, medical supplies and food for the sick and wounded?

9—What number of surgeons of volunteers, hospital stewards, nurses, attendants, etc., were employed between April 1 and Aug. 31, in addition to those in the service of the United States on April 1, 1898?

10—Were all the vessels used in transporting sick and wounded thoroughly inspected by a medical officer before troops were permitted to embark, and were they fully supplied with surgeons, surgical instruments, medical supplies of every character, potable water and proper food for sick and convalescents?

11—Were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines fully equipped with efficient surgeons, stewards and hospital corps, and with ambulances, litters, surgical instruments, medical supplies of all kinds and proper food for the sick and wounded?

12—Were the surgeons in the various camps instructed to carefully watch their sanitary condition, to look after their cleanliness, to demand the proper supply of water, to test the water as to its character, to look into the cooking arrangements, and to locate the sinks to see to their proper care?

13—Why were regimental hospitals in camps abolished and division hospitals substituted? Were the results satisfactory?

14—How were the surgeons employed in the field, in camps and in general hospitals selected? Was there any regular examination required, and as a rule have they proved efficient and faithful?

15—How were the hospital stewards, nurses and attendants selected?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the surgeon general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of proper medical attendance, the lack of surgical instruments, the lack of proper care, food and water for the sick and wounded with armies in the field, or with troops in camp, or men in general hospitals and field hospitals, or on railroad trains or transports at sea? In fact what, if any, complaints have been made in writing in reference to the issuing of proper supplies or the performance of any duty appertaining to the medical department of the army?

17—What funds were at the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31 under general or special legislation?

There are also 17 interrogations addressed to the quartermaster general, as follows:

1—Upon the declaration of war was the organization and were the regulations of the department of such a character as to admit of the prompt equipment and movement of troops?

2—How many officers belonged to the department when war was declared, and how many (with their rank) have been appointed in the volunteer service since that time?

3—For an army of what size was the department prepared to fully supply all necessary clothing, camp and garrison equipage on April, 1, 1898?

4—Was the clothing on hand and ready for issue to troops and that previously issued of a character suitable for use in a tropical climate?

5—What amount of tentage was available, and were the troops sent from garrison life to the field at once furnished with necessary tentage and other quartermaster supplies necessary for use in camp life?

6—What steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with suitable clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and what amount of material of each kind had been obtained and what amount issued up to Aug. 31, 1898?

7—How many public animals and how many wagons with harness were available April 1, 1898?

8—What steps were taken for obtaining additional animals, wagons and harness? How were they obtained and what number had been purchased and issued by Aug. 1, 1898?

9—What arrangements had been made previous to April 1, 1898, for the rapid movement of troops by land and water?

10—What arrangements were made and how many troops were actually moved by railroad and by vessel between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

11—Were full and complete arrangements made for supplying the troops operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines with suitable clothing and with camp and garrison equipage and quartermaster's stores for armies operating in the field?

12—How many and what vessels were purchased or chartered for transportation of troops? What was the capacity of each vessel? Was it properly arranged for the comfort of the troops so far as was possible? Was there a full supply of water for use of troops arranged in every case, and was each and every vessel carefully inspected by an officer or agent of the department and pronounced satisfactory before troops were permitted to embark?

13—What arrangements were made for the disembarkation of troops when there was a possibility of it being done outside of a harbor?

14—When socalled permanent camps were located for a large force, what arrangements were made for a full and complete supply of potable water for use of the troops? Were tent floors furnished in any cases other than for hospitals? If so, where and to whom?

15—When troops were moved by rail for long distances were there any arrangements made for supply of water? Were there any unnecessary delays in the movements of troops from the camps established on the return of the army from Cuba?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the quartermaster general in reference to the prompt compliance with proper requisitions or complaints of any character in reference to the operations of the department in connection with the movement of troops, the issuing of proper and necessary supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the quartermaster's department?

17—What funds were at the command of the department April 1, 1898, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, 1898, under general or special legislation?

The information required of the subsistence department is as follows:

1—What was the organization of the subsistence department April 1, 1898, the number and rank of officers and number of commissary sergeants?

2—What additions in number and rank of regular officers, and what number of volunteer officers were appointed in the subsistence department between April 1 and Aug. 31?

3—On April 1, 1898, an army of what size was the subsistence department prepared to fully supply with officers and the necessary field rations, and of what does that ration consist?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what arrangements were made for fully supplying with food an army of 250,000 men serving in the field and in camp? What was the field ration and what was the ration in camp?

5—What arrangements were made for supplying the army in Cuba, the army in Porto Rico and the army in the Philippines, and of what did the ration actually consist in each case?

6—Were all the troops in the field and those in camps fully supplied at all times with proper food? If not, why not?

7—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the commissary general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of food, poor character of food, or complaints of any character whatever in reference to furnishing supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the subsistence department?

8—What funds were under the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, under general or special legislation?

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER DEAD.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Rose Sanger and her young daughter were found dead in their sleeping room Tuesday. The tragedy is thought to have occurred Sunday night. The jet was found to be partly open. It is thought Mrs. Sanger accidentally left the jet partly turned on upon retiring for the night.

BRYAN HAS SLOW FEVER.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Colonel W. J. Bryan, who is confined to his bed at the home of a friend, is suffering an attack of slow fever, but his physician does not regard his condition as serious, and believes that with rest and quiet his patient in a few days will have recovered fully.

BRYAN'S VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The mission of Colonel Bryan, commanding the Third Nebraska Infantry, for the discharge of a number of enlisted men of that regiment, has so far been only partially successful. Seventy-five of these applications were received. While all of them were approved by the regimental officers, including the colonel, the majority of them were disapproved by either the brigade, division or corps commanders. So far but 15 of the applications have been favorably acted upon and the discharge of the men ordered. In these cases the applicants are married men with families dependent upon them, and their applications were regularly approved by all the reviewing authorities, including General Lee.

NEW HAMPSHIRE TEMPLARS.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—At the annual conclave of the grand commandery of Knights Templar the following officers were elected and installed: Commander, H. B. Quimby, Lakeport; deputy commander, G. I. McAllister, Manchester; generalissimo, F. L. Sanders, Concord; captain general, T. M. Fletcher, Alderbrook; senior warden, G. A. Sanders, Laconia; junior warden, H. G. Smith, Nashua; treasurer, J. W. Hildreth, Manchester; grand recorder, G. P. Cleaves, Concord; prelate, Rev. Lucius Waterman, D. D., Tilton.

CASE OF SUICIDE.

Vancouver, Sept. 28.—Returning Klondikers report that Sir Arthur Curtis, the English baronet, who mysteriously disappeared last spring while en route to the Yukon via Ashcroft, committed suicide. Sir Arthur, so the story runs, worn with hunger and the hardships of the trail, and much piqued and annoyed over a personal encounter with one of the party, went into the mountains and drowned himself in a stream. His coat and hat were found in the stream.

CUBA'S MOST SACRED RELIC.

New York, Sept. 28.—The following telegram was sent to President McKinley by the Cuban American league: "The Cuban American league believes that it voices the earnest wish of the people of both the United States and Cuba when it urges you not to permit Cuba's most interesting and sacred relic, the remains of Christopher Columbus, to be removed from America."

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL,

young men for war, and Dows' Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, assuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 365 Central Street.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood, old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago. 17

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

Artists' Materials

Of All Descriptions for

China, Oil, Water Color Painting and Charcoal Drawing.

We Have a large stock of

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For Decorative Purposes.

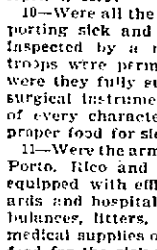
STRETCHERS

for Canvasses up to 40 inch in stock.

Architects', Drawing and Textile School Supplies.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman of pleasing appearance. Permanent position to right party. H. W. Gilbert, 700 Middlesex St. Call 1-7 p. m.

EXPERIENCED table girl wanted at 92 John street.

WANTED—Every lady to attend the grand opening of Full Millinery at Mdle. Maxime Lorne's, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 897 Moody street, Cor. Race.

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 93 John street.

MONEY WANTED—Idle money wanted to loan on improved farms in Illinois. O. A. Holcomb, Aurora, Ill.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 33.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 24, Ion Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 81 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 101 Merrimack street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 377 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 359 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Brett & Co., 101 Central street.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonan's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 9 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Brody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A Boston & Maine trip book on Central street this morning. Owner can have at 179 Middlesex street.

LOST—The front case of a gold watch in Merrimack square. Finder return to this office. 1[illegible]

LOST—Bunch of keys between Appleton street and Merrimack square. Finder will be rewarded at Room 9, 238 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOM—To let. Inquire at 53 Chestnut street.

TO LET—The fine cottage house, with modern improvements, 76 Eighteenth street. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Large house, stable, large hennery and 9 acres of land on Hildreth street. House is convenient for two tenements. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank Building, 143 Merrimack Street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rents moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 923 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—81 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

IF

PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmical Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright

COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager. Telephone 571-2.

ASH SIFTERS,
COAL HODS,
ASH CANS.

W. T. S. BARTLETT

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 Merrimack Street.

DYEING

Every Hour in the Day at the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to

54 Prescott Street.

Prof. E. J. BORJES

Will Resume

TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN!

Oct. 1, at 891 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at special rates.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap. Boarding house of 16 rooms in good locality. Must be sold at once as the owner is sick. Can show a profit of $150 in last four months. Address B. H., Sun office.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $800. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ready's boiler shop, Fay street. Inquire of J. M. Putnam, 1 Court street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under surry and Stanhope in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 10 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $700. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 108 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IS NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 60x66, on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $400, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1123 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good co-operation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 6 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Lohman Co., 170 Tremont street, Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 10 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $650. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out

and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 633 Middlesex street, where you can save money by buying your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with cob, mantels wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very slightly; near cars and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street, pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 165 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.

SHARON HOUSE

Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1 to Oct. 1.

B. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Garrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Curoy (Clerks) H. Garvala.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 1614. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

443 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

CARRIAGE REPAIRS.

It is a good time to have them made.

THE

SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY

is a good place to have them made.

Telephone Your Orders or Send Postal.

Worthen St., Lowell.

FALL OPENING 1898.

The Bouquet

SPECIAL EXHIBIT of Pattern Hats, Bonnets and Novelties, Thursday and Friday, September 29 and 30. The public is cordially invited.

J. E. BURBANK, 115 Merrimack Street.

GRAND MARK DOWN

CLEARANCE SALE

Every article in our store must be sold, regardless of cost. We must make room for our Winter stock. There are no old chestnuts but all fresh stock bought this season. Our line of new Wrappers surpass anything ever shown in this city.

Children's Gingham Dresses, were 25c. and 38c., now 15c.

26 doz. Ladies' Piqué Neckties, were 25c., this sale 5c.

Gents' Soiled Neckties, were 25c., now 5c.

5000 yards heavy Bleached Crash, 3 1-2c. yard.

1000 cakes best Perfumed Soap, only 4c. cake.

1000 spools Clark's O. N. T., colored, for this sale 2 1-2c. spool.

Large Gingham Aprons 10c.

Ladies' Hose in Black and Brown, were 15c. and 19c., now 10c.

Men's extra heavy black and brown Hose, now 10c.

76 doz. Men's Seamless Cotton Hose, only 5c.

76 lbs. Ball Yarn, worth 8c. ball, this sale 2 1-2c. ball.

In order to reduce our enormous stock of Dry Goods, we have our Standard Prints and yard wide, Percales, formerly sold for 10c., 8c., 6 1-4c., for this sale 5c. yard.

When you are getting your children ready for school don't forget that we carry a full line of Boys' Suits, Waists and Pants, and we guarantee prices with any other store.

Notwithstanding our elegant line of Wrappers in style and quality, the prices are only 75c., 98c. and $1.25.

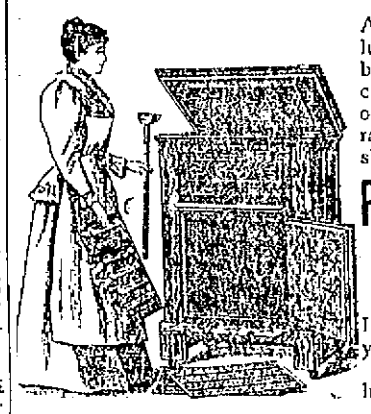
The only Bargain Store in Lowell. Don't forget and give us a call.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

JOHN DRAIN, 111 CORHAM STREET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ice Chests and Refrigerators



Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense. We can show you the finest line of

Refrigerators

AND

Ice Chests

In Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. You would really wonder to see how many

Glenwood Ranges

We sell, even in the hot season. We used to think only cold months were stove seasons, but folks are learning that GLENWOODS save work and money all the year round.

See our stock of CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, MATTINGS and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS when you need anything in this line, and we will give you prices that will convince you that it is for your interest to buy from us.

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

Prescott Street.

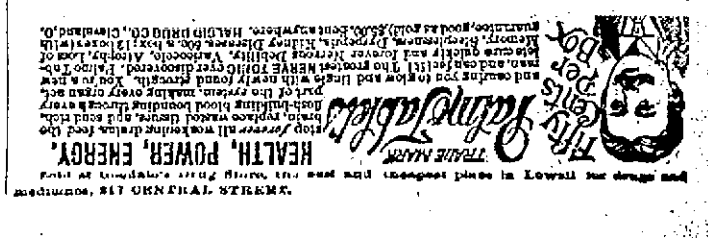
TEETH

No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by Cocaine method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth with or without plates, also Painless Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings.

$5 to $10 a Set

J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Prescott.



The Best Family Medicine

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Sold at druggists' drug stores, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, THURSDAY, SEPT 29.
Sun rises—5:39; sets, 5:29.
Moon rises—Evening.
High water—10:30 a. m.; 11 p. m.

Though the barometers are generally low, there is litt'e promise of rain and from present indications fair and pleasant weather, with seasonable temperatures and light winds, should prevail in New England Thursday and may continue through Friday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE LAST END

Of our Mason fruit jars is approaching and we have decided to rush them out quick. Pints 59, quarts 69, 2 quarts 69c. Free delivery. Dickson Bros.' big tea store, 64 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 16 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Pease's orchestra has removed to 90 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 433-4.

Satisfaction guaranteed by leaving your watches with Harris, 10 Appleton street.

TENEMENT TO LET.

In a new house just completed, sunniest location, corner lot, skirting Fort Hill Park. All modern conveniences. For particulars, call at the Sun office.

BIG CLERICAL FORCE.

At the Assignees' Sale of O'Hearn & Dowd's stock. All the winter goods are ready this week and as a tremendous rush is expected, a competent force of 65 salesmen is ready to help the visitors. The assignees are hurrying up the winding up of the trouble as quickly as possible.

LABEL COMMITTEE CALL.

The label committee of all labor unions the Great Cigarmakers' union, and the Bricklayers' union, are invited to meet at the labor hall on Middle street Wednesday night when business of importance is to be considered. A full attendance is desired. Refreshments will be served.

CALLED AWAY.

REV. DR. BLACKBURN MAY GO TO OREGON.

Rev. Alexander Blackburn, D.D., pastor of the First Baptist church of Cambridge, and formerly of this city, is considering a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church at Portland, Ore., and it is considered quite probable that he will accept. This is one of the leading churches of the Pacific states, and Dr. Blackburn regards the invitation as a very attractive one, but he has not yet made any definite decision, and the matter has not been brought to the attention of the church. He has been in Cambridge for about six years, and has been in the ministry for twenty-two years. After graduating from the old Chicago university he accepted a pastorate in Chicago and then was pastor of a church in Lafayette, Ind., for some years, coming from there to Lowell. He is very popular in Cambridge.

Y. M. C. A. AUXILIARY

REPORTS OF OFFICERS PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary to the Y.M.C.A. was held yesterday afternoon in the association rooms. The president and secretary, Mrs. H. C. Fuller and Mrs. T. W. Greenalit, presented their reports and Mr. M. L. Hamblett, president of the association, gave a short talk, in which he complimented the work of the auxiliary. Within a year, between $200 and $300 has been raised by the auxiliary, in aid of the association.

The following delegates were elected to the annual convention of the two states, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, held at Fitchburg, October 10th, 11th, and 12th: Mrs. H. C. Fuller, Mrs. T. W. Greenalit, Mrs. E. J. Tarr, Mrs. C. E. W. Dow, Mrs. J F Kenney and Miss M. E. Buttrick. Mrs. E. J. Tarr entertained the members with solos and plans for the work of the coming winter were informally discussed.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of Jefferson vs. Richardson in superior court for alleged alienation of Mrs. Jefferson's affections by her father, which resulted in a divorce case, was resumed yesterday morning, and Dr. Jefferson himself, Miss Johnson, a nurse, Dr. Carolin, a former employe of Hon. George F. Richardson named Chapelle, and several other witnesses summoned by the plaintiff, were on the witness stand. The testimony, which came within the rulings of the court, did not appear to be especially material to the main issue, but many of the questions asked by the plaintiff's attorney were excluded, and at one stage when Dr. Carolin was asked if he ever saw anything that would indicate a growing coolness between Dr. and Mrs. Jefferson, Judge Sherman asked if the plaintiff expected to have the court try all the troubles of Lowell. He reminded the plaintiff's attorney that it was Hon. George F. Richardson who was the defendant, and not Mrs. Richardson. At another stage when plaintiff's attorney asked one of the physicians as to what opinion he had formed as to Mr. Jefferson's condition in regard to nervousness, the witness replied that he had formed no expert or medical opinion. When the plaintiff's attorney persisted in pressing the question, the court excluded it on the ground that the witness had testified that he had formed no medical opinion and he being summoned as an expert, his unofficial opinion was not competent.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

NANCY GUILFORD

Arrested on Her Arrival at Liverpool by Steamer.

Supt. Birmingham Notified of Her Arrest—Case Must be Established Before She is Extradited—The Case Now Complete and Police Successful.

Bridgeport, Sept. 28.—Though the public was apprised of the fact that the Scotland Yard bureau had been cabled to be on the lookout for Mrs. Dr. Guilford, supposed to be aboard a steamer due in Liverpool from Montreal yesterday morning, few believed that the hunt for the much wanted "Nancy" would be at an end so soon; yet such is the fact, and Superintendent Birmingham and his coworkers, who have been untiring in their efforts to unravel the Yellow mill pond mystery, can now indulge in a brief respite.

State Attorney Fessenden, who had requested the Scotland Yard bureau to be on the lookout for Mrs. Guilford, received a cable that a woman answering the description had arrived on the Vancouver. The woman had three trunks, one marked "Gifford," one "Gill" and one "Guilford." The detective followed her to London, where she is under surveillance. Attorney Fessenden at once communicated with Washington, and a cable has been sent to the United States embassy, through the state department, to have the woman arrested on a provisional charge pending the arrival of extradition papers.

The law of England requires that a prima facie case must be established before extradition will be granted, and yesterday the case was prepared at headquarters. Affidavits of Oxley and the two Drayton women were submitted relative to the fact that Emma Gill went to Mrs. Guilford's house for treatment, and Superintendent Birmingham deposed that Emma Gill's body had been found and fully identified.

A few days ago the state attorney received information that Dr. Guilford had taken the steamer from Montreal, which was also confirmed by information received at a later date, and immediately after he received the confirmation he cabled Scotland Yard to apprehend the woman.

It transpires that Mrs. Guilford at once proceeded to New York when she left this city, where she met her sister, Emma Gill, and they both went to Montreal. The sister bears a striking resemblance to the "doctor," and when a few days later, she returned to Elmira from Montreal, both the Montreal and Pinkerton detectives thought it was Nancy they were tracking. The ruse was a clever one, and proved being very near successful in throwing the officers off the scent.

Superintendent Birmingham still refuses to tell what discoveries were made when the plumbing in the Guilford house was examined, but as he had previously stated that the arrest of Mrs. Guilford was the only thing lacking to conclude the case, it goes without saying that there is no lack of evidence against the participants in the gruesome tragedy.

LATER ACCOUNT.

The detectives have lost sight of the woman supposed to be Nancy Guilford, but claim they can find her in London hotels.

Our Aunual Sale of

BLANKETS

We have Blankets enough to supply every family in Lowell with a pair. Our prices are very reasonable, our salesmen polite and agreeable, our basement large, light and well ventilated. These are three extra good reasons why you should visit us at this Special sale.

We mention a few of the prices:

Large size Cotton Blankets 35c. a pair.

Extra good ones at 50c., 75c., $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a pair.

One $2 Blanket is unsurpassed, while at $2.95 a pair we offer an extra large size, very fluffy bordered Blankets that is not equalled at the price in this state.

Our greatest bargain will be 100 pairs of large size, full weight, very fine quality Blanket with fancy colored borders, worth and always sold at $5.00, to be offered by us at $3.69 a pair.

Any one wishing still better ones can find them here at from $5 to $15 a pair.

Comforters

Well made and filled with selected cotton, neat patterns at 50c., 69c. 75c., 89c., $1, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.75 each.

Laminated Cotton Down Comforters. We have just secured several cases of the above. They are extra well made, neatly covered, large size and filled with laminated cotton down, which has been treated to a scientific process that removes all impurities in the cotton.

Our prices for this sale will be only $3, $3.25 and $3.50 each.

Call and examine our different qualities. See our large show window for display Wednesday morning.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

AN EVENT OF GREAT INTEREST

To the Ladies of Lowell and Vicinity.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.

No. 12 JOHN STREET,

ANNOUNCE THEIR

Grand Fall Opening

Of Imported and Domestic Novelties in Costumes, Tea Gowns, Jackets, Capes, Tailor-Made Suits, Furs, Waists, etc., to take place

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1

We have made greater preparation for this event than any former season in our history, and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Garments, Suits, Furs, etc., ever exhibited in Lowell.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO ATTEND.

NEW YORK Cloak and Suit Co.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

OUR OPENING Occurs Friday of this week. 'Twill be the best we've ever had.

The Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

New Fall Dress Goods

Plain Goods are to be worn this season in medium grades especially. High Class Novelties are very popular, however, and at the most reasonable prices for years. Our buyer has just returned from N.Y., and reports a successful trip, having secured some extraordinary values in New Dress Goods and Silks. THE GOODS ARE ARRIVING DAILY.

HERE ARE A FEW XTRA SPECIALS FOR EARLY BUYERS.

50c. A YARD — A large assortment of New Novelties in all new combinations, also the new plain cloths in Serges, Cashmeres, Plaids, Poules, etc., etc., in all colors, new blues, greens, browns and garnets.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE

69c. A YARD — Latest tufted effects in blue and black, green and black, red and black, etc., also plain Serges, Whipcords, India Twills, Henriettas, etc., etc., all colors, new blues, greens, garnets, olives and browns.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

98c. A YARD — Silk and Wool high class Dress Stuffs, popular colorings: New poplins, all shades, military reds, cadet and army blues, greens, browns, etc., storm Twills, Moscovettas, Bayaderes, Ottomans, Prunellas, etc., etc., new shades.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

SILKS SILKS — Exquisite Silks in changeable effects: Plaids, Stripes, Checks and plain colors, an elaborate line, Taffetas and Silk Poplins are the leaders in popular favor. We are headquarters.

69c. A YARD — Novelty Silks, suitable for Waists, Suits or trimmings, in plaids or fancies. a beautiful line worth a dollar a yard, come and see them at 69c.

75c. A YARD — A new and complete assortment of Taffeta Silks, in all the popular combination colorings. A good, heavy silk which would be cheap at a dollar a yard. Fancy Silks in Plaids, etc., etc., at the same price. A beautiful line.
SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

$1.00 A Yard. — Newest things in Silks this season is Silk Poplins. It's a beautiful fabric, and is being used extensively this season for Suits, Waists and Skirts. We have all the best shades, also Novelty Silks for a dollar, worth a dollar and twenty-five.
SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

A GREAT SALE OF BLACK GOODS NOW ON.

The Bon Marche--The Big Store, Merrimack and Kirk Streets, Lowell.

COL. ROOSEVELT

Nominated for Governor of New York.

THE BLACK FORCES WERE COMPLETELY ROUTED.

Chauncey Depew Made a Great Nominating Speech.

Saratoga, Sept. 28.—At 7:45 last night the rollcall of delegates at the Republican convention was finished, and the result of the ballot for governor showed the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt by a majority of 535 over Governor Black, the vote standing, 753 to 218. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff was selected for second place, and there was little trouble in selecting the balance of the ticket.

When Mr. Depew had reached the point in his speech for Mr. Roosevelt where he alluded to the non-effect of Mauser bullets, two or three men rushed down the aisle bearing a big portrait of Colonel Roosevelt in rough rider uniform. There was a 3-minute interruption, and the picture was taken to the stage and set up.

Judge Cady, in speaking for Governor Black, said: "You will be told that expediency demands his retirement to private life. It will be urged that the captivating brilliancy of a military record will blind the eyes of the people of New York to the more sober merits of duties well performed in civic place; that the smoke of battle from that far Cuban hill has so far veiled and obscured the noble qualities of Governor Black that they can be of no further use to the state. Are you prepared to admit the soundness of all this? Are you persuaded that such argument is just? Are you convinced that such a course is best calculated to enlist the services of good and able men in public careers? Are you ready to say, with all the great prestige of this vast convention, that there is no bar of justice in politics at which the deserving can receive the fair rewards of their merits? Will you deem it prudent to announce such doctrine to the youth of the party and the state?"

The most important plank in the platform reads: "We have abiding confidence that the president will conclude this peace upon terms that will satisfy the conscience, the judgment and the high purpose of the American people. We realize that when the necessities of war compelled our nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines, we assumed solemn duties and obligations alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them unarmed for defense and untried in statecraft, to the horrors of domestic strife, or to partition among European powers. We have assumed the responsibilities of victory, and wherever our flag has gone, there the liberty, the humanity and the civilization which that flag embodies and represents must remain and abide forever. The Republican party has been the party of brave conservatism, of wise progress and of triumphant faith in the nationality of this people, and we know that the president and statesmen and voters of the Republican party will meet these issues of the future as bravely and triumphantly as we have met the issues of the past."

POISONED HIS WIFE.

Fort Worth, Sept. 28.—Rev. G. E. Morrison, pastor of a church in Panhandle City, who had been on trial at Vernon for a week on the charge of murdering his wife Oct. 10, 1897, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

Morrison administered strychnine to his wife after returning from church. Before the death of his wife, Morrison was engaged to wed Annie Whittlesey of Topeka, and when arrested he was at her home. An appeal will be taken.

MEMORIAL TO THE QUEEN.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 28.—Considerable comment has been created by the action of a representative meeting of sugar planters, called for the purpose of supporting the recent Barbados' conference. The meeting converted the proposed resolutions into a strongly worded memorial to Queen Victoria, in which those present disclaimed the attitude of being pauper applicants who were willing to accept doles or illusory schemes, but claimed their rights as subjects who were the victims of unfair foreign competition, and protested against being sacrificed to political fads. Continuing, the memorial expresses surprise "at the government's callous treatment of previous efforts made to secure justice," and urges the necessity for the adoption of prompt and effective measures to form countervailing duties.

Ralph A. Day Co.

OPENING

—OF THE—

LARGEST SPECIALTY CLOAK, SUIT AND FUR STORE IN NEW ENGLAND

—OCCURS—

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

SEPTEMBER 29TH, 30TH AND OCT. 1ST.

We Extend a Cordial Invitation to All.

New Goods! New Ideas! New Styles!

Collected from every representative European centre of manufacturing note and fashion; as well as from the leading home markets, and secured at such advantageous prices that will make your acquaintance with us a double pleasure. We will exhibit the largest assortment of

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Furs, Suits, Costumes, Silk and Woolen Waists, Dress Skirts, Children's Jackets and Reefers, Fine Tea Gowns, Wrappers, Silk, Cotton and Moreen Petticoats, Mackintoshes, Cravenette Garments, etc., ever shown in this city.

MUSIC WILL BE FURNISHED AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Ralph A. Day Co., 133-137 Merrimack St.

THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT. People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST

FIVE O'CLOCK.

A NEW NAVY

Congosto Says Spain Will Have One.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 28.—Dr. Jose Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, and member of the Spanish Peace Commission, arrived in this city this morning on the Ward liner City of Washington. He is on his way to Paris, where he will begin his duties on the Peace Commission.

Dr. Congosto was somewhat reluctant to talk for publication and when the subject of affairs in Cuba was brought up, he hastened to assure the questioner that everything "was beautiful."

"Of course," he said, "you must understand that the evacuation of Cuba by Spain is a matter of time, but when I left Havana everything was progressing well. I do not care to enter into all the reasons for the delay, but one of the principal causes is the fact that we have over 6,000 sick who must be taken care of and cannot be left behind.

"The problem of the future of the island is a difficult one, and I have studied it without prejudice and as a result of this study of years, I believe that it is a social problem and not a political one. It is probable that there will be large immigration to the island and this may assist in solving the problem. Of course a difficulty will be met in view of the dangers of fever and the climate."

Dr. Congosto was asked as to the condition of the reconcentradoes.

"There are no reconcentradoes now" he answered with a smile. "They're gone. God knows where."

When asked as to the establishment of a new navy for Spain, Dr. Congosto said: "Spain is still a great country, and she ought to have a great navy—and probably will. I know nothing of the plans to raise funds for our war vessels. But I believe that Spain in a few years will have another magnificent navy."

Discussing the fall of Santiago and the surrender of General Toral, Dr. Congosto says:

"There were brave soldiers at Santiago and if their leader lacked courage he deserves to be punished. Santiago should not have fallen as it did. If Toral had pushed forward instead of retreating towards the city, he certainly would have caused a repulse. These are things which he will have to explain."

COMING HOME

Remainder of the Ninth Leave Montauk.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., Sept. 28.—There are only three regiments in the camp, which a month ago had 25,000 men.

The First Cavalry got away today. The regiment will be distributed among the different forts in the department.

The hospital ship Lewiston today took 90 sick men to Providence to be distributed among the various hospitals in that city. She also transported 40 members of the Second and Ninth Massachusetts Volunteers. All had been sick but have recovered and went home on leaves of absences.

There were 225 men in the general hospital today and only one death report. Harry Walden of Company K, Second Infantry, died from typhoid.

It is believed that Lieutenants Gillow and McNulty are on the boat.

BIG HAUL OF DUST

Gold Hunters Return From Klondike.

THE STEAMER DANUBE ARRIVES WITH PASSENGERS.

Treasure Brought From the Yukon Region.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 28.—The steamer Danube arrived yesterday from St. Michael's, Alaska, with 186 passengers and gold dust estimated a quarter of a million. The gold was by no means equally divided. It all belonged to a favored few. The names of the lucky ones are: Major Morgan, William Bateman, R. Sinclair, J. James, James Winters, J. Erickson, C. W. Sims, C. W. Hill, R. Hanna, F. Gierson, J. S. Lusk, and J. M. Sloan.

All the Danube's passengers came down the Yukon on the steamer Yukoner. They passed 76 river steamers large and small bound for Dawson. Four were ashore. Three of the vessels aground were the Clara and the Tyrrell, both of Vancouver, and the J. P. Light, one of the Moran steamers. Three other vessels were seen ashore at the Yukon's mouth, the Robert Kerr, the Power and the Marguerite. The river was still navigable when the Danube sailed, but was low in places.

Besides the Yukoner, which was prepared to start for Dawson in her new service, three other vessels were getting ready to go up the river.

ALARM FELT.

AT THE NON-ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT SENATOR

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 28.—The non-arrival of the transport Senator is beginning to cause a little uneasiness. She is now out 35 days from Manila.

The steamer Zealandia, which left Manila two days after the Senator, was caught in a typhoon and had to put into Nagasaki on August 30 last for repairs. The transport Colon came across from Manila in 28 days, the City of Pekin in 23, the City of Sydney in 24 and the China in 23 days. All these vessels stopped at Nagasaki for coal. Besides the transports Senator and Zealandia, the Indian is now out 25 days and the Ohio 26 days. All of them will be sent back to Manila as soon as they reach here and have been re-provisioned.

SLOAN WINS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 28.—At the second day of the first October meeting in New Market today, the New Market October welter-handicap was won by the Lorillard-Beresford stable's three year old bay colt, Elfin, which was ridden by Tod Sloan. Peace and Plenty was second, and Calvary, third.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 28.—Lemuel Sayles, a veteran of the war and one of the oldest residents of Pascoag, committed suicide during the night by hanging. His body was found suspended from a tree in the orchard just before 11 o'clock today.

WAS HE MURDERED?

William Witherhead of Manchester St. Found Dead

On Chambers Street Early This Morning—Dr. Irish States That His Death Was Probably Caused by a Blow.

The local police has a murder to investigate.

Shortly after four o'clock this morning as Officer John Fox was patrolling Chambers street he came across a man lying in the gutter with his head resting on the curbing which stands two feet above the road.

Believing him to be a drunk, Officer Fox shook the man, and to his astonishment, discovered that he was attempting to arouse a corpse.

As he moved the body, he noticed a wound very near the top of the head in the back of the skull while on the curbing was a patch of hair and clotted blood. Turning the body over the officer noticed that the left ear was split.

Officer Fox immediately notified the police station and the body was removed to Undertaker Brooks' warerooms on Market street.

There the police inspectors made an examination of his clothing and found on them a silver watch, a knife, on the large blade of which were red lead stains and 55 cents in change. There was nothing else which would lead to the identification of the unknown.

The body is that of a man apparently about 40 years old, 5 feet, 8½ inches and of medium weight. His hair is black and rather thin, and the eyebrows likewise, while the moustache was black, coarse and untrimmed. The right eye was evidently without sight, the pupil being covered by a cataract. All the upper teeth but two are gone, and the lower set is irregular. The face is slim and sharp featured.

The body is attired in a checked outing shirt instead of undershirt, a pepper and salt vest, blue striped jumper and pepper and salt coat. The trousers are dark, but little worn; the socks cheap gray woolen, and shoes cheap laced.

The dead man wore an old black derby hat and wore it front side backward, as the front of the hat is split, indicating that the wound in the head was made while the unfortunate man wore his hat.

The nose and hands of the deceased had blood on them. As the body was warm when found by Officer Fox it was supposed that the unfortunate man fell and struck the curbstone shortly before the officer came along, though the wound in the head was so high up that it seemed rather strange that a fall could inflict it.

It was not until Dr. Irish arrived, however, that the theory of foul play was advanced.

As soon as Dr. Irish viewed the wound he said that it had the appearance superficially of a gunshot wound, but upon closer examination, said that it was not a gunshot wound. His wound, the medical examiner found was in the nature of a piercing fracture of the skull, causing death. The injury to the ear, he said, might have been caused by a fall.

Concluding his examination, Dr. Irish said: "I can't see how such a wound could have been made by a fall; it is something else," and he so notified the police.

Inspectors Allen and Donaldson immediately went to work on the case. They

At noon two men saw the body and said that they thought it was that of a painter named Murphy, residing on Gorham street, opposite the Edson cemetery, but they were not positive of his identity.

Sketch of the Victim's Features as the Body Lay in Undertaker Brooks' Morgue.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

Undertaker Rogers and a driver for Rourke & Sullivan named Dillon identified the body as that of William Witherhead of Manchester street.

HIS FAMILY NOTIFIED.

The remains were later identified by a neice of the deceased and James Riley, a neighbor residing at 78 Manchester street.

The first information which the family had of the fate of the unfortunate man was given them by The Sun reporter and Officer Patrick J. Frawley. The family occupies a pretty cottage house on Manchester street, some distance down from Gorham street.

The widow of the murdered man came to the door and when given a description of the murdered man, stated that he must be her husband. The shock of the sad intelligence rendered the bereaved woman almost hysterical and kind neighbors visited the house and comforted her as best they could.

From a son of the deceased, The Sun reporter learned that Witherhead was 50 years old and had been employed in the Catholic cemetery for years as a caretaker. He was home early last evening but went out after supper and that was the last seen of him.

The family supposed when he did not return at night that he had gone to the house of a friend named George McKenna, residing in Court street, in the rear of the Catholic cemetery.

When asked if his father knew anyone on Chambers street whom he would probably visit, the son replied that his father occasionally visited a friend on that street, named Patrick J. Carrick.

Dr. Irish will hold an autopsy on the body at 1 o'clock this afternoon to determine more positively the cause of death.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. / Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St., Cor. Post Office Avenue. Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps. C. J. Gliddon Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

THREE ARE DYING

Women Jumped From a Burning Building.

RECEIVED INJURIES THAT MAY PROVE FATAL.

Explosion of Powder Caused the Fire.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28.—An explosion of powder today in the basement of a four story building at 410 North Fourth street, occupied by C. and W. McLain dealing hooks and sporting goods, blew out the front of the structure, and set the building on fire. Three women jumped from the third story and are dying. They were cut and burned in addition to being hurt by falling on the pavement. Fireman Bohly of Company 16, was cut about the head by falling glass. All were taken to hospitals in ambulances.

The flames communicated to the building on the south, occupied by the St. Louis crockery company.

The loss on the building occupied by the McLain company will be total.

An effort was made by the firemen to rescue the three women, but before ladders could be put up, the women jumped to the sidewalk. It is thought others in the building failed to get out.

BIG PURCHASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 28.—Negotiations from the purchase of the mine Jessie mine at Chapparral, 14 miles from Prescott, have been closed whereby J. S. Jones, owner of the mine, transfers the property to an English syndicate. The purchase price is $650,000. The purchasers will increase the working force in the mine.

COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Who Was Nominated Last Night for Governor of New York on the Republican Ticket.

THOMAS MILLER

Arrested on a Charge of Stealing Mail.

HE MADE A CONFESSION AFTER ARREST.

Inspectors on the Case for Two Years.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 28.—Chief Post Office Inspector Baird, in charge of the Southern division, has received a telegram from Inspector Besson stating that he had made an important arrest which will put an end to stealing which has been going on in the Jacksonville, Fla., post office for years. The man arrested is Thomas Miller, a mailing clerk, who has been employed in the Jacksonville post office seven years. A large amount of mail was found in Miller's possession and considerable money was recovered. Miller made a full confession soon after being arrested. For two years, the inspectors have been trying to trace the thieves.

WILL RESIGN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Yokohama, Sept. 28.—The minister of justice, Ohigashi, will resign because of the agitation among the members of the bench and bar against his unfitness for the office he has been holding.

DEATHS.

GIBBONS.—James, infant son of Michael and Mary Gibbons, died yesterday afternoon at his parents' home, aged 1 year and 2 months. Funeral was held this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

FLANAGAN.—Martin, son of Patrick and Mary Flanagan, died at 12 Brooks street last night, aged 7 months. The funeral took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

EAGAN.—The funeral services of Thomas Eagan were held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. John J. McHugh officiated. The funeral took place from Undertaker C. H. Molloy's warerooms. The bearers were James Lynch, Patrick Doolan, Patrick Lennon, Michael O'Donnell, Michael Marley and Dennis Keefe.

Ernest Sutherland has returned from a fishing trip in New Hampshire.

LUMBER GROWTH

It is Being Devastated by Great Fires.

THE FLAMES ARE NOT YET CHECKED.

Damage Will Run Into the Millions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Denver, Col., Sept. 28.—Despatches received here indicate that great fires are devastating the timber growth on the main range. From Hayden peak on the north to the Pagosa Springs on the south, a distance of hundreds of miles, the flames are doing their destructive work unchecked.

The flames are known to be doing tremendous damage in Routt county in Egeria park, along the Roaring Fork river and down in the San Juan river region.

An estimate of the damage is hard to make, but it will run into the millions. Human life may have already been sacrificed and if the fires are not soon quenched by a heavy rain, many persons are certain to perish.

Several mining camps and innumerable ranches are even now in danger of destruction.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 28.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight and Thursday; westerly winds.

James F. O'Donnell, UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables. MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 4-qt. Porcelain Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea, O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street. el 624-2.

Putnam & Son

The Phenomenal Demand

For blue and black serge suits is met in every particular by our phenomenal stock.

We have thirty distinct lots of blue and black serges.

Men's blue and black serge suits, 34 to 50 breast.

Boys' blue and black serge suits, 14 to 19 years.

The goods are smooth faced wide wales or rough faced.

Single breasted sack suits.
Double breasted sack suits.
Silk faced double breasted sack suits.

All double breasted coats are cut very short and natty.

New high cut vests.
Single breasted without collar.
Single breasted with collar.
Double breasted.
Silk faced double breasted.

All of these blue and black serge suits were made to our own order or by Rogers, Peet & Co.

Prices are $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $17.00 up to $24.00 a suit.

FALL TOP COATS READY

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

SOLDIERS RETURN

Twelve Arrived From Porto Rico Yesterday.

Private Waugh is Very Ill—Private Tremblay Left in a Boston Hospital—All the Men Relate Bitter Experiences.

The Lowell soldiers who returned home yesterday are:

COMPANY C.

Edward A. Barnes.
George F. Dunlavey.
Victor J. Hosmer.
Arthur D. Tuttle.
George F. Waugh.
Fred D. Woodbury.
Fred E. Hastings.

Mede Tremblay of Company C is at the Massachusetts General hospital.

COMPANY G.

Michael J. Murray.
John Hill.
Cornelius J. Sullivan.
Burton L. Upham.
Walter E. Worthen.
Eugene E. Young.

Emaciated in form and broken down in health, twelve members of Companies C and G, Sixth Regiment, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and were immediately conveyed to the tender care of loving relatives and friends, with three exceptions, those who were unable to proceed home at once being Private George Waugh of Company C and Private Arthur D. Tuttle of the same company, who went to the Lowell General hospital, and Private Cornelius Sullivan of Company G, who is at St. John's hospital.

When the hospital ship Bay State arrived at her dock in Boston yesterday, Arthur Salmon and the Lowell Ambulance Corps found that of the Sixth men

SERGEANT VICTOR J. HOSMER.

who were so ill that it was necessary to carry them on litters, two were from Lowell, Privates Waugh and Tremblay. All the soldiers were immediately taken to the City hospital for examination.

Relatives and friends of the Lowell men begged Mr. Salmon to arrange matters so that the boys might be taken to Lowell at once.

He promised to do the best he could, but upon arriving at the hospital was informed that Waugh and Tremblay were too ill to be moved. Through the kind offices of Lieut. Ashburn, Mr. Salmon obtained permission to take Waugh home on the latter's promise to go to a hospital here upon arrival.

Poor Tremblay's condition did not warrant his removal and he was left behind in Boston while the others proceeded home on the 3 o'clock train. The boys were all dressed in their old canvas suits and all expressed a desire to go to the quartermaster's office in Boston and procure their new clothing before leaving, but Mr. Salmon, fearing that they might overtax their strength advised them to go home and rest for a few days and then go to Boston. This being agreeable, all left Boston on the 3 o'clock train.

Although it was not announced that they were coming until the boys were about to arrive, yet a large gathering was present at the Merrimack street depot when the car bearing the boys pulled in. Quite a crowd gathered at the northern depot, expecting that the

CORPORAL ARTHUR H. TUTTLE.

boys would alight there and were disappointed.

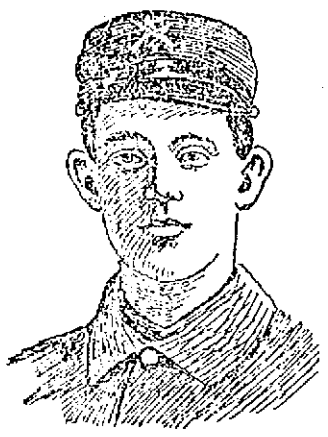
The Ambulance Corps left the car with the boys of the Sixth between them. One of the first on the train after its arrival was the mother of Private Waugh, who rode in the ambulance with her boy to the hospital. Private Waugh is terribly wasted away though he is a plucky and a patient sufferer. In Boston he insisted upon walking between two Ambulance Corps men in order to fool the surgeons, and get home with the other boys, but the trained eye of the latter soon picked him out and it was only through the influence of Mr. Salmon and Lieut. Ashburn who grants the furloughs that he got home.

Mayor Bennett's first words to Arthur Salmon were: "Arthur, Chester Cummings is dead and you must go to New York tonight and bring home the remains."

Mr. Salmon ate dinner, saw his family, had the undertaker's return filled out and was on his way to New York last evening. He expects to return tonight or tomorrow morning.

On the way to Lowell the boys were besieged with questions concerning the remainder of the troops at Porto Rico, and it would seem that every one of them had a friend present so many were the questions.

Two items of information that will interest the general public are that



CORPORAL EDWARD A. BARNES.

Lieut. Col. Butler Ames has been in poor health since he reached the island. Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson is in excellent health and is regarded as the healthiest man in Company C.

The many friends of Harry Young, who was thought to be the Young who came with the boys may have the satisfaction of knowing that he too, is in excellent health.

THEIR HARD EXPERIENCES

Of all who came home undoubtedly Private Waugh had the hardest experience. When a Sun reporter called on him he said: "It was on the Yale that we were first put on short rations and this I believe, led to my first sickness. I developed an attack of fever and when the Yale reached Siboney was put ashore in order that I might come back home. I went aboard the Seneca but was so horrified by what I saw that I made up my mind to escape at the first opportunity. The sick and wounded men were jammed together like sardines. I watched for a favorable chance and when I thought no one was looking, sneaked out. I hid until I saw the Seneca leave port, when I took steps to board the Yale again. My temperature at this time was 103 and I felt pretty shaky; but I knew there was no use staying ashore and I joined a crowd that were engaged in loading the Yale with a cargo. When no one was looking I skipped aboard ship out of sight. I was not discovered until the Yale was on her way. Then I was found and placed in quarantine, being kept there for 11 days.

"When we reached Porto Rico I rath-

PRIVATE GEORGE F. WAUGH.

er braced up and for some little time was not bothered much. Later on, however, I was taken sick again and was placed in the hospital.

"While confined in hospital I have had some gruesome experiences. Corp. Bellamy died in the next bed to me. Two days before, a man whom I knew went out into the next room and committed suicide. He blew his head off. These things didn't have a tendency to improve my condition. I weighed 145 when I enlisted. I now weigh 104.

"My diet during the past five or six weeks has consisted principally of boiled milk and toast."

Corp. Arthur Tuttle told the following story: "I have had fever and dysentery for six weeks and in that time have lost 35 pounds. I gained several pounds on the boat, thanks to the aid association. Just now I feel weak in the legs and am troubled with pains in my back.

"We had some interesting experiences in Porto Rico. At Guanica, two squads composed of Company C men left their company and rushed up to the front into the thick of the scrimmage. I was in command of one squad and we had a few shots at the Spaniards. I want to say a word right here in praise of Company G. They were right up at the front and stood their ground in a manner most commendable to them. They were in the heaviest of the fight.

"I must admit that the regiment went to pieces in this affray, some of the companies moving forward and others hesitating."

Eugene Young, who held the title of regimental barber at Camp Dewey, did not ply his trade with much avidity in Porto Rico if the facial appearance of the men may be taken as an indication. He lost 35 or 40 pounds and in this connection said that a poor quality of food and very little of it was responsible. He had a good word to say for the Bay State and her officers.

George F. Dunlavey said: "I am 15 or 20 pounds under weight as the result of dysentery and fever. I was in Corp. Tuttle's squad at Guanica and with us were Ryan and Peterson and the bullets zipped right by us. The confusion in the Sixth Regiment at Guanica is accounted for in the fact that we were ambushed."

Michael J. Murray: "I lost 22 pounds through fever and was in the hospital two weeks. The food we had was fierce. I wouldn't go through the Porto Rico campaign again for anything. I want to say a word in connection with the Charleston, S. C., affair. There were three other regiments turned loose in that town, yet we were the only regiment blamed for what was done. Why was that? And when we rode on transports for 18 days on short rations, is it any wonder that there were a few stragglers after we landed?"

Edward A. Barnes: "I lost 50 pounds and don't know when I'll get it back. We were fed on tomato soup, pork, coffee and hard tack and the monotony of such fare was awful. I liked Porto Rico pretty well but was not in a position to enjoy it thoroughly. I would

PRIVATE WALTER E. WORTHEN.

rather go shooting natives than Spaniards. The natives are a pack of sneak thieves. The Spaniards have some honor in this respect. I hope that I may not have to go to Porto Rico again."

Walter E. Worthen: "I do not believe in complaining, but I want to register a kick against the food and shelter we had in Porto Rico. For several weeks we had nothing but little tents to sleep under and the rain soaked right through them. Malarial fever was the inevitable result. Finally we moved into a big storehouse and it was an improvement, although fleas and cockroaches made life miserable. I lost 23 pounds."

Fred D. Woolbury: "I developed an attack of malaria on Aug. 1 and have had it more or less ever since. Dysentery added to my discomfort. I think I trained off 25 or 30 pounds."

Fred D. Hastings is reduced in weight just 30 pounds and John Hill, 20 pounds. Dysentery and fever were the causes.

Sergt. Hosmer has also lost much in weight.

Burton L. Upham and Cornelius J. Sullivan suffered from fever and the latter had to go to the hospital. The condition of Mede Tremblay is not serious.

Salt Rheum On the Hands

Lloyd B. Chase, a well known farmer living in Pottersville, Mass., was afflicted with salt rheum on his hands for several years. He tried many remedies but did not obtain relief. His hands would crack open and bleed, and he said the pain was terrible to bear. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla the flesh is healed and his hands are as smooth as he could wish. All who have any symptoms of this troublesome disease should give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial and they may depend upon receiving benefit. This medicine promptly cures all blood and skin diseases. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to buy, easy to operate. 25c.

POLICE COURT.

PHILIP AUBIN HELD FOR SUPERIOR COURT.

Family and neighbors' troubles figured prominently this morning. Several non-support and threatening cases were heard and the defendants dismissed on promises of better behaviour.

As a result of a spree, it is alleged that Patrick P. Vaughan struck a citizen on no provocation and later endeavored to "do" Officer Frank Fox while the latter was trying to arrest him. He was continued to Oct. 5.

10 drunks, one $3, three $1, two released, one probationed.

To Cornelius Sullivan and John F. Grady went the sentences. The former went to the Massachusetts reformatory while the latter will spend a month in the common jail.

Philip Aubin's case was to have been heard today but he was bound over in $1500 for the superior court. Three counts of breaking and entering and larceny and one of breaking and entering with intent to steal will confront the defendant and to all he pleaded guilty as the counts were read slowly with precision by Clerk Savage. Aubin, who is a sickly-appearing chap of about 30 years, does not appear to be the clever crook he admitted himself to be by his plea today. His security was placed at $1500.

MURDERER CONFESSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Akron, Ohio, Sept. 28.- Edward Johnson, a farm hand last night confessed that he murdered Oscar Osburne a wealthy farmer whose body was found in his barn last Sunday. Johnson is now in prison here charged with the murder.

PREMIER DEAD.

HON. THOMAS BRYNES AFTER AN HONORABLE CAREER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 28.—The Hon. Thomas Joseph Brynes, premier of Queensland is dead. He was born in 1840 and was formerly attorney general and solicitor general of Queensland.

D. F. Cavanaugh, tailor, has bought out the stock and fixtures of Dion & Scogel, Hildreth building. Mr. Cavanaugh bought the stock at about twenty cents on the dollar. It was one of the finest stocks in the city of English suitings and overcoatings. He will make suits formerly sold for $35, $40 and $45, for $18, $19 and $20. Trousers at $9 $10, and $12, Cavanaugh will make for $4, $5, and $6.

WARD 2 CAUCUSES

Goes for Candidate Flynn by Acclamation.

BRUCE DELEGATES WITHDRAWING FROM THE FIGHT.

Muldoon Was Then Allowed to Preside.

The ward two caucus was concluded last evening by the election of the Flynn delegates unanimously, the Bruce delegates withdrawing from the fight. There was an immense gathering present, all out for Flynn, and all were ready and willing to fight it out to a finish. Young Mr. Muldoon mounted a chair before the meeting opened and apologized for the proceedings of the evening before. He then stated that he would withdraw the names of the Bruce delegation and suggested that a motion be made instructing the secretary to cast one ballot for Mr. Flynn's delegates.

Mr. Muldoon also expressed the hope that no one would go away from the caucus with any ill-feeling and his remarks caused a smile in view of the fact that he was the only person perhaps, against whom any ill-feeling was manifested.

When the caucus was declared opened, Mr. Muldoon insisted that he was chairman and the caucus, interested only in Mr. Flynn's cause, allowed him all the glory of the position, and in 20 minutes all was over.

The following were declared elected as delegates to the congressional convention: James Kennedy, William Butler, Patrick Cashman, C. A. Daily, Timothy Regan, Matthew Coupe, Cornelius Sullivan and Michael Quinn.

A committee was then appointed to bring in sets of delegates to attend the other conventions and they submitted the following, which were adopted by two votes in the affirmative and none in the negative:

State—Patrick H. Lyons, Thomas H. Muldoon, William Hunt, Dr. A. J. Gagnon, Denis F. Pendergast, Owen Callahan and James Hearn.

County and Councilor—Patrick H. Barry, Thomas F. Garvey, John Riley, James Kennedy, Frank McMahon, J. J. Mullaney, Cornelius Crowley and James Sullivan.

Senatorial—Harry Doherty, Timothy Regan, Patrick A. Lyons, James F. McCarthy, Thomas H. Connore, William Hunt, James Hearn and Patrick Lynch.

Representative—Thomas H. Muldoon, Patrick A. Lyons, Timothy Regan, Thomas Butler, Michael Quinn, Harry Doherty, James F. McCarthy and James Hearn.

Fred Ware of the Western Division, B. & M. railroad, is hunting in Maine. Miss May Mason of Fletcher street will enjoy the remainder of the week in North Chelmsford.

FIRE DRILL.

Principal Irish gave the High school pupils their first fire drill of the term this morning. More attention was given to order than speed, and the time made was four minutes.

OF YELLOW FEVER

Reports From Kentucky Show An Increase.

MANY DEATHS HAVE ALREADY RESULTED.

Now Spreading Rapidly at Jackson, Miss.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28.—Reports from the stricken districts last night show that the yellow fever outbursts are not yet under control. Five new cases, all negroes, are in Jackson, Miss.

Other reports are as follows:

At Taylor's, total to date, 82; whites, 74; colored, 8; critically ill, 4; deaths to date, 8.

At Orwood, two new cases and one death; total to date, 67; whites, 57; colored, 10; deaths, 3.

The Louisiana board of health reports one new case and one death.

In Wilson, eight new cases.

In Franklin, to date, 123 cases and 5 deaths.

A FATAL CRASH

A Special Excursion Train Instantly Wrecked

IN COLLISION WITH A WORKING TRAIN.

A Number of Persons Were Killed Outright.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 28.—A special excursion train on the way to the Halifax exhibition, from Pictou, this morning crashed into a working train near Stellarton. James Sproatt, engineer; Michael O'Brien, engineer; W. G. Henderson, fireman; John R. McKenzie, fireman; William Cameron of Scotch Hill, Pictou County, a passenger, were killed. James McMillan of Pictou, a passenger, was injured.

TWO GOOD PLAYERS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 28.—A deal was closed yesterday between Manager Mack of the Milwaukee base ball team and President Pulliam of the Louisville club, whereby two of Milwaukee's best base ball players, Beaumont and Irving Waldron, go to Louisville. The terms of the deal are not made public.

THE WINTER STOCK

The great masses of the people know how well we have fulfilled every promise made in our advertisements about the disposition of the stock of O'Hearn & Dowd at the old post office.

We begin today with the stock of winter goods. Everything warm for cold weather wear and the people reap all the benefits of this forced selling. Prices on

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, ETC.,

represent the merest fraction of the real value. No more fear of delay in being waited on. 65 competent salesmen will be in the store for this week's great rush. Be on hand early.

ENRIGHT & SAYWARD, Assignees

OF O'HEARN & DOWD, 31 TO 39 MERRIMACK STREET.

Sketches Made on the River Bed above Hunt's Falls, showing the Workmen Clearing the Bottom.

THE MATHEWS

HELD AN ENJOYABLE SMOKE TALK.

The members of the Mathews enjoyed themselves at a smoke talk last night. President Thornton was chairman of the evening and a fine literary program was presented. Wm. McAleon played several piano solos. There were solos by John J. Murray, Michael Gorman, Peter F. Cline, Walter H. Hickey, William Toomey, James E. Gorman and William F. Thornton. The readings were by E. F. Slattery, George F. O'Dwyer, and John A. McKenna. President William F. Thornton made an address during the program in regard to the coming harvest fete which was attentively listened to. Edward F. Slattery made a stirring address at the close of the program, exhorting the members to renew their efforts in the cause of total abstinence.

WESTFORD.

At the democratic caucus in Westford Monday evening the following delegates were chosen to the several conventions: State, John M. Fletcher; congressional, George W. Heywood; county and councillor, Albert P. Richardson; senatorial, Alvan Fisher; John M. Fletcher.

INSPECTED SCHOOLS.

Dr. Johnson at the request of the board of health, inspected the Highland, Plain, Dover and Powell street schools yesterday to see whether there were any pupils in attendance from homes where there is scarlet fever. There are a number of children out sick at present

E. H. Johnson and wife are registered at the Essex House, Salem.

Mrs. C. E. Austin is the guest of the Secombe family in Amherst.

A Beautiful Exhibit.

Our great display of New Neckwear has not a superior in style, variety and reasonableness in all the state. There is nothing of merit, in the way of new shapes, colorings and patterns, which we cannot furnish you. Our showing is conceded by all unbiased good dressers who have visited our store this week, to be the finest ever made in Lowell. The highest compliment that could be paid to the genius of our Great Furnishing Department was the enthusiastic throngs that crowded about our large show window since the goods have been exhibited. The price we have marked on them—which is about half their real value—ought to result in almost the sale of the entire stock in a few days.

50c.

When you are passing by just drop in and take a look at them.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Our Store is Open Every Day Except Sundays and Certain Holidays for the Display and Sale of

MERCHANDISE

But Thursday, Friday and Saturday of This Week at

Special Display and Sale Days

Upon which occasion we will show everything that is new and up to date in

Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Cloaks, Furs, Suits, Infants' Wear, Cotton Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Men's Furnishings, Carpets, Furniture and Crockery.

Many EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES will be shown for the first time at retail, and when we say exclusive we will guarantee the article will not be duplicated by our competitors. There will be no music or souvenirs, but genuine bargains will be offered in every department to induce purchasing, as your money is what we are after and to secure it

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will give an extraordinary equivalent. Come and see us whether or not you are ready to buy, we will be pleased to show the new goods.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

BOTH BRANCHES

Of the City Council Met Last Evening.

RECEPTION TO ALL THE RETURNING SOLDIERS.

Arrangements for Funeral of Dead Soldiers.

The board of aldermen disposed of a lot of routine business at the meeting held last night.

Several petitions for sidewalks were read and referred, as were petitions for a fire alarm box at Middlesex mills; for relocation of electric light poles in Beacon street and for electric lights.

Several swill licenses were granted, and numerous petitions for sidewalks were ordered to lay seven days in the city clerk's office.

A joint order for the appointment of a joint special committee to arrange for a reception to the Lowell soldiers of the Spanish war, was adopted in concurrence and Aldermen Pierce and Tuttle were appointed on the part of the board of aldermen.

The joint order authorizing the superintendent of lands and buildings to purchase two lots of land now within the limits of the rifle range at a price not to exceed $100, was passed in concurrence.

Alderman Dimon arose to a matter of personal privilege and explained why it was at the previous meeting that he had opposed the passage of the joint order calling for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the sewer committee.

He said it was because it denied the mayor, chairman of the board of aldermen, and president of the common council the appointing of any member of the sewer or finance committees.

The new resolution, he said, was devoid of the objectionable features and he favored it.

The new resolution was then adopted and Aldermen Rivet and Cosgrove were appointed as members of the committee on the part of the board of aldermen.

The ordinance calling for the appointment of a superintendent and assistant superintendent of state aid was passed, and H. M. Poiter and M. C. Brennan were confirmed for the respective positions.

Caesar Gelineau, A. H. Merrill and John King were appointed as weighers of coal.

The report of the special committee appointed to confer with the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company, in the matter of the paving of Gorham street between the company's rails was read, the question for its reconsideration being before the board for action.

Alderman Libby contended that the notice made at the last meeting to reconsider should prevail, but the board voted it down, thus leaving the committee's report refused of adoption.

A joint order was adopted in concurrence authorizing the mayor to take such action for the city government as he may deem proper regarding attendance upon funerals of deceased soldiers in Lowell.

The common council held a special meeting last night, and a joint order in non-concurrence, for welcoming the soldiers, was adopted.

A resolution to appoint a joint special committee to investigate the sewer department, was adopted in non-concurrence, and Councilmen Libby, Mc Mahon and Dana were appointed as a committee on the part of the common council.

MILLINERY OPENING.

The Temple of Design will have their opening of fall and winter millinery Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. The public are cordially invited.

Pease piano capture all buyers by beautiful tone and attractive cases. Steinert's, 130 Merrimack street.

COMPANY C.

WILL TAKE POSSESSION OF LARES.

A despatch from Porto Rico says: Headed by the Sixth regiment band, Captain Greig's Company C of Lowell, marched out of town this morning on their way to Lares, garrisoned by Spanish troops. They will raise the American flag and take possession by occupation.

Sergeant-Major Pearson is the first Sixth regiment man to get through to San Juan. He went last week via Arecibo and found the Spanish in force in both places. None of the Spanish have yet left the island, and probably will not for some time yet.

It was thought that the report of yellow fever at Ponce would delay the movement of the Sixth across the island. The 300 has dwindled down to one suspect ,and the quarantine placed on the Nineteenth regiment has been removed.

A special badge is being made by Colonel Rice for the Sixth Massachusetts to represent service in Porto Rico. It will consist of a Spanish rosette with a Spanish button centre. The front brim of the campaign hat will be turned back and held in place by the rosette.

This will be worn in place of the corp badge.

YOUNG PEOPLE

ENTERTAINED BY MR. AND MRS. W. F. HILLS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hills entertained the Young People's society of the Branch street church and the members of Mr. Hill's Sunday school class at their home in Chelmsford last evening. Nearly one hundred young people met at the church at 7 o'clock and went out in barges. Arrived at Mr. Hills' house they were received by Mr. and Mrs. Hills and Rev. Asa Reed Dilt of Northampton. The ushers were Samuel G. Stevens, Walter E. Lewis, Herbert L. Royer and Wm. Henry Beals.

A good musical and literary entertainment was given by the following talent from this city: Miss Annie L. Cilley, reader; Mr. Ed. E. Adams, tenor; Mr. Lavern H. Harrington, violinist; Mrs. Helen C. Hamilton-Taylor, pianist.

The D. L. Page company served a dainty repast and Mrs. Frank E. Kimball and Mrs. Nellie P. Parker poured.

MATRIMONIAL.

CHASE—BLOOD.

Walter A. Chase and Miss Florence R. Blood, daughter of police officer Josiah Blood, were united in matrimony last evening, at the home of the bride's father, 184 A street.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Hibbert Lockhart in the presence of but a few immediate relatives and intimate friends. The bridal party marched to the strains of the bridal chorus from Lohengrin, discorused by Miss Louise Coburn. Miss Clara Blood, sister of the bride, and Master Chester Chase, brother of the groom, led the procession, and were followed by Miss Marion White of Somerville, who was bridesmaid. The best man, Miss Anna Chase, sister of the groom, who was maid of honor, and the contracting parties.

The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of white organdie over white, with lace trimmings, and carried bride's roses. Miss White wore figured organdie over pink, and Miss Chase white organdie over white.

Following the ceremony a reception was held, after which a wedding supper was served.

After receiving the congratulations and good wishes of all present, Mr. and Mrs. Chase left at 8.30 o'clock on a brief honeymoon. On their return they will reside at 24 Crescent street.

The young couple were made the recipients of many handsome presents among which were a vase from the Junior Y.P.S.C.E. of the Chelmsford Street Free Baptist church, of which the bride has charge, and an oak dining set from the employes of the Lowell Wall Paper company.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Mrs. Andrews of New Haven, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Hastey of Lawrence, Misses Marion, Mabel and Florence White of Somerville.

HATCH—DICKEY.

At the home of the bride's parents in Tyngsboro, Mr. Edward Hatch was joined in marriage to Miss Sarah Dickey yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Sarah Dixon. The residence was handsomely decorated. A large number of relatives and friends were received. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch left during the evening on a wedding tour.

TO SKEPTICAL ASTHMATICS

The truly marvellous cures of Asthma which have already been effected by Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, certainly call for notice. His preparation (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), not only gives instant relief in the most stubborn and obstinate cases, but positively cures, in proof of which hear what the Town Clerk at Cavalier, N. D., Mr. W. Sererus, says: "I was troubled with asthma for 20 years; about 8 years ago I started to use your Asthma Cure and I have not had an attack for six years."

Packages of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure may be obtained of all druggists for 50c. and $1.00 per package, or by writing direct to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 801, St. Paul, Minn.

THE FIRE SIGNAL.

The mayor and the board of health had a discussion yesterday on the subject of children escaping from the public schools in case of a fire. To test the matter, they went across the street to the Green school where there are 400 pupils and asked that the fire signal be sounded. When they returned the mayor said:

"It took six minutes for the children to get out of the building by their one exit. Some of the teachers even didn't know what the signal meant. In the case of a fire in the basement the children might have been suffocated by the smoke. I wonder whether the teachers and pupils of the other schools know the fire signal? I think that the parents would feel safer if they did."

Relative to the Green school, an explanation is in order. A new set of bells was put in during vacation and they have caused much confusion during school hours by ringing when no one ordered a signal. When the fire signal was sounded yesterday, the teachers were in doubt whether or not it was a genuine alarm, and sent down to find out if it was. Of course this wasted a little time.

Now the best proof of the fact that the pupils of our schools are well trained in the method of leaving the building in case of fire was presented by the Green school pupils last year. A fire alarm was sounded and the apparatus responded. It was thought that there was a fire in the building and in less than 3 minutes the children filed out in order.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Many petty debtors who are ignorant of the passage of the Dubuque law, are being surprised these days with lengthy legal documents, which, in effect, mean that they are obliged to pay their creditors under the existing law.

NASHUA GROCERS' PICNIC.

The Nashua grocers held their outing at Mountain Rock yesterday. An elaborate sporting program was carried out while the old fashioned bean supper was "carried in" joyfully by the dispensers of the article. A large delegation of Lowellites attended as invited guests.

THE GLAD HAND

As Annually Extended Little Canada's Voters

BY THE STOCK FLAG RAISERS AND OTHERS.

Everybody Patted Everybody's Else Back.

The French-Republicans of Little Canada received the annual glad hand from the moguls of the party in an open air assembly on Aiken street last evening at which red fire, eloquence and refreshments were served. The rally was ostensibly in the interest of Mr. Knox, but the professional flag raisers Bennett, Putnam and Hayes rang in, while John C. Wilson worried the Bennett faction somewhat.

Cyrille Constantineau, he of all parties, ran the affair and acted as chairman.

The first speaker was Col. A. M. Chadwick one of those who was to have been who for various reasons boomed Knox. For several reasons he didn't boom Bennett.

L. P. Turcott spoke in French.

Senator Putnam boomed his own cause and also asked for a good vote for Knox.

A. G. Swapp with his own little graft, in mind, said a good word for Hayes.

John C. Wilson spoke a word for Knox and for Knox only.

Bill Hayes gave them the old "con" on the war and showed the absolute necessity of having only master minds like Knox to shape the new policy for the country. He then proposed three cheers for Congressman Knox.

Mr. Knox painted beautiful mind pictures of the prosperity in which the entire country is basking and promised with the extension of territory a prosperity such as the world has never seen.

Mayor Bennett told the voters that the republican administration had given them smooth paving on Aiken street and a new bridge, making one of "those" speeches.

George W. Poore and Councilman Libby talked Knox, and for councillor Mr. Howe of Marlboro, and the meeting closed with refreshments.

SPRINTERS MATCHED.

Another race has been arranged between Fred L. Miller of Massachusetts and Patrick Igo of Manchester, N. H., to take place Friday, October 14th. In all probability the match will be run off in Manchester, although the articles of agreement say either in Lowell or Manchester. These two sprinters are both well known in this city.

The articles of agreement, which have been drawn up and signed by both parties, provide that the distance of the race shall be 600 yards, Miller allowing Igo a 20-yards' handicap in the aforesaid 600. The start will be made by pistol firing after the men are set. The stakes will be for $200 a side, and will be held by Frank W. Frisselle of the Manchester Union, who will also act as referee of the race.

Sheffield rules will govern the race.

LUMBER BURNED

A. L. Brooks & Co.'s Saw-Mill Destroyed.

CAUSE OF THE FIRE IS UNKNOWN.

The Loss Will Reach About $15,000.

The saw mill of A. L. Brooks & Co., now occupied by A. B. Woodworth, and located on the Merrimack river above North Chelmsford, was destroyed by fire last night.

The fire started about 6.30 o'clock in the saw mill, half an hour after the few men now at work had gone home. It spread quickly to the engine house and the sparks were carried over to the planing mill, setting that afire so that before anything could be done, the whole property was a mass of flames and then it was too late to save anything. Word was sent to Lowell and one of the steamers went out but the long journey was to no purpose as nothing could be done.

The plant consisted of a main saw mill building 45x80, which contained a band mill, rotary saw, edging machine and slab saws; the engine house with a 150 horse power engine and two boilers; and the planing mill, 60x60 feet, with planing and matching machinery and re-sawing and slipping machines. Besides the buildings 25,000 feet of stacked lumber was destroyed. It was piled closely so that the air could not give it draft to the flames and an hour after the buildings were leveled with the ground, the solid piles of boards were masses of fire that raged with the intensity of a furnace. Around the lumber yard a million to a million and a half feet of lumber was piled but it was far enough away from the fire to ensure its safety. Several small buildings used for storage houses also escaped.

The entire lumber plant was destroyed. The cause of the fire is not known.

BOXING GOSSIP.

George Lavigne and Frank Erne are both in excellent shape for their lightweight championship contest Wednesday night at the Greater New York A. C. The surprising thing about the affair is the number of admirers Erne has. There is a money following behind the Buffalonian that is ready to plank down solid bets every time a Lavigne admirer expresses the opinion that the Saginaw Kid will whip the Swiss fighter.

On form there is really no comparison between the two men. One has proven himself a champion in all that the term implies; the other has been successful in his class in a way, but is not invincible as Lavigne has been and is. Erne was beaten by Martin Flaherty with comparative ease in twenty rounds and this fact alone is enough to make Lavigne an overwhelming favorite in the betting.

Erne is clever on his feet, speedy with his hand, but is inclined to get bull-headed on occasions. He is not a careful man in the ring, and it is these shortcomings of temper that leave him so open to attack and a consequent whipping if his opponent is his equal in strength and skill.

Jim Kennedy, who manages Erne, has picked up a number of bets at even money that Erne will not last ten rounds while there is any amount of money here that Erne will not go fifteen.

It was reported yesterday morning that Corbett would second Lavigne, and the Californian's reputation as a Jonah is so strong that many people will take the Erne end if Jim is behind the Kid.

Taking everything into consideration I am convinced that Erne is not the man to take Lavigne's measure.

The New York sporting people are glad in a certain sense that the McCoy-Corbett contest is off for the reason that any attempt to hold it here would result in an interclub fight that must eventually become so bitter as to endanger the standard of the sport and probably result in the repeal of the Horton law.

The supporters of boxing realize this and were fearful lest an attempt would be made to have the fight decided in or near New York. If the Lenox people had secured the fight, the Coney Island club would have started a war and the same applies to the Greater New York A. C., had the Lenox club been the one to secure the contest.

All in all, it is probably for the best that the match has been declared off, so far as New York is concerned.

Billy Smith will meet "Cyclone" Kelly in Detroit on October 10, and will box Charley Johnson at Pittsburg the 14th.

Frank Childs defeated Henry Baker in three rounds at Chicago Saturday night and in the preliminary bout Frank Hartley beat Tom Moriarty.

Miss M. E. Fitzpatrick, daughter of James H. Fitzpatrick, a leading Salem citizen, has entered the Notre Dame academy in this city on a three years' course of study.

MAKE IT PUBLIC.

Publicity Counts. That's What The People Want—Lowell Expression On the Subject.

Make it public.
Tell the people about it.
Gratitude promotes publicity.
Grateful citizens talk.
They tell their neighbors—tell their friends.
The news is too good to keep.
Everybody should know about the Little Conqueror.
"Bad backs" are numerous.
So few understand the case.
Many Lowell people are learning.
And better still, they're being cured.
Lame backs are lame no more.
Weak ones regain their strength.
This is the every day labor in Lowell.
Of Doan's Kidney Pills.
Ourr citizens are making it public.
Read this case:

Mr. H. E. Richardson, an employe of Dexter's wholesale grocery, says: "For two years I suffered at intervals with a gnawing pain in my back. If sitting and I went to rise, stitches caught me, and if I over-exerted myself a dull aching pain was sure to follow.

"I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and as soon as I began taking them, I found the pains give way. I was soon all right. I shall recommend them as strongly as possible and will be glad to do it."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all Foster-MilburnCo., Buffalo, N. Y., dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Millinery Opening

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1st.

Head & Shaw
THE MILLINERS,
169 MERR'K ST.

You'll catch a glimpse of the new Fall Beauties here. The styles are far handsomer than ever. More captivating! More winsome! With just that little touch of coquetry about them that adds so much to their prettiness. Marvelous creations from the designs of two continents. But wait till you see them. They must be seen to be appreciated. Your inspection is cordially invited. Ask for our booklet, "Miniatures from Paris."

THE SEVERE NORTHERN WINTERS

Experienced for the past few years, and with such a changeable climate, have at endency to raise havoc with the Throat and Lungs, subjecting people to attacks of Asthma, Bronchitis and acute and chronic Coughs, at first a harmless cold or cough, which was allowed to take its course. Always keep Cleveland's Lung Healer on hand. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

MISS HARD'S
Shorthand School

Eleventh year opens September. Oldest and best known school of its kind in Lowell. Thorough preparation for amanuensis work. Special advantages in type-writing. For Catalogue address Miss Hard, Hildreth building.

YOU MAY BE

In need of a Fancy Rocker, Odd Chair, or a Morris Chair. In such a case we count on inspection of our goods.

OIL STOVES

Are needed now before you start the furnace. They will save you money and add comfort to your home these cool mornings and evenings.

A trial will convince you that it's just what you need. We are pleased to show our goods.

GAYNOR & CO.
25 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month.

A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE DREYFUS CASE TO BE REOPENED.

Despite the threats of the French army and of the officers who are probably guilty of securing the conviction of Dreyfus for treason, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case with the result that the prisoner after serving four years of a life sentence will undoubtedly be set free.

His case has become of such importance in France that it has brought the country to the verge of revolution and is now approaching its most important stage. After the senseless fury of the mob has been spent, after justice has been outraged by the bending of the courts to popular appeals, there is now a probability that Dreyfus will be vindicated and the conspirators who secured his conviction punished for their perfidious treachery towards a fellow officer because of his Jewish extraction.

As this case is now more than ever a subject of discussion, a review of its leading features will be of interest to all. The history of the case as briefly stated by a contemporary is as follows:

"In the autumn of 1894 there was picked up in the German embassy at Paris, by an underling, a messenger from the French ministry of war, a memorandum adressed to the German military attache in which reference was made to some copies of the French military plans to be followed in the event of war with Germany and which were presumably sent to the German embassy with the memorandum and in which the offer was made to forward the detailed plans of some French fortresses in the line of German defence if desired. This memorandum was duly handed in to the French ministry of war and an investigation immediately undertaken. Referring to fortresses it was assumed that the memorandum must have been written by an artillery officer. Looking over the list of artillery officers who would be in the possession of such information the glance of the investigators fell upon the name of Captain Dreyfus, a Jew, and who more likely than a Jew to betray France for gold? So comparison was made between the writing upon the memorandum, the now famous "bordereau," and samples of Captain Dreyfus's writings. The writings were then submitted to experts and some declared the writing on the bordereau to be that of Dreyfus, others to be a clumsy forgery of his writing.

"Thereupon Dreyfus was arrested. For a long time he was kept in utter ignorance of the evidence held against him. Along in December, 1894, he was put on trial. The authorship of the bordereau he firmly denied; the German military attache denied ever having seen such bordereau, and such denial he has since reiterated, which leaves us in doubt as to whether the famous bordereau ever really saw the inside of the German legation, and, if we believe the German military attache, we are driven to the conclusion that the story of the finding of the bordereau in the German legation was a mere fabrication, a part of the conspiracy gotten up to convict an innocent man of treason.

"But the judges of Dreyfus seemed bent on convicting him of treason, and convict him they did, condemning him to imprisonment for life. So Dreyfus was duly stripped of his military insignia; his sword was broken and the buttons of his military cloak torn off before the garrison of Paris, drawn up to be witness of his humiliation and disgrace, and a great multitude of the Parisian populace and he himself was finally sent off to be imprisoned on Devil's Island, off the coast of French Guiana, where it was believed he would soon succumb to tropical fevers. But Dreyfus has refused to die as he refused to commit suicide when offered every opportunity to do so by the authorities of his Parisian prison.

Three years passed and the case was nearly forgotten, but Dreyfus wife convinced the president of the senate and Emile Zola that her husband was the victim of a vile conspiracy. Then his accusers tried to produce confirmatory evidence and Colonel Henry produced a letter purporting to have been written late in 1896 by the German military attache in Paris to the Italian military attache, suggesting that both should keep the transaction with Dreyfus a strict secret."

Zola was tried and convicted in a manner fully as farcical as that in which Dreyfus was sent to a penal colony.

Such was the documentary proof which M. Cavaignac, the then minister of war, brought forward to confirm the alleged guilt of Dreyfus. He accepted the document presented by Colonel Henry as genuine without any inquiry as to how it was secured, which is but another proof of the outrage upon justice involved in the whole affair.

But the Brisson cabinet a little later thought it might be well to find from Colonel Henry how this document came into his posession. He was called before the cabinet and questioned but could give no intelligible account of how he secured the document, offering as an explanation of his inability to do so, that he had a poor memory for names and that he had absolutely forgotten from whom he got the document. Further pressed he admitted that he had forged the document to serve his superior officers and to further their purposes. Thereupon Colonel Henry was arrested and on the first opportunity he committed suicide.

M. Cavaignac promptly resigned as a result of this turn in the case and a reaction swept over the nation. From the shouts for Dreyfus' life, the people demand a reopening of the trial so that the prisoners' innocence might be proven and the conspirators brought to justice.

It was argued by the opponents of revision that Colonel Henry's suicide did not prove his guilt or the innocence of Dreyfus, as the prisoner was convicted before the forgery of Colonel Henry took place, but this tragic episode served to cast suspicion upon the documentary evidence upon which Dreyfus was convicted for it was in no sense more reliable or genuine than the forgery of Colonel Henry. Thus the higher army officers were brought under suspicion, more especially Major Esterhazy, who played a very important part in the conviction of Dreyfus, and who is accused of being the forger of the bordereau or note on which Dreyfus was convicted, and who now turns up in London as a fugitive, declaring that a soldier should place his conscience as well as his sword at the disposal of his superior officers to advance their purposes. With such evidence staring the French cabinet and people in the face, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case and unless the threats of the army stifles justice, Dreyfus will be set free, and his accusers convicted of the foulest conspiracy. This may placate the masses for a time but they will afterwards clamor for the punishment of the officers who testified against Dreyfus and when these are convicted and thrown into prison, the end of the Dreyfus case may be in sight.

THE SUN'S POLICY TOWARDS DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

When two or more democrats enter a contest for an office or a nomination therefor, it has been the invariable policy of The Sun to refrain from interference unless the interests of the democratic party or the exigencies of the case called for interference. If the candidates were equally capable, equally loyal to the party, and equally deserving, no democratic paper has any right to interfere between them, unless it is evident that a worthy candidate is being covertly used as the tool of designing renegades to bring about party dissension or party defeat. When one of the candidates is manifestly unfit for the office sought, or when he adopts questionable methods to secure an advantage over another candidate, thus jeopardizing the chances of party success and thwarting the manifest will of the majority, then it is not only the province but the duty of a democratic paper to interfere and to point out to the voters where their true interests lie and how the danger may be averted.

This is what The Sun has done in the congressional contest and the result of the caucuses throughout the district shows that The Sun's views on the matter were very generally held or endorsed by the loyal democrats in every town and city of the district.

If after expressing thus fully and freely our opinion of both candidates, our advice had been ignored and repudiated by the nomination of the man whom we opposed, then we should have promptly bowed to the will of the democracy, accepted the judgment of the majority and come out in support of the nominee.

The candidate of the democracy is The Sun's candidate every time and it is gratifying to The Sun to note that it has never been at variance with the loyal democracy of Lowell as to the best candidate to nominate in any case in which we considered it a duty to express a preference.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Builder. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Mfg. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

A PARABLE.

It Shows That It Is a Good Plan to Control Your Own Affairs.

A certain very rich man said unto himself, "I have many interests, and I will turn over the most important of them to a body of men whom I'll choose for a year or two years, and I'll call them a legislature." And he did it and went on his way. And the body of men met and they made money with the rich man's goods and sold some and mortgaged others and despoiled others. And the sutlers and lobbyists flocked around as vultures around a carrion, and the rich man remonstrated and held mass meetings and screamed himself hoarse. And the body of men looked at him derisively and said to itself, "Surely we have worked for these offices and they are ours, and you can't put us out nor reverse our acts, but are bound by them." And they laughed in their sleeves at the rich man.

Again, an election came around, and the rich man chose another set of men of the same sort, and, having untrammeled power, they did likewise. And many moons waxed and waned and the rich man did not seem to learn by experience, but really he was growing very mad, and at last he rose up and said, "I will choose ye as councilors, but ye shall do naught that I do not wish, and ye shall do the things I wish, and I'll veto any acts of yours that I do not like by the referendum, and if ye will not pass the laws I wish I myself will start them by the initiative." And the latter end of that man was better than the former.—Ellwood Pomeroy.

They Are Traitors.

Hot winds and drouth may effect the corn crop, but they can injure it now only to a limited extent. Nebraska's crop of 1898 is sure in the aggregate to yield one of its far famed banner harvests.—Omaha Bee.

The above is not true, and The Bee knows it. There will not be a half crop of corn in Nebraska, and The Bee knows that also. Such articles help the speculators and injure every farmer in the state. Such statements are gleaned from the plutocratic press by the board of trade men and used to bear the markets. The consequence is that our crops are sold at miserably low prices in the fall and winter, and next spring these same papers will come out and say the crop was small, the surplus is exhausted and the prices will go skyward when the farmers have nothing to sell. If the producing classes will refuse to believe any statement in a goldbug paper and will hold on to their grain as they cling to their hope of heaven, they will get a fair price for it after awhile. It is passing strange that in an agricultural state like Nebraska the plutocratic press always favor the men who buy instead of the men who sell; always favor the railroads instead of the people, the speculator instead of the farmer, the creditor instead of the debtor, the rich instead of the poor. They are our enemies instead of our friends. They are traitors to every interest of the commonwealth and ought to be held as public enemies.—Nonconformist.

Colonial Money.

Peter Cooper, discussing colonial paper money, said:

These colonial notes, being adopted by all the colonies, led to an unexpected degree of prosperity, so great that when Franklin was brought before the parliament of Great Britain and questioned as to the cause of the wonderful prosperity growing up in the colonies, he plainly stated that the cause was the convenience they found in exchanging their various forms of labor one with another by the paper money which had been adopted; that this paper money was not only used in the payment of taxes, but in addition it had been declared legal tender. It rose 3 and 3 per cent above the par of gold and silver, as everybody preferred its use. One of its advantages was its security against theft, as it could be easily carried and hidden, on account of its having no bulk, as all kinds of specie must necessarily have. After Franklin explained this to the British government as the real cause of prosperity, they immediately passed laws forbidding the payment of taxes in that money. This produced such great inconvenience and misery to the people that it was the principal cause of the Revolution. A far greater reason for a general uprising than the tea and stamp act was the taking away of the paper money.

Will Pay Twice.

How glad and willing the people would have been to have let Uncle Sam have everything he wanted to carry on the war, from a pair of shoes to a battleship, taking therefor noninterest bearing greenbacks and carrying them till the goverment was ready to redeem them by receiving them for taxes. The people would have taken $200,000,000 of greenbacks and carried them for 20 years, thus saving $120,000,000 of interest money.

As it is the war expenses must be paid twice, once for supplies and once to old Shylock.—Norton's Monthly.

Not For the Farmer.

The "dollar wheat" boasted of by the Republican press leaders is not for the farmers. Last year nine-tenths of the farmers sold their wheat from 60 to 68 cents. In the hands of speculators the same wheat reached $1.85 on the Chicago board. Now, when a new crop is in the hands of the farmers, wheat has dropped to 70 cents. Dollar wheat is not for the farmers.—Vincennes (Ind.) Sun.

Railway Changes.

The McKinley press bureau gives out statistics of the number of railroads which have passed out of the hands of receivers this year. It does not explain that they were bankrupted as a result of plutocratic policies, and that now they are reorganized, with London owners, to whom our western and southern shippers must pay tribute in gold.—Journal of Agriculture.

MANUFACTURERS' PARTY.

The regular 9.30 train out of Boston yesterday reached Lowell promptly on time at 10.09, carrying the excursionists of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, on their trip to the White Mountains. The regular train comprised two parlor cars and four coaches and there were four extra Pullman parlor cars besides. Nearly all the Lowell delegation boarded the train at the northern station. A little hitch in the coupling of the rear cars caused some delay and it was 10.40 when the long train pulled out of the station, bearing a crowd of comfortable and happy looking pleasure-seekers.

DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended for a medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice almost daily and one which is fraught with danger; moreover, the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it accumulated in the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 200-grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones, and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangement and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food, they create a healthy appetite, increase flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in any stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50c. per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the Stuart Co., of Marshall, Mich.

MISSES' SPRING HEEL SHOES

Made from White Bros. Box Calf, in Lace and Button, bottomed with heavy union soles, leather tips and back stays UNMATCHABLE for Comfort and Wear, at the low price of

$1.25 a Pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 26, 27, 28. Wednesday Matinee.
The Laughing Sensation,
Johnnie-THE RAYS-Emma
In their Furiously Funny Comedy,
"A Hot Old Time"
By George M. Cohen. Excellent Specialties, Latest Songs, Magnificent Costumes. "The Show that made the universe laugh."

Three Nights, and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, Sept. 29.
THE MIDNIGHT ALARM.
Great Cast, Great Scenery, Great Effects. Seats on sale at Box Office.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th.
Davis & Keogh's
Latest, Largest Play Production
On Land and Sea
A Dramatic Romance of THE DEEP AND DIXIE. Scenes Surpassingly Sensational and Stupendous.
THE WRECK of the Clipper Ship "Columbia."
A Steam Threshing Machine Introduced in Actual Operation.
REGULAR PRICES.
A THEATRICAL TIDAL WAVE

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 Central street, Lowell.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours: 8 to 9 a. m., 12 to 1.30 and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

DR. WALKER, DENTIST

DON'T YOU WITCH
you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 359 Central St.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER
Is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY OPENING
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
September 29th, 30th and October 1st.

The following array of talent will interest the ladies during our opening display:

Miss Kit McCarthy, Miss D. O'Brien, Miss Emma Abbott, Miss Margaret Harrington, Miss Katie Greer, Miss Katie Gilroy, Miss Elizabeth Holt, Miss Dora B. Ransom, Miss Rose Gosselin, Miss Sallie Fitzpatrick, Miss Genevieve Rourke, Miss Fannie Gosselin, Miss Nellie Comerford, Miss Nellie Tully, Miss Alice Nelson, Miss Severine Leclair, Miss Eva Leclair, Miss Lillian Jaeger, Miss Margaret Maguire, Mrs. Edwin Shattuck, Miss Winnie King and Miss Marie Gilroy.

ROSE JORDAN HARTFORD
JOHN ST., NEAR MERRIMACK.

We Have the Best Line of
Sewing Machines
In New England. 100 on our floor to select from. Prices $16.50 up.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

REMOVAL.
MARK M. PEASE, teacher of Violin, also leader of Pease's Orchestra, formerly at 201 Middlesex street, has removed to No.
90 Appleton St.,
Where he will receive pupils.

FALL OPENING!
Imported AND Domestic Millinery
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1.
MME MAXIME LEPINE
337 MOODY COR. RACE STS.
Ladies are all invited.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE
F. E. Labarge wishes to inform the public that he has opened a store at 400 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall with a
FINE LINE OF FOOTWEAR
For Men, Women and Children,
all styles, at the lowest prices. Be sure and give this also store a visit before purchasing elsewhere if you desire to save money. Remember the place, 400 Merrimack street. This is Lowell's great bargain store
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.

THE BEST TEST
of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the pesky things every time. 359 Central street.

$35 Discount
On One Year Scholarships
To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Bunels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
The N. E. B. U. is the ONLY first-class Business and Shorthand Training School, nearer than Boston, in this part of New England, and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Day Classes Commence Oct. 3.
Evening " " " 17.
New machinery. Catalogue free. Apply early, especially for Art Classes.
WILLIAM W. CROSBY, Prin.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the
TAX LIST FOR 1898,
With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

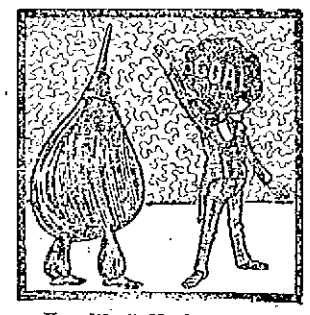
All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN.
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.



You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
218 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $15; his $25 Suits for $20; his $30 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK!
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 100 and 102 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucker, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is about the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 6.625 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 300 buildings have been built on the Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., opp. American House.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 6th at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy, and models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
41 HILDRETH BUILDING.

TERMS OF PEACE

One of Them Considered a Continental Power.

Dickering Not to be Tolerated—Guarantees for Proper Treatment of the Filipinos—Contest of the Cuban Debt.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The freedom with which the Spanish minister for foreign affairs has given publicity to the instructions to the Spanish peace commissioners as to the disposition of the Philippines has given rise to the suspicion that there is behind it a deliberate purpose to draw out in advance the position of the American commissioners on this point.

There is beside this apparent purpose, a veiled threat in the last instructions, not under any circumstances to allow the United States to interfere with any disposition of the islands outside of those retained by the United States, such as Luzon, that Spain may see fit to make. This is believed to be an invitation to some continental power to step forward in support of Spain in this extremity in the hope of receiving as a quid pro quo one of the Philippines as a coaling or naval station.

Although the American commissioners have successfully resisted all attempts to ascertain the exact nature of their instructions, something is known of their general character, and it may be stated on this point of the final disposition of such of the Philippine islands as are not held by the United States that, while the president has nowhere directly admitted any obligation to the insurgents, yet, so long as they carry out their part and avoid a rupture with our forces in Manila, he feels that any arrangement that shall be made by the commission for the final disposition of the islands, the insurgents shall not be placed at the mercy of the Spanish government without gurantee for their proper treatment. By an extension of this same view, it is unlikely that he would care to allow them to be turned over to another power that might oppressively treat them, especially without the consent of the natives.

Then there are strong strategic reasons why the United States should refuse to sanction the cession of any of the Philippine islands to any other nation to serve as a naval base. It has been explained to the American commissioners that by the possession of the island of Luzon on the north and the island of Palawan on the south, the United States would control the great gateway for the large traffic that passes between China and Australia, as well as the myriad islands of the south Pacific.

It is noted at the state department that the Spanish minister is reported to have directed the Spanish commissioners to make a firm stand regarding the Cuban debt, and the Philippine loan of 1886, if Luzon is ceded to the United States. So far as the Philippine loan is concerned, that subject might properly come before the peace commission, but Judge Day, just before his departure, in answer to a question as to whether any matters relative to Cuba would come before the commission, pointed to the language of the protocol to show that the proper function of the commission was to be found in the disposal of the future of the Philippine islands, intimating that no question touching Cuba in any phase would be considered by the commission.

LAZY AND LAWLESS

Are the Cuban Insurgents Reported to be.

They Demand Tribute of Those Who Labor—Gen. Wood Refused to Send Them the Supplies Asked.

Santiago, Sept. 28.—One of the largest sugar planters in Cuba, who has arrived from Manzanillo, reports the conditions there to be worse than ever. The insurgents refuse to grant permission for the carrying on of work on the plantations, and the Spanish officials decline to furnish protection to those desiring to work. Since the cessation of hostilities the insurgents have confiscated the planter's provisions, destroyed a number of valuable pictures, made his carpets into saddle cloths, torn and trampled curtains, and broken glasses worth $500 each. They are encamped in numbers in Campechuela, where they compel small vessels which fall into their hands to hoist the Cuban flag.

The Cubans requested General Wood to send to Manzanillo food and clothing. They declared that there is much suffering there, but private advices deny absolutely the stories of destitution and declare that work is obtainable, but that the Cubans will not work. Wood refused therefore to send the supplies asked for.

GENERAL WOOD.

William Stakeman, before the war American consul in Manzanillo, paid a visit to General Wood. He recounted many lawless acts on the part of the insurgents, who, he declares, demand tribute from everyone, terrorize peaceful people and threaten the confiscation of the property of merchants and planters. Many persons say that the recognition of the Cubans has not been granted because the bandits make work and progress impossible. There is a general feeling of alarm in Manzanillo over the departure of the Spanish troops, and the arrival of American soldiers is anxiously awaited.

General Wood has asked permission from the Washington government to appoint Demetrio Castillo, special chief of his Cuban staff, to represent him in dealing with the Cuban insurgents in the country districts.

News received from Puerto Principe is to the effect that there is much sickness among the Spanish troops. There are now 9000 Spanish soldiers in the province and fully half of them are suffering from scurvy and dysentery. The Cubans hold the country and refuse to permit fresh provisions to be carried into the cities.

Reports from Guinea say that no farmer, land holder or tenant has turned his hand to sowing crops in that vicinity, and the district will have no potatoes, tobacco, cane, cabbage or other vegetables this year. This will add to the distress in the district. The next six months will see a great deal of want and misery in the vicinity. This state of affairs is directly due to the unsettled condition of the country and the attitude of a certain portion of the Cubans, who openly threaten hostility to the United States and are preparing to wage a guerilla warfare against the Americans if any form of government short of absolute independence for the Cubans is established in the island. This matter is openly discussed in the meeting places of the Cubans, the plan finding many advocates among certain classes of people.

The system of civil government established by General Wood is practically complete and in good working order. Major McCleary, formerly attorney general for Texas and a Spanish soldier, has been appointed mayor, and the Spanish officials are giving place to Cubans. General Wood says he does not know the capabilities of the men taking office, who are chosen by a committee of 50 prominent Cubans, whom he believes to be honest and conscientious. This committee recommends men who its members think would be efficient in the various offices to be filled. The choice of men by the committee must be unanimous, and must be made over the signatures of the entire 50 members. General Wood finds that the plan works admirably. Lieutenant Blount has been appointed to codify the Cuban laws.

OXLEY ARRAIGNED

The Young Man is Charged With Manslaughter;

HELD IN $3,000 TILL NEXT SATURDAY.

The Police Continue Their Investigation

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 27.—The chief event today in the Yellow Mill pond tragedy was the arraignment of Harry Oxley, now known officially as Albert H. Oxley, in the city court on the charge of manslaughter. At the request of prosecuting attorney Bartlett, the case was continued until Saturday without any testimony being taken, and bond was fixed at $3000. It is expected that the necessary bonds will be furnished this afternoon.

The two colored women, Mrs. Rose Drayton and her daughter Charabel, who formerly were employed in the Guilford household, were on the rack at police headquarters for nearly four hours this forenoon but the officials maintain that nothing could be gleaned from the women.

An effort was also made to get Oxley to talk, but he replied that on the advice of counsel he had nothing to say.

Some of the plumbing in the Guilford house was examined this morning and two traps were taken to the police headquarters.

CHILD KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Salem, Mass., Sept. 27.—Christopher C., the four year old son of Dennis Shea, was instantly killed this noon in the coal handling machinery of Lehigh & Wilkesbarre Coal company on Philips wharf, here.

The child had been playing about the machine which was idle and the engineer knowing nothing of the boy's presence, started up. The little one was caught and his body ground to pulp. The accident was not discovered until the machinery stopped. In trying to locate the break the pieces of the body were found.

YOUNGEST VOLUNTEER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, Mass., Sept. 27.—A despatch received here today from Porto Rico, announces the death of Carl Hart, of Company I, Sixth Massachusetts regiment. He was a son of Deputy Supt. Carl S. Hart of the Massachusetts Reformatory and was the youngest member of his company, if not of his regiment, being 16 years of age. He and his brother enlisted under the second call of President McKinley. He was very popular here and upon the receipt of the news of his death all the flags were placed at half mast. It is thought the body will be brought home by Rev. Loren B. McDonald, who is now in Porto Rico after the body of P. H. Hosmer.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Uxbridge, Mass., Sept. 27.—James Hartshorn died late last night from injuries received at the hands of unkown persons while walking from Millville to Uxbridge one night last week in company with a friend, named John Brick. Both men were intoxicated. In a post mortem statement Hartshorn said he was set upon by three men and kicked in the abdomen.

His companion, Brick, stated to the deputy sheriff this morning that they visited a roadhouse on the Ironstone road.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. John Stack, the enterprising Concord street provision dealer, and Miss Mary A. Gardner of Manchester, N. H., were unite d in marriage Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Immaculate Conception parochial residence. The bride was prettily attired in a silk costume and carried bride's roses. Rev. William D. Joyce, O.M.I., pastor of the Immaculate Conception church, pronounced the words which made the principals man and wife for life. The wedding party started from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Conway, 82 Pleasant street, to the rectory. The bride was attended by her sister, Jennie Gardner of Manchester, N. H., and the best man was Patrick Stack, brother of the groom. The bridesmaid wore a handsome gown.

Following the performance of the ceremony, a wedding reception was held at the future home of the happy couple on Concord street, where a supper to friends was given, after which Mr. and Mrs. Stack left on a brief honeymoon. The wedding gifts received occupied all the available space in the large drawing room on Concord street and were from friends in Manchester and Lowell, both parties being very popular in their respective cities. Among the Manchester guests were the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Gardner, and the sisters, Lizzie and Jennie and the brother, George.

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE
(U. S. and Royal Mail Steamer)
S.S. "CANADA" (New)
5000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:
THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1.30 P. M.
S. S. New England
THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 3.00 P. M.
ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.
Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.
Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.
Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $78.37; Steerage Passage $26.
For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 103 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to
Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen street; E. B. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, O. A. Bernston, 780 Gorham street.

REPUBLICANS MEET

Black Men Concede Nomination to Roosevelt.

They Still Insist That He is Ineligible to Hold the Office if Elected.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 27.—Every climatic condition necessary for complete happiness faced the delegates to the state republican convention this morning. The hour set for assembling was 12 o'clock. At 9.30 o'clock the reply to all questions as to the progress of the various candidates was "No change" and it became evident that the Black forces expected to beaten in the convention on the first ballot if Mr. Roosevelt should not be withdrawn before that time. The attitude of the Black men at 10 o'clock was best described briefly by the statement of one of the most ardent of the governor's supporters, who said:

"If Mr. Roosevelt's name goes into the convention, he will receive the nomination on the first ballot without any doubt. We have never claimed we could beat him, but we still insist that he is not an eligible candidate and that in nominating him the republican party puts itself and him in jeopardy. It would be unwise to withdraw Governor Black as a candidate until Mr. Roosevelt is really nominated, as there might possibly be at the last minute a decision for some other candidate, Governor Black will be placed in nomination in the convention."

In both Mr. Platt's and Mr. Aldridge's quarters this morning, it was announced that there was little or no attention being paid to the ticket except the head, though it was asserted that Lieutenant Governor Woodruff would be re-nominated and that William J. Morgan of Erie would receive the comptrollership.

At 12.30 o'clock, Chairman H. H. Odell, of the republican state committee, called the convention to order.

When Mr. T. C. Platt arose to make a substitution in Tioga county, making the roll call of delegates, there was a round of applause which turned into an ovation when somebody asked for three cheers.

There were several substitutions that suggested political discipline. For instance, Leonard Moody was put in place of former district leader Jacob Worth of Brooklyn and ex-Mayor William L. Strong was forced to make room for John Sabin Smith.

The roll call concluded the announcement was made that Sereno E. Payne was named for chairman.

When Chairman Payne in his address mentioned the names of Dewey, Sampson, and Schley they were cheered to the echo, and when he alluded to the fight at El Caney, the Roosevelt picture was hoisted up and was greeted with a volume of cheers. Mr. Payne finished his speech at 1.16 p. m., and the routine business was taken up.

The only committee of any consequence was that upon resolution on the platform of which Gen. Stuart L. Woodford was made chairman. The others were practically without anything to do.

At 1.25 the convention took a recess until 2.30 o'clock.

It is expected that all of the work of the convention can be finished before midnight.

SEC'Y ALGER

His Letter to McKinley Made Public.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27.—The letter of Secretary Alger to the president asking for an investigation of the war department has been made public, as follows:

War Department, Sept. 27, 1898.

To the President:

I have the honor to ask that a board consisting of from five to seven members of the most distinguished soldiers and civilians that can be selected be appointed by you, with full power to investigate thoroughly every bureau of the war department, in connection with the mustering, clothing, supplying and arming of troops, transportation, the letting of contracts and chartering vessels, and all expenditures of every kind as well as orders issued by this department,—indeed, everything connected with the army be thoroughly investigated for your information.

(Signed) R. A. Alger,
Secretary of War.

The war investigation commission resumed its labors at 10 o'clock today in the Lemon building.

With a letter sent to the secretary of war were enclosed questions indicating the character of information desired at the hands of the surgeon general, the quartermaster general, the subsistence department, the ordnance department, and the adjutant general.

The resolutions adopted by the commissioners:

Resolved:

First—That the secretary of war, the adjutant general, commissary general and the surgeon general, be required to transmit to this commission all complaints that have been received by them since April 1, 1898, touching the conduct of the war.

Resolved:

Second—That this commission invites and is ready and will receive and consider all complaint about the management of any of the various branches of the war department from any person or persons. That we respectfully request that such complaints be made in writing, stating facts that the party knows to his knowledge, plainly, and in detail, giving names of any officers or enlisted men who may be charged with misconduct or incompetency, addressed to the secretary of the commission at Washington, D. C.

DEWEY'S ACT

Approved by the Navy Department.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27—The official account of the seizure by Admiral Dewey of the filibustering steamer Abby, as reported in the press despatches, is contained in the following cablegram received from the admiral today at the navy department:

Manila, Sept. 27, 1898.

Having received information that the American steamer Abby left Macao September 21st with a cargo of arms for Batangas, I sent the McCulloch. She arrived at Batangas on the 23rd and found her in the harbor, having arrived three days earlier and landed the cargo. There were only Filipinos on board. They refused to give any information and had no papers whatever. We seized and brought her here where we are now holding her. This steamer was formerly the Pasig and is registered as an American vessel. The United States consulate at Canton has information that she made one voyage of the same kind already.

(Signed) —Dewey.

The navy department very promptly approved Admiral Dewey's action, as indicated by the following cablegram, which was sent him today:

Washington, Sept. 27, 1898.

Dewey, Manila,

Your action in seizing the American owned vessel Abby, approved. She is amenable to martial jurisdictions for any violation of neutrality.

(Signed) —Long.

Royal ABSOLUTELY THE BEST!
In style, fit, finish and durability they have no equal.
Superiority Unquestioned. Great variety of styles, lengths, colors and sizes.
Ask to see the new style, 515, French model, short hip, low bust.
Best fitting and most comfortable corset for ONE DOLLAR.
Sold by all first-class dealers.
Worcester
If your dealer can't supply you, write us and we will furnish you through the nearest dealer.
Worcester Corset Co., Worcester, Mass.
Corsets

A TERRIBLE STORM

Raged Around Lakes Ontario and Erie.

Six Persons Were Killed and Six Others Fatally Injured.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 27.—A special from Niagara Falls, Ontario, says:

The most appalling storm in the history of the Niagara peninsula passed last night over the strip of land between Lakes Ontario and Erie, passing almost parallel with Welland Canal, cutting a swath 300 feet wide through the peninsula, cutting some off. A portion of it went almost at right angles with the main path of the cyclone and took in Tonawanda. It struck St. Catharine's, Merriton, and Grantham, Ont., hardest.

The number of lives lost is estimated today at six. At least six more are fatally injured.

As far as known the dead are:

Ina Moffatt, 11 years of age, killed at the collapse of the Ward school at Merriton.

Clara O'Neil, 27 years of age, killed at the fall of the Lincoln Paper mill, Merriton.

Mrs. John Bickley, killed by fall of debris of Orange Hall.

—— Aiken, a young girl, killed at Grantham by fall of a house.

—— Aiken, his sister, killed at same place.

Unknown woman, rumored to be killed at Stamford while picking grapes.

The fatally injured are:

Kennis Nestor crushed at Lincoln Mill.

Mary Welsh, hurt by falling timbers at Lincoln Mill.

James McCarthy, crushed by roof of Lincoln Mill.

Mary O'Neil, crushed by fall of Lincoln Mill.

Robert Barclay, caught in the fall of mill.

The seriously injured are:

H. J. Doyle, Merriton.

James Murray Merriton.

A. B. Jenkins, Grantham.

Besides these, there are a score of young children, who were hurt by the fall of the schoolhouse of Merriton.

YELLOW FEVER

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Surgeon General Wyman has received the following message from the state board of health at New Orleans:

New Orleans, Sept. 26, 1898.

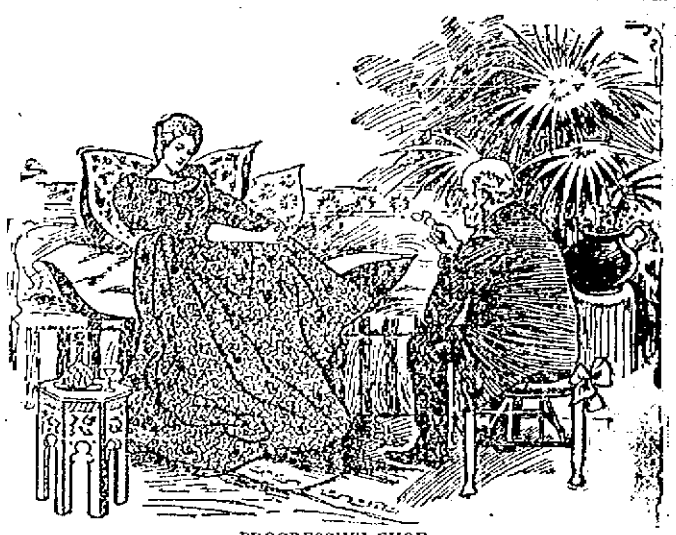
Twenty-six cases mild type of yellow fever in Wilson, La. Town and parish quarantined. Source of infection untraceable.

THE MOHAWK.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bath, Me., Sept. 27.—The ocean liner Mohawk, which was purchased near the close of the war by the government for transportation purposes arrived here this forenoon from Brooklyn for extensive changes, which will be made at the Bath Iron Works, making the steamer a permanent transport ship, which will accommodate 2600.

White Ostrich Feathers
"White ostrich feathers are easily cleaned by soaking five minutes in warm suds made from Fairy Soap. Draw them lightly through the hand, rinse in warm, clear water, and dry by shaking over the stove. Re-curl by drawing each little barb over the dull edge of a knife or scissors."
—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.
FAIRY SOAP
Pure—White—Floating.
The Soap of the Century.
Sold everywhere in three convenient sizes for the toilet, bath and laundry.
FREE Send us your name, address, and five Fairy Soap wrappers, to address office below, and we will mail you free a copy of a beautiful painting in water colors entitled, "Fairy Tales," by the celebrated artist, Leon Moran. Size 17½x22 inches, without lettering, ready for framing.
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.



PROGRESSIVE CURE.

Mrs. Williams: "How is it, Doctor, that you who always object so strongly to patent medicines, make an exception of Ripans Tabules? Aren't you rather inconsistent?"

Doctor Brown: "Not in the least, Mrs. Williams. Every disease manifests itself in several different stages, one after another. When any one is suffering from digestive disorder he usually imagines it is a very simple matter instead of a very complicated one, and makes the mistake of relying upon some single drug which only affects one stage of the complaint, leaving the others to take care of themselves or develop into something worse than the original trouble.

"An intelligent physician aims at a progressive course of treatment to meet the different phases of a case, step by step, each with its appropriate remedy, and beats the disease at each successive point of attack, so that when the final symptoms are overcome, the disease is thoroughly routed. Physicians recommend Ripans Tabules because they are compounded upon this very principle of overcoming disease progressively.

"In nervous indigestion or costiveness the Tabules act successively upon the different organs involved and overcome each symptom in turn. Headache, sour stomach and nervous depression are relieved almost immediately. The bowels are affected more gradually but surely and thoroughly; and what is of more account, the relief and benefit to the entire system is permanent. That is what physicians call scientific cure. That is why I recommend Ripans Tabules."

A new style packet containing TEN ANTI-FAT LEG in a paper notion (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores for FIVE CENTS. This low priced sort is intended for the poor, and has economical. One dozen of the five cent cartons (100 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

TRIENNIAL CONCLAVE

OF THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 11.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27—When the Knights Templar of America convene in triennial conclave here October 11, the city promises to give them a welcome that will surpass in splendor any of the many notable like reunions of the past. The president of the United States is to honor the event by his presence and this will add thousands to the hundreds of thousands who would under any circumstances, throng the streets of Pittsburg. The parade is to be the finest spectacle of its kind ever seen in the country. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, grand marshal, has issued his general orders and the general program of the parade and reception of Grand Master Warren La Rue Thomas. In anticipation of the final signing of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States, this display of templar pomp and grandeur is to be turned into a glorious celebration of American victories, a congratulation to the army and navy for the magnificent work accomplished, and an invocation for the future success of American arms.

With this idea in view, the parade for the first time in the history of templarism in America, will be formed on military lines. Many of the commanders and staff officers in line will be veterans of recent battles on sea and land, some of them the most notable figures of the war.

The grandest electrical display in the history of the world will be on view in Pittsburg during the week. Some of the special designs will be as follows: Heroic sized revolving figure of St. George, and heroic sized figures of ancient Knights Templar, both on foot and on horseback. Maltese crosses and heraldic emblems of all kinds will be shown also.

One prominent building will show illuminated portraits of Dewey, Hobson, Schley, Wheeler, Roosevelt and other heroes of the Spanish war, with their names in electricity at the base of each picture. On the roofs of the highest buildings in Pittsburg and Allegheny will be placed very powerful searchlights and in the streets will be located at regular intervals brilliantly illuminated arches. There will be no darkness in either city throughout the week.

There will be 2400 incandescent and 40 arc lights used in Duquesne Garden for illumination during the banquet and reception. For the banquet, a large circular table will be set on a raised platform in the center of the hall, at which President McKinley and other notables, the officers of the Grand Encampment, Toastmaster Thomas J. Shirock, grand commander of Baltimore, and the speakers will be seated. From this centre the other tables will radiate in the form of a sunburst, so arranged that each guest will be able to view the centre table without changing his position. One thousand invitations to this banquet will be sent out on next Wednesday all over the country. Boston will lead the grand parade, by virtue of having the oldest charter.

The meeting is to be important in other respects as well. Not only is the constitution and digest to be revised, but it is expected that the question of building a magnificent temple in Wilmington, as headquarters for the Grand Encampment and permanent resting place for archives will be taken up and acted upon.

Knights Templar and Their Emblems.

GRAND OFFICERS.

Warren LaRue Thomas of Maysville, Kentucky, grand master of the grand encampment was born at Elizabethtown, Kentucky, on the 26th day of January, 1845, his parents being Joseph H. Thomas, and Amanda LaRue Thomas. When a youth Sir Knight Thomas' parents moved to Danville, Kentucky, where, after being prepared, he was educated at Center college, one of Kentucky's most famous institutions of learning. Upon the completion of his education, he was engaged for a few years in the mercantile business, but was induced to give that up for the purpose of going into the life insurance business, and for the last 20 years has given his time and attention to that pursuit.

As soon as he became of age he petitioned the Masons and at once received the degrees in the lodge, chapter and council. He became interested in the beautiful workings of the order and soon became a member of the grand bodies of the state. After filling various subordinate positions in both bodies, he was, in October, 1880, elected grand master of the grand lodge, and grand high priest of the grand chapter, filling both positions the same year. He had already occupied the chair of grand master of the grand council, royal and select masters.

In October, 1872, Sir Knight Thomas received the Knight Templar orders in DeMolay commandery, 12, Louisville, Kentucky, preparatory to organizing a commandery at his home in Danville.

In February, 1873, he assisted in the forming of Ryan commandery, 17, and was the first captain general of that commandery, afterward holding the office of eminent commander for two years.

In 1874, at the meeting of the grand commandery of Kentucky, he was elected to the office of grand senior warden, and after regular promotion, was elected grand commander in May, 1878.

In 1871 Sir Knight Thomas attended the meeting of the grand encampment in New Orleans, as the proxy of the grand commander of Kentucky, and has been present at every meeting since that time.

At Chicago, in 1880, he was elected to the office of grand junior warden, and at each triennial conclave since has received regular promotion, having been elected deputy grand master at Denver in 1892 and grand master in Boston in 1895.

Reuben H. Lloyd, deputy grand master of the grand encampment, is one of the foremost lawyers of California, and has been identified with many of the famous cases for which that state is noted. He has been an active Mason for over thirty years and has devoted most of his time in the Masonry to the Knights Templars. During his career he has held all of the subordinate offices in the order.

Though well along in years, Sir Knight Lloyd is still young in appearance. He has never married, but during his lifetime he devoted his attentions solely to his mother.

Mr. Lloyd is also a litterateur of no mean degree and he has always kept up with the literature of the times. His favorite author is Scott. His home is in San Francisco.

THE OFFICIAL BADGE.

The features of the badge for 1898 are: The seal of the grand encampment, now used for the first time as the central emblem of an official souvenir badge. The selection of materials used is indicative of some of the industries of Pittsburg. The glass keystone, the iron Maltese cross and the aluminum sunburst.

The entire badge is harmonious in color, built up on correct Heraldic lines, upon suitable emblems of hard metal, richly enameled and heavily gold plated, making a souvenir of great value. Each badge is enclosed in a handsome satin lined box, bearing certificate of its official character and its official number, in addition to which each badge has stamped upon its reverse side the inscription, "Official Souvenir Badge, No. —."

HAPPY MOTHERS AND HEALTHY CHILDREN.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Goes Straight to the Cause of All Female Troubles and Assures a Healthy Maternity.

Mrs. M. Singer, 104 Hudson Ave., Rochester, N. Y., writes to Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

"When I applied to you for advice I had been suffering some years from debility, nervousness, etc. I had had several miscarriages and was pregnant when I wrote to you.

"I am grateful to say that after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was considerably better, and after using three more it brought me where I am to-day. I am well, and the mother of a three-months' old baby.

"Doctors had failed to help me. I have no one to thank but Mrs. Pinkham and her wonderful remedy."

Mrs. Ella Duncan, Reeder's Mills, Iowa, writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I thank you for what your medicine and advice have done for me.

"I have a baby two months old. When he was born I was sick only fifteen minutes, whereas with my other children I was sick for two or three days, and also suffered with my left leg, and could get nothing to relieve the pain but morphine. My leg did not trouble me at all this time. I had no after pains and was not as weak as I had been before.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly. May God bless you in your noble work."

Mrs. J. W. Pruett, Medford, Oregon, says:

"My health, also the baby's, we owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. John W. Long, Wyoming, Iowa, writes:

"I had shooting pains all over my body, was very weak and nervous. I could not straighten up. I wished to become a mother but was afraid I never could. Seventeen months ago I got some of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking half a bottle was much relieved. I took four bottles and was cured. Now I have a big baby boy which I feel I owe to your Compound. Many thanks for your kind advice."

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

DARING ROBBERY

Of a Bank By An Armed Gang.

BLEW UP THE BANK AND SHOT THE CASHIER.

Two of the Gang Arrested With Boodle.

Frankfort, Ind., Sept. 28.—One of the boldest and most successful bank robberies that ever occurred in this section of the state was perpetrated at Flora, a small town 10 miles north of this city, yesterday morning. The bank is a private corporation, with William Lannam acting as cashier. At 3 o'clock he was awakened by the noise of a terrific explosion, which shattered the windows in his residence, 50 yards from the bank. Getting up and going to the bank, which was in a brick building, he found the entire building demolished. As he started inside he was fired upon with a shotgun, the charge taking effect in his face and blowing out one eye.

The noise of the explosion aroused the town, and a crowd gathered. It was soon learned that the bank had been blown to pieces with dynamite, pieces of it having been blown across the street. The robbers secured between $12,000 and $15,000.

Cashier Lannam probably will die. The robbers escaped upon a handcar which they left at Sedalia, five miles north of here. The whole country was aroused, and two of the robbers were caught with the larger part of the stolen money.

PERSONAL.

Edward Looney of the Cadet band, played with the Cummings band of Nashua yesterday. His services have been engaged for today by a Pepperell organization.

MORE SHIPS FOR BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 28.—In addition to the double turreted monitor, the Amphitrite, and the gunboat Annapolis, five other ships have been ordered to the Charlestown yard. They are the Vicksburg, Newark, Newport, Vulcan and Montgomery.

A case involving the question as to who are the legal officers of the New England Mortgage Security company was before Judge Lathrop in the supreme court yesterday. It is a factional fight between the stockholders.

Arrangements for the funeral of Fanny Davenport were completed yesterday. The body will be brought to Boston from South Duxbury Thursday forenoon, and on reaching the city will be taken to Trinity church, where the services will be held.

Another ring of electric lights around the dome of the state house was lighted last night, completing the illumination of Boston's famous landmark. The dome is now lighted by a row at the base, a double row at the top of the main portion, and another row round the lantern.

The Journal says that it is practically decided that Samuel Reade, Jr., of Marblehead will be the Democratic candidate for governor. It is understood that the candidate for lieutenant governor will be Mr. Slattery of South Framingham.

The many friends of Mr. John J. Brine, foreman of the mammoth printing department of the J. C. Ayer company, will be pleased to learn that he is again at the factory after a five weeks' siege of rheumatic fever which caused his confinement in St. John's hospital. During the absence of Mr. Brine, the entire charge of the department was assumed with remarkable success by Mrs. Mary E. Tobin, the talented proofreader of the establishment. The gentler sex in command is certainly an innovation and the thorough manner in which the young lady carried out the arduous duties of the position is an indisputable argument for the intellectual equality of the sexes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100 of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney, have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the first class as innholders at Nos. 20 and 22 Market street, in all rooms and cellar, of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.
Joseph Smith, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the fourth class as retail dealer at Nos. 20 and 22 Market street in all rooms and cellar of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.
Joseph Smith, Clerk.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK,

Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.

The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cabs and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.

The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.

The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.

JAMES & MEYER, Props.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York,

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL.
[One block from Broadway cars.]

Rooms, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.

Good beds—good food—quiet airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district.

Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

POLICE TEAM.

CLOSES SEASON WITH CHAMPIONSHIP RECORD.

The police base ball season has been closed by the order of the manager.

The season was a very successful one, eclipsing all former attempts at running a first class performance with artists in the cast.

Eight victories and two hard fought defeats is the creditable standing of the "baton swingers," and every man who wore the uniforms is happy as a result.

The last game played was at the Elks outing, when the nine of the "gentility-lovers," succumbed to the masterly movements of the Market street building inhabitants.

Throughout the year the members of the local force have watched with happiness the progress of their "diamond," and it is likely that one of the dances on the Police Relief association's order this winter will be dedicated to "Our Base Ball Team."

To Martin Maher, whom every one admits to be a scientific tosser and his gallant work, is due the grand success of the aggregation.

Then there was "Will" Burnett—he was Engineer Maher's assistant, or fireman, so to speak.

No rapid or slow balls could escape him either at the bat or in the field, and as a hustler for games he was without a peer. Take the Mysteries of Centralville for example. What would they have attained in the field this year if it hadn't been under the guidance of Will? Hey? Nothing. The police base ball team is all right and so is every member of it.

MR. SHAW'S APPEAL.

Mr. Shaw of North Chelmsford, candidate for sheriff, has sent out the following circular to the voters of the county:

North Chelmsford, Sept. 24, 1898.

Dear Sir:—

Permit me to announce to you my candidacy for the nomination of sheriff of Middlesex county by the republican party, and to ask your support for the same if it is not inconsistent with any position that you may have taken already regarding the matter. As you are well aware the present incumbent of the office has held the position since 1893 when he was appointed by Governor Butler to fill the unexpired term of Sheriff Fiske, deceased. He has had a long and honorable service, but the question arises, whether there should not be a rotation of office after a reasonable time? It was this principle on which the government was founded and it is a good one, as it keeps the offices in touch with the people and is the safeguard of the people's rights. Since my candidacy was first announced, I have received much encouragement from all parts of the county and expect to go into the convention with a generous proportion of the delegates, although there are two other candidates. I would like your support, and am willing to pledge to all such an administration of the office, if I am so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, as will preserve its reputation with all its responsibilities.

I am very truly yours,
—Elisha H. Shaw.

FR. MURPHY

TENDERED A BANQUET BY HIS FRIENDS.

At a banquet given at the Hotel Thorndike, Boston, last evening, to the Rev. P. B. Murphy, chaplain of the Ninth Massachusetts, the latter took occasion to answer those who had accused him of not pushing forward to the fighting line with his regiment at Santiago.

The banquet itself was given by the many friends of the chaplain, both from the laity and clergy alike. The state was represented by Colonel Sohier of the governor's staff, and on behalf of the city, Senator John Quinn attended. Those present included:

The Rev. P. Boyle, the Rev. F. Hannerin, the Rev. T. Tobin, Rev. E. J. Curtin, Rev John McHugh, Rev. J. J. Shaw, Rev. R. S Burke, of Lowell, Rev. D. J. Gleason, Rev. M. O'Brien of Lowell, Rev. A. Teeling, Rev. Charles Glennon, Rev Patrick Walsh, Rev. John Colbert, Rev. Samuel Splane, Rev. Fr. O'Callaghan, Messrs. Thomas Tobin, D. A. Mahoney, William P. O'Connor, M. C. Mears, John F. Cronan, James Casey, Michael Burke, J. F. Callahan, John Quinn, James F. Burke, Charles Linnehan.

Father Murphy was also pleasantly surprised during the evening by being presented with a solid gold medal by the Hon. John Cronan, on behalf of the chaplain's friends. On one side of the medal is the coat of arms of Massachusetts, a rustic altar, being a representation of the altar at South Framingham, where Father Murphy celebrated mass just before the departure of the Ninth. On the other side, there is represented a priest administering the last rites of the church to a dying soldier. There is also this inscription: "Presented to the Rev. P. B. Murphy by friends at a banquet given in Boston, Mass., Sept. 27, 1898."

DRACUT REPUBLICANS.

The republicans of Dracut held their caucuses last night. The following town committee was chosen: D. N. Cluff, C. C. Udell, George Fox, A. Hamblett, G. Brown, A. Bryant, G. Stevens, E. Morgan and G. Richardson.

Moderator Stevens then made a report of the delegates elected who were as follows: State, Edward A. Stevens, and G. Brown; county, T. Connell and A. Hamblett; councillor, A. Stickney and A. E. Bryant; congressional, J. W. Peabody and C. Stickney; senatorial, W. Varnum and C. C. Udell; representative, C. Jones, C. Jacques and D. N. Cluff.

MUSIC HALL

"THE MIDNIGHT ALARM."

"The Midnight Alarm" which will open a three days' engagement at Music Hall Thursday, Sept. 29, will fill the bill for those who like sensational melodrama. The play is well staged and is full of life and action from start to finish. There are constant thrills from the rising of the curtain in the first act until it goes down in the last. The play is handsomely staged and presents the most thrilling and realistic scenes ever witnessed on the stage.

POLICE BOARD.

At a regular meeting of the board of police Tuesday night the following licenses were granted:

Junk collector—Michael Roberts, 169 Middlesex street.

Intelligence office—Lizzie A. Black, 34 John street.

Common victuallers—Sarah Z. Gamble, 211 Appleton street; Delia Lachapelle, 709 Dutton street; Bridget Guerin, 98 Smith street; Alexine Lachappelle, 22 Cabot street; Mary Crowe, 938 Gorham street; Tullie Bombardir, 12 Lakeview avenue.

Joao Silva was given leave to withdraw on his application for a pool and billiard license.

Joseph G. Denis was appointed a special police officer for the church of St. Jean Baptiste, Merrimack street.

The pool and billiard license of Addison Wilson, 28 Merrimack street, was revoked.

MISS NORCROSS' TALKS.

Miss Rebecca Crosby Norcross opened her fourth series of informal talks at her home, 199 Sherman street, yesterday. There was a large number of ladies present, and in the few moments of social intercourse preceding the talk, friend and neighbor chatted pleasantly, as is the custom at these gatherings in this hospitable home. Miss Norcross will discuss topics relating to the recent war, and yesterday reviewed briefly the causes which led to hostilities between the United States and Spain, and by means of a large map, which was finely drawn and colored by herself, she brought plainly to mind the relations of the United States with those places so much discussed of late,—Cuba, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands and Hawaii. The result was a most entertaining and instructive hour devoted to the interests of our country, and upon topics upon which it is well to keep well posted. Miss Norcross showed much thought and study in the preparation of her paper, which was given to h[illegible] as in an agreeable and attractive manner.

You can [illegible] the best fuel for domestic [illegible] Charles A. [illegible], 222 Central street.

DEATHS.

PRATT—Mrs. Ellen Shaw Pratt, wife of Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt, of 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, died from the shock of a surgical operation at St. Mark's hospital in New York city Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt had been a great sufferer for many years and having failed rapidly within the last two weeks, it was decided at a council of doctors in Springfield that an operation was necessary. Accordingly she was taken by her husband to St. Mark's hospital in New York city last Tuesday. The operation was performed Thursday afternoon at 1 o'clock and the patient rallied and rested quietly during Friday. She then began sinking rapidly and a telegram received Sunday morning announced that her husband had given up all hope. Mrs. Pratt lingered throughout the day and night without much change, but sank rapidly Monday, dying at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt was the daughter of the late Dea. John Shaw of Wales. She went from that place to Rhode Island at an early age. When a young girl she attended a boarding school in Worcester, afterward graduating from a school in Rochester, N. Y. She and Rev. Mr. Pratt knew each other in childhood and soon after her graduation they were married in the early '60's, at the former home of his mother, Mrs. L. S. Pratt, on Cedar street, Springfield. Rev. Mr. Pratt soon took charge of a Baptist pastorate in Salem, and later lived in this city and other cities. They have made Springfield their home for about fifteen years. During this time Rev. Mr. Pratt has been a travelling evangelist for the Baptist church. His wife has accompanied him on many of his tours, and spent the winter two years ago in California. She had hoped to accompany her husband on his travels during the coming winter. Mrs. Pratt leaves, besides her husband and his mother, who made her home with her son, an adopted daughter, two brothers living in Warren, a step-mother and half brother living in Monson. The funeral will be held at her late home, 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Edward J. Cryan, the Sun news agent, is in New York.

COTTON Is KING

and the famous vegetable shortening, the crowning product of the cotton plant—

COTTOLENE

is a royal aid to good cooking, right living and health. Let lard alone.

Use COTTOLENE.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to five pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

COMMISSION READY

For the Investigation of the War Department.

Hearsay Evidence Will Not be Accepted—Questions Which the Officials Expect Answered.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The commission to inquire into the treatment of the soldiers invites and will receive and consider all complaints about the management of any of the various branches of the war department from any person or persons. Such complaints must be made in writing, stating facts that the party knows of his knowledge plainly and in detail, and giving names of any officers or enlisted men who may be charged with misconduct or incompetency

Letters were sent to the secretary of war, enclosing a list of inquiries to the secretary, and to the heads of the various divisions of the war department, calling for specific information bearing upon the conduct of the war. To Secretary Alger the commission has addressed these queries:

1—Plan of campaign proposed immediately after the declaration of war; was it intended to move at once on Havana, or that the campaign should be postponed until the autumn?

2—When was the Santiago campaign determined upon?

3—Why was Tampa selected as the base of operations?

4—Why were summer camps organized at Fernandina, Jacksonville and Tampa?

5—When was the Porto Rico campaign determined upon?

6—Why were the troops held on transports after embarkation at Tampa and not permitted to sail for several days?

The 17 questions addressed to the medical department are:

1—What was the organization of the medical department on April 1, 1898? How many officers with their rank, how many hospital stewards, and what was the size of hospital corps?

2—How many ambulances and litters were available?

3—An army of what size was the department able to fit out with medical officers, stewards and hospital corps and necessary surgical instruments and supplies of every character?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with all necessary surgeons, stewards, hospital corps, ambulances, litters, surgical instruments and supplies of all and every character?

5—How many general hospitals were organized? Where located, how equipped and managed, number of patients and number of deaths in each case between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

6—How many hospitals were established at various camps? What were the arrangements for the care and comfort of the sick and wounded? How many sick were cared for at each camp hospital and how many deaths occurred?

7—What, if any, railroad ambulance trains were established? Where were they located and used?

8—How many hospital ships were obtained? How were they equipped, how managed, and what work did they perform? What arrangements were made and how were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines supplied with medical officers, medical supplies and food for the sick and wounded?

9—What number of surgeons of volunteers, hospital stewards, nurses, attendants, etc., were employed between April 1 and Aug. 31, in addition to those in the service of the United States on April 1, 1898?

10—Were all the vessels used in transporting sick and wounded thoroughly inspected by a medical officer before troops were permitted to embark, and were they fully supplied with surgeons, surgical instruments, medical supplies of every character, potable water and proper food for sick and convalescents?

11—Were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines fully equipped with efficient surgeons, stewards and hospital corps, and with ambulances, litters, surgical instruments, medical supplies of all kinds and proper food for the sick and wounded?

12—Were the surgeons in the various camps instructed to carefully watch their sanitary condition, to look after their cleanliness, to demand the proper supply of water, to test the water as to its character, to look into the cooking arrangements, and to locate the sinks to see to their proper care?

13—Why were regimental hospitals in camps abolished and division hospitals substituted? Were the results satisfactory?

14—How were the surgeons employed in the field, in camps and in general hospitals selected? Was there any regular examination required, and as a rule have they proved efficient and faithful?

15—How were the hospital stewards, nurses and attendants selected?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the surgeon general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of proper medical attendance, the lack of surgical instruments, the lack of proper care, food and water for the sick and wounded with armies in the field, or with troops in camp, or men in general hospitals and field hospitals, or on railroad trains or transports at sea? In fact what, if any, complaints have been made in writing in reference to the issuing of proper supplies or the performance of any duty appertaining to the medical department of the army?

17—What funds were at the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, under general or special legislation?

There are also 17 interrogations addressed to the quartermaster general, as follows:

1—Upon the declaration of war was the organization and were the regulations of the department of such a character as to admit of the prompt equipment and movement of troops?

2—How many officers belonged to the department when war was declared, and how many (with their rank) have been appointed in the volunteer service since that time?

3—For an army of what size was the department prepared to fully supply all necessary clothing, camp and garrison equipage on April 1, 1898?

4—Was the clothing on hand and ready for issue to troops and that previously issued of a character suitable for use in a tropical climate?

5—What amount of tentage was available, and were the troops sent from garrison life to the field at once furnished with necessary tentage and other quartermaster supplies necessary for use in camp life?

6—What steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with suitable clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and what amount of material of each kind had been obtained and what amount issued up to Aug. 31, 1898?

7—How many public animals and how many wagons with harness were available April 1, 1898?

8—What steps were taken for obtaining additional animals, wagons and harness? How were they obtained and what number had been purchased and issued by Aug. 1, 1898?

9—What arrangements had been made previous to April 1, 1898, for the rapid movement of troops by land and water?

10—What arrangements were made and how many troops were actually moved by railroad and by vessel between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

11—Were full and complete arrangements made for supplying the troops operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines with suitable clothing and with camp and garrison equipage and quartermaster's stores for armies operating in the field?

12—How many and what vessels were purchased or chartered for transportation of troops? What was the capacity of each vessel? Was it properly arranged for the comfort of the troops so far as was possible? Was there a full supply of water for use of troops arranged in every case, and was each and every vessel carefully inspected by an officer or agent of the department and pronounced satisfactory before troops were permitted to embark?

13—What arrangements were made for the disembarkation of troops when there was a possibility of it being done outside of a harbor?

14—When so-called permanent camps were located for a large force, what arrangements were made for a full and complete supply of potable water for use of the troops? Were tent floors furnished in any cases other than for hospitals? If so, where and to whom?

15—When troops were moved by rail for long distances were there any arrangements made for supply of water? Were there any unnecessary delays in the movements of troops from the camps established on the return of the army from Cuba?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the quartermaster general in reference to the prompt compliance with proper requisitions or complaints of any character in reference to the operations of the department in connection with the movement of troops, the issuing of proper and necessary supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the quartermaster's department?

17—What funds were at the command of the department April 1, 1898, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, 1898, under general or special legislation?

The information required of the subsistence department is as follows:

1—What was the organization of the subsistence department April 1, 1898, the number and rank of officers and number of commissary sergeants?

2—What additions in number and rank of regular officers, and what number of volunteer officers were appointed in the subsistence department between April 1 and Aug. 31?

3—On April 1, 1898, an army of what size was the subsistence department prepared to fully supply with officers and the necessary field rations, and of what does that ration consist?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what arrangements were made for fully supplying with food an army of 250,000 men serving in the field and in camp? What was the field ration and what was the ration in camp?

5—What arrangements were made for supplying the army in Cuba, the army in Porto Rico and the army in the Philippines, and of what did the ration actually consist in each case?

6—Were all the troops in the field and those in camps fully supplied at all times with proper food? If not, why not?

7—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the commissary general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of food, poor character of food, or complaints of any character whatever in reference to furnishing supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the subsistence department?

8—What funds were under the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, under general or special legislation?

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER DEAD.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Rose Sanger and her young daughter were found dead in their sleeping room Tuesday. The tragedy is thought to have occurred Sunday night. The jet was found to be partly open. It is thought Mrs. Sanger accidentally left the jet partly turned on upon retiring for the night.

BRYAN HAS SLOW FEVER.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Colonel W. J. Bryan, who is confined to his bed at the home of a friend, is suffering an attack of slow fever, but his physician does not regard his condition as serious, and believes that with rest and quiet his patient in a few days will have recovered fully.

BRYAN'S VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The mission of Colonel Bryan, commanding the Third Nebraska infantry, for the discharge of a number of enlisted men of that regiment, has so far been only partially successful. Seventy-five of these applications were received. While all of them were approved by the regimental officers, including the colonel, the majority of them were disapproved by either the brigade, division or corps commanders. So far but 15 of the applications have been favorably acted upon and the discharge of the men ordered. In these cases the applicants are married men with families dependent upon them, and their applications were regularly approved by all the reviewing authorities, including General Lee.

NEW HAMPSHIRE TEMPLARS.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—At the annual conclave of the grand commandery of Knights Templar the following officers were elected and installed: Commander, H. B. Quinby, Lakeport; deputy commander, G. I. McAllister, Manchester; generalissimo, F. L. Sanders, Concord; captain general, T. M. Fletcher, Alderbrook; senior warden, G. A. Sanders, Laconia; junior warden, H. D. Smith, Nashua; treasurer, J. W. Hildreth, Manchester; grand recorder, G. P. Cleaves, Concord; prelate, Rev. Lucius Waterman, D. D., Tilton.

CASE OF SUICIDE.

Vancouver, Sept. 28.—Returning Klondikers report that Sir Arthur Curtis, the English baronet, who mysteriously disappeared last spring while en route to the Yukon via Ashcroft, committed suicide. Sir Arthur, so the story runs, worn with hunger and the hardships of the trail, and much piqued and annoyed over a personal encounter with one of the party, went into the mountains and drowned himself in a stream. His coat and hat were found in the stream.

CUBA'S MOST SACRED RELIC.

New York, Sept. 28.—The following telegram was sent to President McKinley by the Cuban American league: "The Cuban American league believes that it voices the earnest wish of the people of both the United States and Cuba when it urges you not to permit Cuba's most interesting and sacred relic, the remains of Christopher Columbus, to be removed from America."

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL,

young men for war, and Dows' Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, assuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 365 Central Street.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASSN. Chicago, Ill. Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

Artists' Materials

Of All Descriptions for

China, Oil, Water Color Painting and Charcoal Drawing.

We Have a large stock of

CHINA

For Decorative Purposes.

STRETCHERS

for Canvasses up to 40 inch in stock.

Architects', Drawing and Textile School Supplies.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 TO 67 MARKET STREET.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman of pleasing appearance. Permanent position to right party. H. W. Gilbert, 700 Middlesex St. Call 4-7 p. m.

EXPERIENCED table girl wanted at 69 John street.

WANTED—Every Lady to attend the grand opening of Fall Millinery at Mdle. Maxime Lepine's, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 837 Moody street, Opt. Rich.

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 98 John street.

MONEY WANTED—Idle money wanted to loan on improved farms in Illinois. O. A. Holcomb, Aurora, Ill.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 30 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 33.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. C. T. Hicks, Room 34, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 31 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 101 Merrimack street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Low's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 852 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 33, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 101 Central street.

WANT BLUSH OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonan's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 4 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station, F. H. A. Moody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A Boston & Maine trip book on Central street this morning. Owner can have at 179 Middlesex street.

LOST—The front case of a gold watch in Merrimack square. Finder return to this office. 48

LOST—Bunch of keys between Appleton street and Merrimack square. Finder will be rewarded at Room 9, 238 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOM—To let. Inquire at 53 Chestnut street.

TO LET—The fine cottage house, with modern improvements, 75 Eighteenth street. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Large house, stable, large henery and 9 acres of land on Hildreth street. House is convenient for two tenements. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 816 High street.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank Building, 145 Merrimack street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rents moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 263 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—31 Middle street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

IF

PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S
DYSPEPSIA CURE
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright

COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. P. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager.
Telephone 671-2.

ASH SIFTERS,
COAL HODS,
ASH CANS.

W. T. S. BARTLETT

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 Merrimack Street.

DYEING

Every Hour in the Day at the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to.

54 Prescott Street.

Prof. E. J. BORJES

Will Resume

TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN!

Oct. 1, at 891 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at special rates.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap. Boarding house of 18 rooms in good locality. Must be sold at once as the owner is sick. Can show a profit of $150 in last four months. Address H. H., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Hay farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electric. Easy terms; price only $800. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Bently's boiler shop. Fay street. Inquire of J. M. Putnam, 4 Coral street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Washington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under carry and Stanhops in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $900. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, (50x80), on a 50 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1128 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Menthol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 25c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. Regular, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mail or at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out

and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 339 Middlesex street, where you can save money by having your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very slightly; near car and school; will sell for $1800. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 8 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 156 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 20 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.

SHARON HOUSE

Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1 to Oct. 1.
H. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Gerrity, Prop.
CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.
Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.
This house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.
M. H. Carey (Clerks) H. Gerrity.

PETER H. SAVAGE,
Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN ST.
Telephone connection 461-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 GORHAM STREET.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

CARRIAGE
REPAIRS.

It is a good time to have them made.

THE

SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY

is a good place to have them made.

Telephone Your Orders or Send Postal.

Worthen St., Lowell.

FALL OPENING 1898.

The Bouquet

SPECIAL EXHIBIT of Pattern Hats, Bonnets and Novelties, Thursday and Friday, September 29 and 30. The public is cordially invited.

J. E. BURBANK, 115 Merrimack Street.

GRAND MARK DOWN

CLEARANCE SALE

Every article in our store must be sold, regardless of cost. We must make room for our Winter stock. There are no old chestnuts but all fresh stock bought this season. Our line of new Wrappers surpass anything ever shown in this city.

Children's Gingham Dresses, worth 25c. and 38c., now 16c.

25 doz. Ladies' Pique Neckties, worth 25c., this sale 5c.

Gents' Soiled Neckties, worth 25c., now 5c.

6000 yards heavy Bleached Crash, 3 1-2c. yard.

1000 cakes best Perfumed Soap, only 4c. cake.

1000 spools Clark's O. N. T., colored, for this sale 2 1-2c. spool.

Large Gingham Aprons 10c.

Ladies' Hose in Black and Brown, worth 15c. and 19c., now 10c.

Men's extra heavy black and brown Hose, now 10c.

75 doz. Men's Seamless Cotton Hose, only 5c.

75 lbs. Ball Yarn, worth 8c. ball, this sale 2 1-2c. ball.

In order to reduce our enormous stock of Dry Goods, we have our Standard Prints and yard wide Percales, formerly sold for 10c., 8c., 6 1-4c, for this sale 5c. yard.

When you are getting your children ready for school don't forget that we carry a full line of Boys' Suits, Waists and Pants, and we guarantee prices with any other store.

Notwithstanding our elegant line of Wrappers in style and quality, the prices are only 75c., 98c. and $1.25.

The only Bargain Store in Lowell. Don't forget and give us a call.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

JOHN DRAIN, 111 CORHAM STREET.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ice Chests and Refrigerators

Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense. We can show you the finest line of

Refrigerators
AND
Ice Chests

In Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. You would really wonder to see how many

Glenwood Ranges

We sell, even in the hot season. We used to think only cold months were stove seasons, but folks are learning that GLENWOODS save work and money all the year round.

See our stock of CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, MATTINGS and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS when you need anything in this line, and we will give you prices that will convince you that it is for your interest to buy from us.

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists ask $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth with plates, also Bridge Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced in one day; no teeth extracted, no need of going without. No sham work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings. DR. J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 21, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Eson.

$5 to $10 a Set

The Kidney Cure
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
Stop pain with all medicine drains feel tired, nervous, sleepless, weak and sick, kidneys and bladder trouble, rapidly, lose of appetite, sleep, memory, impotence, impotency, Kidney Liver Stomach Bowels, Blood, Skin, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Malaria, Nervous Debility, Troublesome Urine, Backache, Pimples, Boils, Eruptions, Sallow Complexion, Constipation, Piles, Female Weakness, Irregularities, Leucorrhoea, Nervous Prostration, Sexual Exhaustion, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Hysteria, Melancholy, Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Blood Poisoning, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Sexual Debility, Premature Decay, Wasting Diseases, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, Epilepsy, Fits, Dizziness, Convulsions, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Headache, Backache, Hot Flashes, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Mental Anxiety, Loss of Memory, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in insanity and leading to premature old age and death. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to everyone. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent prepaid on receipt of money. We guarantee six packages to cure any case. With each order for six packages, accompanied by the money, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by our agents. Sold by druggists everywhere. Pamphlet free. KALMON MEDICAL CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, THURSDAY, SEPT 29.
Sun rises—5:39; sets, 5:29.
Moon rises—Evening.
High water—10:30 a. m.; 11 p. m.

Though the barometers are generally low, there is little promise of rain and from present indications fair and pleasant weather, with seasonable temperatures and light winds, should prevail in New England Thursday and may continue through Friday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE LAST END

Of our Mason fruit jars is approaching and we have decided to rush them out quick. Pints 67, quarts 69, 2 quarts 69c. Free delivery. Dickson Bros.' big ten store, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Pease's orchestra has removed to 99 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 430-4.

Satisfaction guaranteed by leaving your watches with Harris, 10 Appleton street.

TENEMENT TO LET.

In a new house just completed, sunniest location, corner lot, skirting Fort Hill Park. All modern conveniences. For particulars, call at the Sun office.

BIG CLERICAL FORCE.

At the Assignees' Sale of O'Hearn & Dowd's stock. All the winter goods are ready this week and as a tremendous rush is expected, a competent force of 65 salesmen is ready to help the visitors. The assignees are hurrying up the winding up of the trouble as quickly as possible.

LABEL COMMITTEE CALL.

The label committee of all labor unions the Great Cigarmakers' union, and the Bricklayers' union, are invited to meet at the labor hall on Middle street Wednesday night when business of importance is to be considered. A full attendance is desired. Refreshments will be served.

CALLED AWAY.

REV. DR. BLACKBURN MAY GO TO OREGON.

Rev. Alexander Blackburn, D.D., pastor of the First Baptist church of Cambridge, and formerly of this city, is considering a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church at Portland, Ore., and it is considered quite probable that he will accept. This is one of the leading churches of the Pacific states, and Dr. Blackburn regards the invitation as a very attractive one, but he has not yet made any definite decision, and the matter has not been brought to the attention of the church. He has been in Cambridge for about six years, and has been in the ministry for twenty-two years. After graduating from the old Chicago university he accepted a pastorate in Chicago and then was pastor of a church in Lafayette, Ind., for some years, coming from there to Lowell. He is very popular in Cambridge.

Y. M. C. A. AUXILIARY

REPORTS OF OFFICERS PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary to the Y.M.C.A. was held yesterday afternoon in the association rooms. The president and secretary, Mrs. H. C. Fuller and Mrs. T. W. Greenslit, presented their reports and Mr. M. L. Hamblett, president of the association, gave a short talk, in which he complimented the work of the auxiliary. Within a year, between $200 and $300 has been raised by the auxiliary, in aid of the association.

The following delegates were elected to the annual convention of the two states, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, held at Fitchburg, October 10th, 11th, and 12th: Mrs. H. C. Fuller, Mrs. T. W. Greenslit, Mrs. E. J. Tarr, Mrs. C. E. W. Dow, Mrs. J F Kenney and Miss M. E. Buttrick. Mrs. E. J. Tarr entertained the members with solos and plans for the work of the coming winter were informally discussed.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of Jefferson vs. Richardson in superior court for alleged alienation of Mrs. Jefferson's affections by her father, which resulted in a divorce case, was resumed yesterday morning, and Dr. Jefferson himself, Miss Johnson, a nurse, Dr. Carolin, a former employe of Hon. George F. Richardson named Chapelle, and several other witnesses summoned by the plaintiff, were on the witness stand. The testimony, which came within the ruling of the court, did not appear to be especially material to the main issue, but many of the questions asked by the plaintiff's attorney were excluded, and at one stage when Dr. Carolin was asked if he ever saw anything that would indicate a growing coolness between Dr. and Mrs. Jefferson, Judge Sherman asked if the plaintiff expected to have the court try all the troubles of Lowell. He reminded the plaintiff's attorney that it was Hon. George F. Richardson who was the defendant, and not Mrs. Richardson. At another stage when plaintiff's attorney asked one of the physicians as to what opinion he had formed as to Mr. Jefferson's condition in regard to nervousness, the witness replied that he had formed no expert or medical opinion. When the plaintiff's attorney persisted in pressing the question, the court excluded it on the ground that the witness had testified that he had formed no medical opinion and he being summoned as an expert, his unofficial opinion was not competent.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 31 MERK ST.

NANCY GUILFORD

Arrested on Her Arrival at Liverpool by Steamer.

Supt. Birmingham Notified of Her Arrest—Case Must be Established Before She is Extradited—The Case Now Complete and Police Successful.

Bridgeport, Sept. 23.—Though the public was apprised of the fact that the Scotland Yard bureau had been cabled to be on the lookout for Mrs. Dr. Guilford, supposed to be aboard a steamer due in Liverpool from Montreal yesterday morning, few believed that the hunt for the much wanted "Nancy" would be at an end so soon; yet such is the fact, and Superintendent Birmingham and his coworkers, who have been untiring in their efforts to unravel the Yellow mill pond mystery, can now indulge in a brief respite.

State Attorney Fessenden, who had requested the Scotland Yard bureau to be on the lookout for Mrs. Guilford, received a cable that a woman answering the description had arrived on the Vancouver. The woman had three trunks, one marked "Gilford," one "Gill" and one "Guilford." The detective followed her to London, where she is under surveillance. Attorney Fessenden at once communicated with Washington, and a cable has been sent to the United States embassy, through the state department, to have the woman arrested on a provisional charge pending the arrival of extradition papers.

The law of England requires that a prima facie case must be established before extradition will be granted, and yesterday the case was prepared at headquarters. Affidavits of Oxley and the two Drayton women were submitted relative to the fact that Emma Gill went to Mrs. Guilford's house for treatment, and Superintendent Birmingham deposed that Emma Gill's body had been found and fully identified.

A few days ago the state attorney received information that Dr. Guilford had taken the steamer from Montreal, which was also confirmed by information received at a later date, and immediately after he re ceedihvoce - 6—ud dintely after he received the confirmation he cabled Scotland Yard to apprehend the woman.

It transpires that Mrs. Guilford at once proceeded to New York when she left this city, where she met her sister, Emma Gill, and they both went to Montreal. The sister bears a striking resemblance to the "doctor," and when a few days later, she returned to Elmira from Montreal, both the Montreal and Pinkerton detectives thought it was Nancy they were tracking. The ruse was a clever one, and proved being very near successful in throwing the officers off the scent.

Superintendent Birmingham still refuses to tell what discoveries were made when the plumbing in the Guilford house was examined, but as he had previously stated that the arrest of Mrs. Guilford was the only thing lacking to conclude the case, it goes without saying that there is no lack of evidence against the participants in the gruesome tragedy.

LATER ACCOUNT.

The detectives have lost sight of the woman supposed to be Nancy Guilford, but claim they can find her in London hotels.

Our Aunual Sale of

BLANKETS

We have Blankets enough to supply every family in Lowell with a pair. Our prices are very reasonable, our salesmen polite and agreeable, our basement large, light and well ventilated. These are three extra good reasons why you should visit us at this Special sale.

We mention a few of the prices:

Large size Cotton Blankets **35c.** a pair.

Extra good ones at **50c., 75c., $1, $1.25** and **$1.50** a pair.

Our **$2** Blanket is unsurpassed, while at **$2.95** a pair we offer an extra large size, very fluffy bordered Blankets that is not equalled at the price in this state.

Our greatest bargain will be 100 pairs of large size, full weight, very fine quality Blanket with fancy colored borders, worth and always sold at $5.00, to be offered by us at **$3.69** a pair.

Any one wishing still better ones can find them here at from **$5** to **$15** a pair.

Comforters

Well made and filled with selected cotton, neat patterns at **50c., 69c. 75c., 89c., $1, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50, $1.69** and **$1.75** each.

Laminated Cotton Down Comforters. We have just secured several cases of the above. They are extra well made, neatly covered, large size and filled with laminated cotton down, which has been treated to a scientific process that removes all impurities in the cotton.

Our prices for this sale will be only **$3, $3.25 and $3.50** each.

Call and examine our different qualities. See our large show window for display Wednesday morning.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

AN EVENT OF GREAT INTEREST

To the Ladies of Lowell and Vicinity.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.

No. 12 JOHN STREET,

ANNOUNCE THEIR

Grand Fall Opening

Of Imported and Domestic Novelties in Costumes, Tea Gowns, Jackets, Capes, Tailor-Made Suits, Furs, Waists, etc., to take place

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1

We have made greater preparation for this event than any former season in our history, and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Garments, Suits, Furs, etc., ever exhibited in Lowell.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO ATTEND.

NEW YORK Cloak and Suit Co.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

OUR OPENING Occurs Friday of this week. 'Twill be the best we've ever had.

The Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

New Fall Dress Goods

Plain Goods are to be worn this season in medium grades especially. High Class Novelties s are very popular, however, and at the most reasonable prices for years. Our buyer has just returned from N.Y., and reports a successful trip, having secured some extraordinary values in New Dress Goods and Silks. THE GOODS ARE ARRIVING DAILY.

HERE ARE A FEW XTRA SPECIALS FOR EARLY BUYERS.

50c. A YARD — A large assortment of New Novelties in all new combinations, also the new plain cloths in Serges, Cashmeres, Flannels, Foules, etc., etc., in all colors, new blues, greens, browns and garnets.

SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

69c. A YARD — Latest tufted effects in blue and black, green and black, red and black, etc., also plain Serges, Whipcords, India Twills, Henriettas, etc., etc., all colors, new blues, greens, garnets, olives and browns.

SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

98c. A YARD — Silk and Wool high class Dress Stuffs, popular colorings: New poplins, all shades, military reds, cadet and army blues, greens, browns, etc., storm Twills, Moscoviettas, Bayadiers, Ottomans, Prunellas, etc., etc., new shades.

SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

SILKS SILKS — Exquisite Silks in changeable effects: Plaids, Stripes, Checks and plain colors, an elaborate line, Taffetas and Silk Poplins are the leaders in popular favor. We are headquarters.

69c. A YARD — Novelty Silks, suitable for Waists, Suits or trimmings, in plaids or fancies, a beautiful line worth a dollar a yard, come and see them at 69c.

75c. A YARD — A new and complete assortment of Taffeta Silks, in all the popular combination colorings. A good, heavy silk which would be cheap at a dollar a yard. Fancy Silks in Plaids, etc., etc., at the same price. A beautiful line.

SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

$1.00 A Yard. — Newest things in Silks this season is Silk Poplins. It's a beautiful fabric, and is being used extensively this season for Suits, Waists and Skirts. We have all the best shades, also Novelty Silks for a dollar, worth a dollar and twenty-five.

SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

A GREAT SALE OF BLACK GOODS NOW ON.

The Bon Marche--The Big Store, Merrimack and Kirk Streets, Lowell.

COL. ROOSEVELT

Nominated for Governor of New York.

THE BLACK FORCES WERE COMPLETELY ROUTED.

Chauncey Depew Made a Great Nominating Speech.

Saratoga, Sept. 28.—At 7:45 last night the roll-call of delegates at the Republican convention was finished, and the result of the ballot for governor showed the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt by a majority of 535 over Governor Black, the vote standing, 763 to 218. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff was selected for second place, and there was little trouble in selecting the balance of the ticket.

When Mr. Depew had reached the point in his speech for Mr. Roosevelt where he alluded to the non-effect of Mauser bullets, two or three men rushed down the aisle bearing a big portrait of Colonel Roosevelt in rough rider uniform. There was a 3-minute interruption, and the picture was taken to the stage and set up.

Judge Cady, in speaking for Governor Black, said: "You will be told that expediency demands his retirement to private life. It will be urged that the captivating brilliancy of a military record will blind the eyes of the people of New York to the more sober merits of duties well performed in civic place; that the smoke of battle from that far Cuban hill has so far veiled and obscured the noble qualities of Governor Black that they can be of no further use to the state. Are you prepared to admit the soundness of all this? Are you persuaded that such argument is just? Are you convinced that such a course is best calculated to enlist the services of good and able men in public careers? Are you ready to say, with all the great prestige of this vast convention, that there is no bar of justice in politics at which the deserving can receive the fair rewards of their merits? Will you deem it prudent to announce such doctrine to the youth of the party and the state?"

The most important plank in the platform reads: "We have abiding confidence that the president will conclude this peace upon terms that will satisfy the conscience, the judgment and the high purpose of the American people. We realize that when the necessities of war compelled our nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines, we assumed solemn duties and obligations alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them unarmed for defense and unfitted in statecraft, to the horrors of domestic strife, or to partition among European powers. We have assumed the responsibilities of victory, and wherever our flag has gone, there the liberty, the humanity and the civilization which that flag embodies and represents must remain and abide forever. The Republican party has been the party of brave conservatism, of wise progress and of triumphant faith in the nationality of this people, and we know that the president and statesmen and voters of the Republican party will meet these issues of the future as bravely and triumphantly as we have met the issues of the past."

POISONED HIS WIFE.

Fort Worth, Sept. 28.—Rev. G. E. Morrison, pastor of a church in Panhandle City, who had been on trial at Vernon for a week on the charge of murdering his wife Oct. 10, 1897, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

Morrison administered strychnine to his wife after returning from church. Before the death of his wife, Morrison was engaged to wed Annie Whittlesey of Topeka, and when arrested he was at her home. An appeal will be taken.

MEMORIAL TO THE QUEEN.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 28.—Considerable comment has been created by the action of a representative meeting of sugar planters, called for the purpose of supporting the recent Barbados' conference. The meeting converted the proposed resolutions into a strongly worded memorial to Queen Victoria, in which those present disclaimed the attitude of being pauper applicants who were willing to accept doles or illusory schemes, but claimed their rights as subjects who were the victims of unfair foreign competition, and protested against being sacrificed to political fads. Continuing, the memorial expresses surprise "at the government's callous treatment of previous efforts made to secure justice," and urges the necessity for the adoption of prompt and effective measures to form countervailing duties.

Ralph A. Day Co.

OPENING

—OF THE—

LARGEST SPECIALTY CLOAK, SUIT AND FUR STORE IN NEW ENGLAND

—OCCURS—

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

SEPTEMBER 29TH, 30TH AND OCT. 1ST.

We Extend a Cordial Invitation to All.

New Goods! New Ideas! New Styles!

Collected from every representative European centre of manufacturing note and fashion; as well as from the leading home markets, and secured at such advantageous prices that will make your acquaintance with us a double pleasure. We will exhibit the largest assortment of

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Furs, Suits, Costumes, Silk and Woolen Waists, Dress Skirts, Children's Jackets and Reefers, Fine Tea Gowns, Wrappers, Silk, Cotton and Moreen Petticoats, Mackintoshes, Cravenette Garments, etc., ever shown in this city.

MUSIC WILL BE FURNISHED AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Ralph A. Day Co., 133-137 Merrimack St.

THE ONLY ONE.

The Sun is the only Lowell paper receiving the full telegraphic day service of the Associated Press by its own operator in its own office. That's why it leads all its local rivals in the latest war news.

THE LOWELL SUN

WHY THEY BUY IT.

People buy THE SUN because it is lively, newsy and truthful. It outsells all rivals and that is why it is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

22ND YEAR | LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1898. | 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

N. Y. DEMOCRATS

Met in Annual Convention To-Day.

Great Reception Tendered to Richard Croker When He Entered the Convention.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The democratic state convention convened here today, absolutely without a slate or program other than the temporary organization agreed upon in the state committee last night. Never before have all the prominent leaders of the democratic party appeared in convention and consulted as to a program without result.

Because of the delay in reaching any agreement, it is generally believed that there is trouble of some sort, and many believe that a fight will develop in the convention. The leaders, however assert that all differences will be settled during the day and a complete understanding be reached before tomorrow morning when the work of the actual convention will begin.

The crowd gathered here is undoubtedly the largest ever seen at a state convention.

Tammany Hall is very largely represented, fully 2000 braves being in attendance.

The silver adherents are also well represented and it is understood that they will demand some place on the ticket for one of their representatives, probably Wilbur F. Porter, the party's candidate for governor two years ago.

Mr. Croker entered the convention hall at 12:20 and his appearance caused a tremendous sensation. A great shout went up from every quarter of the hall and the whole convention was in an uproar which lasted until he had taken his seat with the Tammany delegation.

Chairman Danforth announced that the state committee had directed him to present as the temporary chairman of the convention the Hon. George M. Palmer of Schoharie.

When Mr. Palmer had concluded, Clerk DeFreest called the roll of delegates and then Delegate J. C. Pierce Rochester, sent to the platform a resolution which he asked to have read. Chairman Palmer announced that the resolution, which had been sent to the chair, would be referred to the committee on resolutions when appointed.

Mr. Pierce walked down the centre aisle loudly demanding that the resolution be read.

"That is a resolution to instruct the committee on resolutions," he said, "and now is the proper time for it to be read."

"Sit down! Sit down!" came in shouts from the gallery.

Chairman Palmer announced that his decision was that the resolution should be referred to the committee on resolutions and directed the clerk to proceed with the reading of other resolutions for the appointmen of committees.

Mr. Pierce would not be silenced and wildly gesticulating, walked down the aisle. His voice was completely drowned in the shouts from all corners of the hall demanding that he should take his seat, and as Mr. DeFreest continued reading, Mr. Pierce was finally induced to subside.

The resolution which Mr. Pierce desired read was as follows:

"I move that when the committee on resolutions are appointed that they are hereby instructed to ingraft in their resolutions a plank reaffirming the Chicago platform of 1896."

Mr. Pierce is one of the contesting delegates from Monroe and it is probable that he will be given another oportunity to present this motion.

SENATOR GRAY

Is Opposed to All Annexation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Paris, Sept. 28.—The United States Peace commission went into session at 11 o'clock this morning.

The Gaulois says: "In spite of the mystery surrounding the matter we are able, from a high source, to give an outline of the position of both commissions. While the Americans have instructions which are much more precise than those of the Spaniards, there is a diversity of opinion in regard to the Philippines. Senator Gray is a very ardent democrat and consequently belongs to the party which repudiates expansion. He opposes all annexation and his opinion, therefore, totally differs from that of the other four commissioners, some of whom would be content with a coaling station at the Philippines, possibly Cavite while others like Senator Davis, advocate the annexation of the whole of the archipelago."

The Gaulois, however, believes that the Americans by mutual concessions, will come to an agreement and that they will all be largely influenced by Major General Merritt's reports on the situation.

The instructions to the Spanish commission, according to the Gaulois, are, briefly, to hold out and make the best terms possible. Madrid is well aware, it says, that the conferences at best, have only to please the Spanish people and the only hopes entertained are that the Americans will not abuse the situation too much. Popular sentiment in Spain, it is added, thinks it better to abandon the Philippine Islands than to keep them under conditions rendering them ungovernable.

BIG PURCHASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Prescott, Ariz., Sept. 28.—Negotiations from the purchase of the Little Jessie mine at Chapparral, 11 miles from Prescott, have been closed whereby J. S. Jones, owner of the mine, transfers the property to an English syndicate. The purchase price is $650,000. The purchasers will increase the working force in the mine.

FUNERALS.

QUINN—Peter Quinn, infant child of Peter and Annie Quinn, died yesterday at 33 Howard street. The funeral took place this afternoon and burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

MONEY DEPOSITED

On or before Monday, October 3, in the Savings Department of the TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK will draw interest from Oct. 1st, at the rate per annum of 4 per cent. Compounded Semi-Annually.

Bank Hours { Daily, 8. a. m. to 4 p. m. Saturdays { 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

Middlesex St, Cor. Post Office Avenue.

Agents for sale of U. S. Revenue Stamps.

C. J. Glidden Pres. Wm. F. Hills, Cashier

James F. O'Donnell,

UNDERTAKER.

Telephone at Residence, Office, Stables.

MARKET ST., COR. WORTHEN.

WAS HE MURDERED?

William Witherhead of Manchester St. Found Dead

On Chambers Street Early This Morning—Dr. Irish States That His Death Was Probably Caused by a Blow.

The local police has a murder to investigate.

Shortly after four o'clock this morning as Officer John Fox was patrolling Chambers street he came across a man lying in the gutter with his head resting on the curbing which stands two feet above the road.

Believing him to be a drunk, Officer Fox shook the man, and to his astonishment, discovered that he was attempting to arouse a corpse.

Sketch of the Victim's Features as the Body Lay in Undertaker Brooks' Morgue.

As he moved the body, he noticed a wound very near the top of the head in the back of the skull while on the curbing was a patch of hair and clotted blood. Turning the body over the officer noticed that the left ear was split.

Officer Fox immediately notified the police station and the body was removed to Undertaker Brooks' warerooms on Market street.

There the police inspectors made an examination of his clothing and found on them a silver watch, a knife, on the large blade of which were red lead stains and 55 cents in change. There was nothing else which would lead to the identification of the unknown.

The body is that of a man apparently about 40 years old, 6 feet, 8½ inches and of medium weight. His hair is black and rather thin, and the eyebrows likewise, while the moustache was black, coarse and untrimmed. The right eye was evidently without sight, the pupil being covered by a cataract. All the upper teeth but two are gone, and the lower set is irregular. The face is slim and sharp featured.

The body is attired in a checked outing shirt instead of undershirt, a pepper and salt vest, blue striped jumper and pepper and salt coat. The trousers are dark, but little worn; the socks cheap gray woolen and the shoes cheap, laced.

The dead man wore an old black derby hat and wore it front side backward, as the front of the hat is split, indicating that the wound in the head was made while the unfortunate man wore his hat.

The nose and hands of the deceased had blood on them. As the body was warm when found by Officer Fox it was supposed that the unfortunate man fell and struck the curbstone shortly before the officer came along, though the wound in the head was so high up that it seemed rather strange that a fall could inflict it.

It was not until Dr. Irish arrived, however, that the theory of foul play was advanced.

As soon as Dr. Irish viewed the wound he said that it had the appearance superficially of a gunshot wound, but upon closer examination, said that it was not a gunshot wound. His wound, the medical examiner found was in the nature of a piercing fracture of the skull, causing death. The injury to the ear, he said, might have been caused by a fall.

Concluding his examination, Dr. Irish said: "I can't see how such a wound could have been made by a fall: it is something else," and he so notified the police.

Inspectors Allen and Donaldson immediately went to work on the case. They found that the works of the watch carried by the deceased had been sold to a man named Fletcher by Jeweler Raynes July 6, 1884.

Several persons called at Brook's establishment and attempted to identify the remains. A couple of them said that the body was that of a man named Eaton, residing at the Bleachery, but Mr. Eaton is alive and well.

At noon two men saw the body and said that they thought it was that of a painter named Murphy, residing on Gorham street, opposite the Edson cemetery, but they were not positive of his identity.

BODY IDENTIFIED.

Undertaker Rogers and a driver for Rourke & Sullivan named Dillon identified the body as that of William Witherhead of Manchester street.

HIS FAMILY NOTIFIED.

The remains were later identified by a niece of the deceased and James Hilley, a neighbor residing at 78 Manchester street.

The first information which the family had of the fate of the unfortunate man was given them by The Sun reporter and Officer Patrick J. Frawley. The family occupies a pretty cottage house on Manchester street, some distance down from Gorham street.

The widow of the murdered man came to the door and when given a description of the murdered man, stated that he must be her husband. The shock of the sad intelligence rendered the bereaved woman almost hysterical and kind neighbors visited the house and comforted her as best they could.

From a son of the deceased, The Sun reporter learned that Witherhead was 50 years old and had been employed in the Catholic cemetery for years as a caretaker. He was home early last evening but went out after supper and that was the last seen of him.

The family supposed when he did not return at night that he had gone to the house of a friend named George McKenna, residing in Court street, in the rear of the Catholic cemetery.

When asked if his father knew anyone on Chambers street whom he would probably visit, the son replied that his father occasionally visited a friend on that street, named Patrick J. Carrick.

Dr. Irish will hold an autopsy on the body at 4 o'clock this afternoon to determine more positively the cause of death.

LATER NEWS.

Later this afternoon it transpired that after all the affair may not be a murder. The victim went to the home of Patrick J. Carrick, 48 Chambers street at 11 o'clock last night. He had taken some liquor. He sat up until 2 o'clock and then went to sleep on a lounge. When the Carrick family woke up this morning he was gone and the door was opened. The body was found lying just outside the Carrick home. It is now thought that the man died from injuries sustained by his fall.

THREE ARE DYING

Women Jumped From a Burning Building.

RECEIVED INJURIES THAT MAY PROVE FATAL.

Explosion of Powder Caused the Fire.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28.—An explosion of powder today in the basement of a four story building at 410 North Fourth street, occupied by C. and W. McLain fishing tackle and sporting goods, blew out the front of the structure, and set the building on fire. Three women jumped from the third story and are dying. They were cut and burned in addition to being hurt by falling on the pavement. Fireman Bohly of Company 16, was cut about the head by falling glass. All were taken to hospitals in ambulances.

The flames communicated to the building on the south, occupied by the St. Louis crockery company.

The loss on the building occupied by the McLain company will be total.

An effort was made by the firemen to rescue the three women, but before ladders could be put up, the women jumped to the sidewalk. It is thought others in the building failed to get out.

FOR PRESERVING TIME.—A 4 qt. Porcelain Kettle with one pound of 60c. Tea, O'Brien Bros., Tea Dealers, 77 East Merrimack street el. 634-2.

NANCY GUILFORD

Has Probably Escaped the London Police.

NOW SEARCHING THE HOTELS FOR HER.

Supt. Birmingham Does Not Believe Report.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 28.—The detectives have lost sight of the woman whom they shadowed after the arrival at Liverpool yesterday morning of the steamer Vancouver from Montreal and they are now ransacking the London hotels and boarding houses. Up to the present, the police have not found any trace of the traveler.

The woman referred to in the despatch from London is supposed to be Dr. Nancy Guilford, the midwife of Bridgeport, Conn., who is wanted for the murder of Emma Gill, by the Connecticut police.

BIRMINGHAM'S DENIAL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 28.—When shown the despatch from London stating that all trace of Dr. "Nancy" Guilford had been lost, this morning, Supt. of Police Birmingham said:

"I do not believe it. She is under arrest."

The police here claim the credit for locating the Guilford woman. They ordered her apprehension in Elmira and Montreal. The police at both places sent back word that she had slipped out after the despatches had been received.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Saunders have returned from Jefferson, Mass.

The many friends of Mr. Frank J. Sullivan for the past fifteen years shipping clerk at the United States Cartridge company, are booming him for the democratic councilmanic nomination in ward five.

INAUGURATE STRIKE

The Shoe Strike Threatens to Spread.

It May Effect the Whole Country Before Very Long—The Lasters are Determined.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brockton, Mass., Sept. 28.—At 9 o'clock this morning lasters at work on the machines under the control of the C. H. M. & M. M. company, and over the districts of southeastern Massachusetts, quit work on the machines, in accordance with the orders of the union.

This movement is well nigh universal throughout the district, non-union, as well as union men in many cases refusing to longer remain on the machines. For a long time past the union has been preparing for just such a contingency and the attitude of the lasters regarding the interference of the machine company by putting agents and instructors at work on machines deserted by the men on strike, had been ascertained. It was due to this preparation that the response was so universal and that so many of the machines now lie idle.

The lasters of the district had been thoroughly informed beforehand of the time at which this action on their part was expected, the decision being first arrived at by the conference committee of the district, which is made up of the executive boards of the districts, and being promulgated by the local unions in different sections. The unions embraced in this movement are situated at Brockton, Whitman, Rockland, Randolph, Holbrook, Stoughton, East Weymouth, Middleboro, New Bedford, and every shop in this section of the state of Massachusetts in which the unions have control is affected. It is the most general and united strike of shoe lasters that has been known for many years, and the fact is that should this not win the day against the machine company, the strike will be extended to every shop in the state, and possibly to every shop in the country operating machines controlled by the consolidated companies, making it one of the gravest situations which has been faced by the shoe industry and those dependent upon it.

The strike affects the shops in this city which have settled their differences with the local union in the present strike in Brockton, the same as all others, but the union has provided for the relief of the manufacturers in these cases, and in others where the strike does not exist at present for a new wage schedule, but instructing the men to commence on hand lasting in all such factories where the manufacturers so desire. In anticipation of the movement which has taken place, many of the firms made arrangements for putting their men at work after 9 o'clock today lasting by hand and these shops are running as usual with little interruption. The fact that, by working in crews of operator and puller-on as on machine work, the lasters can, by hand, turn out practically as many shoes as can be done on the machines, makes the significance of the strike against the machine company, as far as the interference of business is concerned, somewhat immaterial.

The hand work will naturally be new for a time for a number of the lasters, but they will soon be able to turn out the work satisfactorily say the union, and matters at the shops will progress as if nothing out of the ordinary had happened.

The machines which are controlled by the Consolidated companies are the Chase, Consolidated, known familiarly as the "Nigger" the Boston Tacker and the Universal. Those used almost exclusively in the district now affected are the Chase and the Consolidated machines.

By the strike today, 1600 men, additional to those already on strike, are affected.

TRAINS COLLIDED.

By Associated Press to The Sun

Athol, Mass., Sept. 28.—Two freight trains went crashing into each other in front of the Fitchburg station. Both engines were derailed and badly damaged. No one was injured.

Putnam & Son

The Phenomenal Demand

For blue and black serge suits is met in every particular by our phenomenal stock.

We have thirty distinct lots of blue and black serges.

Men's blue and black serge suits, 34 to 50 breast.

Boys' blue and black serge suits, 14 to 19 years.

The goods are smooth faced wide wales or rough faced.

Single breasted sack suits.

Double breasted sack suits.

Silk faced double breasted sack suits.

All double breasted coats are cut very short and natty.

New high cut vests.
Single breasted without collar.
Single breasted with collar.
Double breasted.
Silk faced double breasted.

All of these blue and black serge suits were made to our own order or by Rogers, Peet & Co.

Prices are $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $17.00 up to $24.00 a suit.

FALL TOP COATS READY

PUTNAM & SON.

166 Central Street.

THE SUN LATEST! 5 O'CLOCK

SOLDIERS RETURN

Twelve Arrived From Porto Rico Yesterday.

Private Waugh is Very Ill—Private Tremblay Left in a Boston Hospital—All the Men Relate Bitter Experiences.

The Lowell soldiers who returned home yesterday are:

COMPANY C.

Edward A. Barnes.
George F. Dunlavey.
Victor J. Hosmer.
Arthur D. Tuttle.
George F. Waugh.
Fred D. Woodbury.
Fred E. Hastings.

Mede Tremblay of Company C is at the Massachusetts General hospital.

COMPANY G.

Michael J. Murray.
John Hill.
Cornelius J. Sullivan.
Burton L. Upham.
Walter E. Worthen.
Eugene E. Young.

Emaciated in form and broken down in health, twelve members of Companies C and G, Sixth Regiment, arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and were immediately conveyed to the tender care of loving relatives and friends, with three exceptions, those who were unable to proceed home at once being Private George Waugh of Company C and Private Arthur D. Tuttle of the same company, who went to the Lowell General hospital, and Private Cornelius Sullivan of Company G, who is at St. John's hospital.

When the hospital ship Bay State arrived at her dock in Boston yesterday, Arthur Salmon and the Lowell Ambulance Corps found that of the Sixth men

SERGEANT VICTOR J. HOSMER.

who were so ill that it was necessary to carry them on litters, two were from Lowell, Privates Waugh and Tremblay. All the soldiers were immediately taken to the City hospital for examination.

Relatives and friends of the Lowell men begged Mr. Salmon to arrange matters so that the boys might be taken to Lowell at once.

He promised to do the best he could, but upon arriving at the hospital was informed that Waugh and Tremblay were too ill to be moved. Through the kind offices of Lieut. Ashburn, Mr. Salmon obtained permission to take Waugh home on the latter's promise to go to a hospital here upon arrival.

Poor Tremblay's condition did not warrant his removal and he was left behind in Boston while the others proceeded home on the 3 o'clock train. The boys were all dressed in their old canvas suits and all expressed a desire to go to the quartermaster's office in Boston and procure their new clothing before leaving, but Mr. Salmon fearing that they might overtax their strength advised them to go home and rest for a few days and then go to Boston. This being agreeable, all left Boston on the 3 o'clock train.

Although it was not announced that they were coming until the boys were about to arrive, yet a large gathering was present at the Merrimack street depot when the car bearing the boys pulled in. Quite a crowd gathered at the northern depot, expecting that the

CORPORAL ARTHUR H. TUTTLE.

boys would alight there and were disappointed.

The Ambulance Corps left the car with the boys of the Sixth between them. One of the first on the train after its arrival was the mother of Private Waugh, who rode in the ambulance with her boy to the hospital. Private Waugh is terribly wasted away though he is a plucky and a patient sufferer. In Boston he insisted upon walking between two Ambulance Corps men in order to fool the surgeons, and get home with the other boys, but the trained eye of the latter soon picked him out, and it was only through the influence of Mr. Salmon and Lieut. Ashburn who grants the furloughs that he got home.

Mayor Bennett's first words to Arthur Salmon were: "Arthur, Chester Cummings is dead and you must go to New York tonight and bring home the remains."

Mr. Salmon ate dinner, saw his family, had the undertaker's return filled out and was on his way to New York last evening. He expects to return tonight or tomorrow morning.

On the way to Lowell the boys were besieged with questions concerning the remainder of the troops at Porto Rico, and it would seem that every one of them had a friend present so many were the questions.

Two items of information that will interest the general public are that

CORPORAL EDWARD A. BARNES.

Lieut. Col. Butler Ames has been in poor health since he reached the Island. Lieut. Gardner W. Pearson is in excellent health and is regarded as the healthiest man in Company C.

The many friends of Harry Young, who was thought to be the Young who came with the boys may have the satisfaction of knowing that he too, is in excellent health.

THEIR HARD EXPERIENCES.

Of all who came home, undoubtedly Private Waugh had the hardest experience. When asked concerning them, he said: "It was on the Yale that we were first put on short rations and this I believe, led to my first sickness. I developed an attack of fever and when the Yale reached Siboney was put ashore in order that I might come back home. I went aboard the Seneca but was so horrified by what I saw that I made up my mind to escape at the first opportunity. The sick and wounded men were jammed together like sardines. I watched for a favorable chance and when I thought no one was looking, sneaked out. I hid until I saw the Seneca leave port, when I took steps to board the Yale again. My temperature at this time was 103 and I felt pretty shaky; but I knew there was no use staying ashore and I joined a crowd that were engaged in loading the Yale with a cargo. When no one was looking I slipped aboard ship out of sight. I was not discovered until the Yale was on her way. Then I was found and placed in quarantine, being kept there for 11 days.

"When we reached Porto Rico I rath-

PRIVATE GEORGE F. WAUGH.

er braced up and for some little time was not bothered much. Later on, however, I was taken sick again and was placed in the hospital.

"While confined in hospital I have had some gruesome experiences. Corp. Bellamy died in the next bed to me. Two days before, a man whom I knew went out into the next room and committed suicide. He blew his head off. These things didn't have a tendency to improve my condition. I weighed 145 when I enlisted. I now weigh 101.

"My diet during the last five or six weeks has consisted principally of boiled milk and toast."

Corp. Arthur Tuttle told the following story: "I have had fever and dysentery for six weeks and in that time have lost 35 pounds. I gained several pounds on the boat, thanks to the aid association. Just now I feel weak in the legs and am troubled with pains in my back.

"We had some interesting experiences in Porto Rico. At Guanica, two squads composed of Company C men left their company and rushed up to the front into the thick of the scrimmage. I was in command of one squad and we had a few shots at the Spaniards. I want to say a word right here in praise of Company G. They were right up at the front and stood their ground in a manner most commendable to them. They were in the heariest of the fight.

"I must admit that the regiment went to pieces in this affray, some of the companies moving forward and others hesitating."

Eugene Young, who held the title of regimental barber at Camp Dewey, did not ply his trade with much avidity in Porto Rico if the facial appearance of the men may be taken as an indication. He lost 35 or 40 pounds and in this connection said that a poor quality of food and very little of it was responsible. He had a good word to say for the Bay State and her officers.

George F. Dunlavey said: "I am 15 or 20 pounds under weight as the result of dysentery and fever. I was in Corp. Tuttle's squad at Guanica and with us were Ryan and Peterson and the bullets zipped right by us. The confusion in the Sixth Regiment at Guanica is accounted for in the fact that we were ambushed."

Michael J. Murray: "I lost 22 pounds through fever and was in the hospital two weeks. The food we had was fierce. I wouldn't go through the Porto Rico campaign again for anything. I want to say a word in connection with the Charleston, S. C., affair. There were three other regiments turned loose in that town, yet we were the only regiment blamed for what was done. Why was that? And when we rode on transports for 18 days on short rations, is it any wonder that there were a few stragglers after we landed?"

Edward A. Barnes: "I lost 50 pounds and don't know when I'll get it back. We were fed on tomato soup, pork, coffee and hard tack and the monotony of such fare was awful. I liked Porto Rico pretty well but was not in a position to enjoy it thoroughly. I would

PRIVATE WALTER E. WORTHEN.

rather go shooting natives than Spaniards. The natives are a pack of sneak thieves. The Spaniards have some honor in this respect. I hope that I may not have to go to Porto Rico again."

Walter E. Worthen: "I do not believe in complaining, but I want to register a kick against the food and shelter we had in Porto Rico. For several weeks we had nothing but little tents to sleep under and the rain soaked right through them. Malarial fever was the inevitable result. Finally we moved into a big storehouse and it was an improvement, although fleas and cockroaches made life miserable. I lost 22 pounds."

Fred D. Woolbury: "I developed an attack of malaria on Aug. 1 and have had it more or less ever since. Dysentery added to my discomfort. I think I trained off 25 or 30 pounds."

Fred D. Hastings is reduced in weight just 30 pounds and John Hill, 20 pounds. Dysentery and fever were the causes.

Sergt. Hosmer has also lost much in weight.

Burton L. Upham and Cornelius J. Sullivan suffered from fever and the latter had to go to the hospital. The condition of Mede Tremblay is not serious.

POLICE COURT.

PHILIP AUBIN HELD FOR SUPERIOR COURT.

Family and neighbors' troubles figured prominently this morning. Several non-support and threatening cases were heard and the defendants dismissed on promises of better behaviour.

As a result of a spree, it is alleged that Patrick P. Vaughan struck a citizen on no provocation and later endeavored to "do" Officer Frank Fox while the latter was trying to arrest him. He was continued to Oct. 5.

10 drunks, one $3, three $1, two released, one probationed.

To Cornelius Sullivan and John F. Grady went the sentences. The former went to the Massachusetts reformatory while the latter will spend a month in the common jail.

Philip Aubin's case was to have been heard today but he was bound over in $1500 for the superior court. Three counts of breaking and entering and larceny and one of breaking and entering with intent to steal will confront the defendant and to all he pleaded guilty as the counts were read slowly with precision by Clerk Savage. Aubin, who is a sickly-appearing chap of about 30 years, does not appear to be the clever crook he admitted himself to be by his plea today. His security was placed at $1500.

MURDERER CONFESSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Akron, Ohio, Sept. 28.—Edward Johnson, a farm hand last night confessed that he murdered Oscar Osburne a wealthy farmer whose body was found in his barn last Sunday. Johnson is now in prison here charged with the murder.

PREMIER DEAD.

HON. THOMAS BRYNES AFTER AN HONORABLE CAREER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 28.—The Hon. Thomas Joseph Brynes, premier of Queensland is dead. He was born in 1840 and was formerly attorney general and solicitor general of Queensland.

D. F. Cavanaugh, tailor, has bought out the stock and fixtures of Dion & Scogel, Hildreth building. Mr. Cavanaugh bought the stock at about twenty cents on the dollar. It was one of the finest stocks in the city of English suitings and overcoatings. He will make suits formerly sold for $35, $40 and $45, for $18, $19 and $20. Trousers at $9 $10, and $12, Cavanaugh will make for $4, $5, and $6.

WARD 2 CAUCUSES

Goes for Candidate Flynn by Acclamation.

BRUCE DELEGATES WITHDRAWING FROM THE FIGHT.

Muldoon Was Then Allowed to Preside.

The ward two caucus was concluded last evening by the election of the Flynn delegates unanimously, the Bruce delegates withdrawing from the fight. There was an immense gathering present, all out for Flynn, and all were ready and willing to fight it out to a finish. Young Mr. Muldoon mounted a chair before the meeting opened and apologized for the proceedings of the evening before. He then stated that he would withdraw the names of the Bruce delegation and suggested that a motion be made instructing the secretary to cast one ballot for Mr. Flynn's delegates.

Mr. Muldoon also expressed the hope that no one would go away from the caucus with any ill-feeling and his remarks caused a smile in view of the fact that he was the only person perhaps, against whom any ill-feeling was manifested.

When the caucus was declared opened, Mr. Muldoon insisted that he was chairman and the caucus, interested only in Mr. Flynn's cause, allowed him all the glory of the position, and in 20 minutes all was over.

The following were declared elected as delegates to the congressional convention: James Kennedy, William Butler, Patrick Cashman, C. A. Daily, Timothy Regan, Matthew Coupe, Cornelius Sullivan and Michael Quinn.

A committee was then appointed to bring in sets of delegates to attend the other conventions and they submitted the following, which were adopted by two votes in the affirmative and none in the negative:

State—Patrick H. Lyons, Thomas H. Muldoon, William Hunt, Dr. A. J. Gagnon, Denis F. Pendergast, Owen Callahan and James Hearn.

County and Councillor—Patrick H. Barry, Thomas F. Garvey, John Riley, James Kennedy, Frank McMahon, J. J. Mullaney, Cornelius Crowley and James Sullivan.

Senatorial—Harry Doherty, Timothy Regan, Patrick A. Lyons, James F. McCarthy, Thomas H. Connors, William Hunt, James Hearn and Patrick Lynch.

Representative—Thomas H. Muldoon, Patrick A. Lyons, Timothy Regan, Thomas Butler, Michael Quinn, Harry Doherty, James F. McCarthy and James Hearn.

Fred Ware of the Western Division, B. & M. railroad, is hunting in Maine.

Miss May Mason of Fletcher street will enjoy the remainder of the week in North Chelmsford.

FIRE DRILL.

Principal Irish gave the High school pupils their first fire drill of the term this morning. More attention was given to order than speed, and the time made was four minutes.

OF YELLOW FEVER

Reports From Kentucky Show An Increase.

MANY DEATHS HAVE ALREADY RESULTED.

Now Spreading Rapidly at Jackson, Miss.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28.—Reports from the stricken districts last night show that the yellow fever outbursts are not yet under control. Five new cases, all negroes, are in Jackson, Miss.

Other reports are as follows:

At Taylor's, total to date, 82; whites, 74; colored, 8; critically ill, 4; deaths to date, 8.

At Orwood, two new cases no one death; total to date, 67; whites, 57; colored, 10; deaths, 3.

The Louisiana board of health reports one new case and one death.

In Wilson, eight new cases.

In Franklin, to date, 129 cases and 5 deaths.

A FATAL CRASH

A Special Excursion Train Instantly Wrecked

IN COLLISION WITH A WORKING TRAIN.

A Number of Persons Were Killed Outright.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 28.—A special excursion train on the way to the Halifax exhibition, from Pictou, this morning crashed into a working train near Stellarton. James Sproutt, engineer; Michael O'Brien, engineer; W. G. Henderson, fireman; John B. McKenzie, fireman; William Cameron of Scotch Hill, Pictou County, a passenger, were killed. James McMillan of Pictou, a passenger, was injured.

TWO GOOD PLAYERS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 28.—A deal was closed yesterday between Manager Mack of the Milwaukee base ball team and President Pulliam of the Louisville club, whereby two of Milwaukee's best base ball players, Beaumont and Irving Waldron, go to Louisville. The terms of the deal are not made public.

Salt Rheum On the Hands

Lloyd B. Chase, a well known farmer living in Pottersville, Mass., was afflicted with salt rheum on his hands for several years. He tried many remedies but did not obtain relief. His hands would crack open and bleed, and he said the pain was terrible to bear. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla the flesh is healed and his hands are as smooth as he could wish. All who have any symptoms of this troublesome disease should give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial and they may depend upon receiving benefit. This medicine promptly cures all blood and skin diseases. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to buy, easy to operate. 25c.

THE WINTER STOCK

The great masses of the people know how well we have fulfilled every promise made in our advertisements about the disposition of the stock of O'Hearn & Dowd at the old post office.

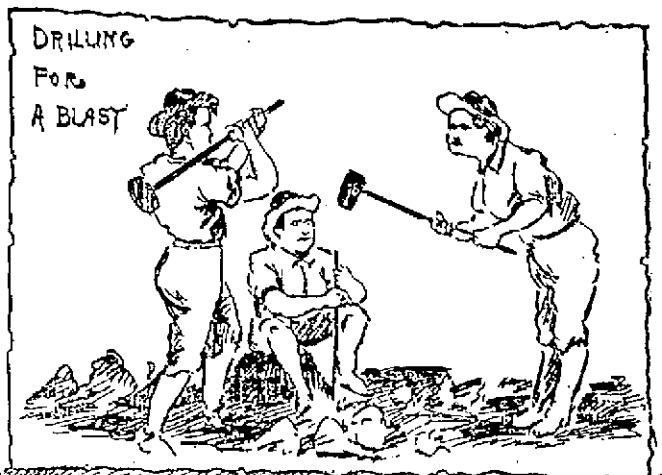
We begin today with the stock of winter goods. Everything warm for cold weather wear and the people reap all the benefits of this forced selling. Prices on

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, ETC.,

represent the merest fraction of the real value. No more fear of delay in being waited on. 65 competent salesmen will be in the store for this week's great rush. Be on hand early.

ENRIGHT & SAYWARD, Assignees

OF O'HEARN & DOWD, 31 TO 39 MERRIMACK STREET.



Sketches Made on the River Bed above Hunt's Falls, showing the Workmen Clearing the Bottom.

THE MATHEWS

HELD AN ENJOYABLE SMOKE TALK.

The members of the Mathews enjoyed themselves at a smoke talk last night. President Thornton was chairman of the evening and a fine literary program was presented. Wm. McAloon played several piano solos. There were solos by John J. Murray, Michael Gorman, Peter F. Clune, Walter H. Hickey, William Toomey, James E. Gorman and William F. Thornton. The readings were by E. F. Slattery, George F. O'Dwyer, and John A. McKenna. President William F. Thornton made an address during the program in regard to the coming harvest fete which was attentively listened to. Edward F. Slattery made a stirring address at the close of the program, exhorting the members to renew their efforts in the cause of total abstinence.

WESTFORD.

At the democratic caucus in Westford Monday evening the following delegates were chosen to the several conventions: State, John M. Fletcher; congressional, George W. Heywood; county and councillor, Albert P. Richardson; senatorial, Alvan Fisher; John M. Fletcher.

INSPECTED SCHOOLS.

Dr. Johnson at the request of the board of health, inspected the Highland, Plain, Dover and Powell street schools yesterday to see whether there were any pupils in attendance from homes where there is scarlet fever. There are a number of children out sick at present

E. H. Johnson and wife are registered at the Essex House, Salem.

Mrs. C. E. Austin is the guest of the Secombe family in Amherst.

BOTH BRANCHES

Of the City Council Met Last Evening.

RECEPTION TO ALL THE RETURNING SOLDIERS.

Arrangements for Funeral of Dead Soldiers.

The board of aldermen disposed of a lot of routine business at the meeting held last night.

Several petitions for sidewalks were read and referred, as were petitions for a fire alram box at Middlesex mills; for relocation of electric light poles in Beacon street and for electric lights.

Several swill licenses were granted, and numerous petitions for sidewalks were ordered to lay seven days in the city clerk's office.

A joint order for the appointment of a joint special commitee to arrange for a reception to the Lowell soldiers of the Spanish war, was adopted in concurrence and Aldermen Pierce and Tuttle were appointed on the part of the board of aldermen.

The joint order authorizing the superintendent of lands and buildings to purchase two lots of land now within the limits of the rifle range at a price not to exceed $100, was passed in concurrence.

Alderman Dimon arose to a matter of personal privilege and explained why it was at the previous meeting that he had opposed the passage of the joint order calling for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the sewer committee.

He said it was because it denied the mayor, chairman of the board of aldermen, and president of the common council the appointing of any member of the sewer or finance committees.

The new resolution, he said, was devoid of the objectionable features and he favored it.

The new resolution was then adopted and Aldermen Rivet and Cosgrove were appointed as members of the committee on the part of the board of aldermen.

The ordinance calling for the appointment of a superintendent and assistant superintendent of state aid was passed, and H. M. Potter and M. C. Brennan were confirmed for the respective positions.

Caesar Gelineau, A. B. Merrill and John King were appointed as weighers of coal.

The report of the special committee appointed to confer with the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company, in the matter of the paving of Gorham street between the company's rails was read, the question for its reconsideration being before the board for action.

Alderman Libby contended that the notice made at the last meeting to reconsider should prevail, but the board voted it down, thus leaving the committee's report refused of adoption.

A joint order was adopted in concurrence authorizing the mayor to take such action for the city government as he may deem proper regarding attendance upon funerals of deceased soldiers in Lowell.

The common council held a special meeting last night, and a joint order in non-concurrence, for welcoming the soldiers, was adopted.

A resolution to appoint a joint special committee to investigate the sewer department, was adopted in non-concurrence, and Councilmen Libby, McMahon and Dana were appointed as a committee on the part of the common council.

MILLINERY OPENING.

The Temple of Design will have their opening of fall and winter millinery Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. The public are cordially invited.

Pease piano capture all buyers by beautiful tone and attractive cases. Steinert's, 130 Merrimack street.

COMPANY C.

WILL TAKE POSSESSION OF LARES.

A despatch from Porto Rico says: Headed by the Sixth regiment band, Captain Greig's Company C of Lowell, marched out of town this morning on their way to Lares, garrisoned by Spanish troops. They will raise the American flag and take possession by occupation.

Sergeant-Major Pearson is the first Sixth regiment man to get through to San Juan. He went last week via Arecibo and found the Spanish in force in both places. None of the Spanish have yet left the island, and probably will not for some time yet.

It was thought that the report of yellow fever at Ponce would delay the movement of the Sixth across the island. The 200 has dwindled down to one suspect and the quarantine placed on the Nineteenth regiment has been removed.

A special badge is being made by Colonel Rice for the Sixth Massachusetts to represent service in Porto Rico. It will consist of a Spanish rosette with a Spanish button centre. The front brim of the campaign hat will be turned back and held in place by the rosette.

This will be worn in place of the corp badge.

YOUNG PEOPLE

ENTERTAINED BY MR. AND MRS. W. F. HILLS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hills entertained the Young People's society of the Branch street church and the members of Mr. Hill's Sunday school class at their home in Chelmsford last evening. Nearly one hundred young people met at the church at 7 o'clock and went out in barges. Arrived at Mr. Hills' house they were received by Mr. and Mrs. Hills and Rev. Asa Reed Dill of Northampton. The ushers were Samuel G. Stevens, Walter E. Lewis, Herbert L. Royer and Wm. Henry Beals.

A good musical and literary entertainment was given by the following talent from this city: Miss Annie L. Gilley, reader; Mr. Ed. E. Adams, tenor; Mr. Lavern H. Harrington, violinist; Mrs. Helen C. Hamilton-Taylor, pianist.

The D. L. Page company served a dainty repast and Mrs. Frank E. Kimball and Mrs. Nellie P. Parker poured.

MATRIMONIAL.

CHASE—BLOOD.

Walter A. Chase and Miss Florence R. Blood, daughter of police officer Josiah Blood, were united in matrimony last evening, at the home of the bride's father, 184 A street.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Hibbert Lockhart in the presence of but a few immediate relatives and intimate friends. The bridal party marched to the strains of the bridal chorus from Lohengrin, discoursed by Miss Louise Coburn. Miss Clara Blood, sister of the bride, and Master Chester Chase, brother of the groom, led the procession, and were followed by Miss Marion White of Somerville, who was bridesmaid, the best man, Miss Anna Chase, sister of the groom, who was maid of honor, and the contracting parties.

The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of white organdie over white, with lace trimmings, and carried bride's roses. Miss White wore figured organdie over pink, and Miss Chase white organdie over white.

Following the ceremony a reception was held, after which a wedding supper was served.

After receiving the congratulations and good wishes of all present, Mr. and Mrs. Chase left at 8.30 o'clock on a brief honeymoon. On their return they will reside at 24 Crescent street.

The young couple were made the recipients of many handsome presents among which were a vase from the Junior Y.P.S.C.E. of the Chelmsford Street Free Baptist church, of which the bride has charge, and an oak dining set from the employes of the Lowell Wall Paper company.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Mrs. Andrews of New Haven, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Hastey of Lawrence, Misses Marion, Mabel and Florence White of Somerville.

HATCH—DICKEY.

At the home of the bride's parents in Tyngsboro, Mr. Edward Hatch was joined in marriage to Miss Sarah Dickey yesterday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Sarah Dixon. The residence was handsomely decorated. A large number of relatives and friends were received. Mr. and Mrs. Hatch left during the evening on a wedding tour.

THE FIRE SIGNAL.

The mayor and the board of health had a discussion yesterday on the subject of children escaping from the public schools in case of a fire. To test the matter, they went across the street to the Green school where there are 460 pupils and asked that the fire signal be sounded. When they returned the mayor said:

"It took six minutes for the children to get out of the building by their one exit. Some of the teachers even, didn't know what the signal meant. In the case of a fire in the basement the children might have been suffocated by the smoke. I wonder whether the teachers and pupils of the other schools know the fire signal? I think that the parents would feel safer if they did."

Relative to the Green school, an explanation is in order. A new set of bells was put in during vacation and they have caused much confusion during school hours by ringing when no one ordered a signal. When the fire signal was sounded yesterday, the teachers were in doubt whether or not it was a genuine alarm, and sent down to find out if it was. Of course this wasted a little time.

Now the best proof of the fact that the pupils of our schools are well trained in the method of leaving the building in case of fire was presented by the Green school pupils last year. A fire alarm was sounded and the apparatus responded. It was thought that there was a fire in the building and in less than 3 minutes the children filed out in order.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Many petty debtors who are ignorant of the passage of the Dubuque law, are being surprised these days with lengthy legal documents, which, in effect, mean that they are obliged to pay their creditors under the existing law.

NASHUA GROCERS' PICNIC.

The Nashua grocers held their outing at Mountain Rock yesterday. An elaborate sporting program was carried out while the old fashioned bean supper was "carried in" joyfully by the dispensers of the article. A large delegation of Lowellites attended as invited guests.

TO SKEPTICAL ASTHMATICS

The truly marvellous cures of Asthma which have already been effected by Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann, certainly call for notice. His preparation (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), not only gives instant relief in the most stubborn and obstinate cases, but positively cures, in proof of which hear what the Town Clerk at Cavalier, N. D., Mr. W. Sererus, says: "I was troubled with asthma for 20 years; about 8 years ago I started to use your Asthma Cure and I have not had an attack for six years."

Packages of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure may be obtained of all druggists for 50c. and $1.00 per package, or by writing direct to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 804, St. Paul, Minn.

THE GLAD HAND

As Annually Extended Little Canada's Voters

BY THE STOCK FLAG RAISERS AND OTHERS.

Everybody Patted Everybody's Else Back.

The French-Republicans of Little Canada received the annual glad hand from the moguls of the party in an open air assembly on Aiken street last evening at which red fire, eloquence and refreshments were served. The rally was ostensibly in the interest of Mr. Knox, but the professional flag raisers Bennett, Putnam and Hayes rang in, while John C. Wilson worried the Bennett faction somewhat.

Cyrille Constantineau, he of all parties, ran the affair and acted as chairman.

The first speaker was Col. A. M. Chadwick one of those who was to have beens who for various reasons boomed Knox. For several reasons he didn't boom Bennett.

L. P. Tarcott spoke in French.

Senator Putnam boomed his own cause and also asked for a good vote for Knox.

A. G. Swapp with his own little graft in mind, said a good word for Hayes.

John C. Wilson spoke a word for Knox and for Knox only.

Bill Hayes gave them the old "con" on the war and showed the absolute necessity of having only master minds like Knox to shape the new policy for the country. He then proposed three cheers for Congressman Knox.

Mr. Knox painted beautiful mind pictures of the prosperity in which the entire country is basking and promised with the extension of territory a prosperity such as the world has never seen.

Mayor Bennett told the voters that the republican administration had given them smooth paving on Aiken street and a new bridge, making one of "those" speeches.

George W. Poore and Councilman Libby talked Knox, and for councillor Mr. Howe of Marlboro, and the meeting closed with refreshments.

SPRINTERS MATCHED.

Another race has been arranged between Fred L. Miller of Massachusetts and Patrick Igo of Manchester, N. H., to take place Friday, October 14th. In all probability the match will be run off in Manchester, although the articles of agreement say either in Lowell or Manchester. These two sprinters are both well known in this city.

The articles of agreement, which have been drawn up and signed by both parties, provide that the distance of the race shall be 600 yards, Miller allowing Igo a 20-yards' handicap in the aforesaid 600. The start will be made by pistol firing after the men are set. The stakes will be for $200 a side, and will be held by Frank W. Frisselle of the Manchester Union, who will also act as referee of the race.

Sheffield rules will govern the race.

A Beautiful Exhibit.

Our great display of New Neckwear has not a superior in style, variety and reasonableness in all the state. There is nothing of merit, in the way of new shapes, colorings and patterns, which we cannot furnish you. Our showing is conceded by all unbiased good dressers who have visited our store this week, to be the finest ever made in Lowell. The highest compliment that could be paid to the genius of our Great Furnishing Department was the enthusiastic throngs that crowded about our large show window since the goods have been exhibited. The price we have marked on them—which is about half their real value—ought to result in almost the sale of the entire stock in a few days.

50c.

When you are passing by just drop in and take a look at them.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Co.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

LUMBER BURNED

A. L. Brooks & Co.'s Saw-Mill Destroyed.

CAUSE OF THE FIRE IS UNKNOWN.

The Loss Will Reach About $15,000.

The saw mill of A. L. Brooks & Co., now occupied by A. B. Woodworth, and located on the Merrimack river above North Chelmsford, was destroyed by fire last night.

The fire started about 6.30 o'clock in the saw mill, half an hour after the few men now at work had gone home. It spread quickly to the engine house and the sparks were carried over to the planing mill, setting that afire so that before anything could be done, the whole property was a mass of flames and then it was too late to save anything. Word was sent to Lowell and one of the steamers went out but the long journey was to no purpose as nothing could be done.

The plant consisted of a main saw mill building 46x80, which contained a band mill, rotary saw, edging machine and slab saws; the engine house with a 150 horse power engine and two boilers; and the planing mill, 60x60 feet, with planing and matching machinery and re-sawing and slipping machines. Besides the buildings 25,000 feet of stacked lumber was destroyed. It was piled closely so that the air could not give a draft to the flames and an hour after the buildings were levelled with the ground, the solid piles of boards were masses of fire that raged with the intensity of a furnace. Around the lumber yard a million to a million and a half feet of lumber was piled but it was far enough away from the fire to ensure its safety. Several small buildings used for storage houses also escaped.

The entire lumber plant was destroyed. The cause of the fire is not known.

BOXING GOSSIP.

George Lavigne and Frank Erne are both in excellent shape for their lightweight championship contest Wednesday night at the Greater New York A. C. The surprising thing about the affair is the number of admirers Erne has. There is a money following behind the Buffalonian that is ready to plank down solid bets every time a Lavigne admirer expresses the opinion that the Saginaw Kid will whip the Swiss fighter.

On form there is really no comparison between the two men. One has proven himself a champion in all that the term implies; the other has been successful in his class in a way, but is not invincible as Lavigne has been and is. Erne was beaten by Martin Flaherty with comparative ease in twenty rounds and this fact alone is enough to make Lavigne an overwhelming favorite in the betting.

Erne is clever on his feet, speedy with his hand, but is inclined to get bull-headed on occasions. He is not a careful man in the ring, and it is these ebullitions of temper that leave him so open to attack and a consequent whipping if his opponent is his equal in strength and skill.

Jim Kennedy, who manages Erne, has picked up a number of bets at even money that Erne will not last ten rounds while there is any amount of money here that Erne will not go fifteen.

It was reported yesterday morning that Corbett would second Lavigne, and the Californian's reputation as a Jonah is so strong that many people will take the Erne end if Jim is behind the Kid.

Taking everything into consideration I am convinced that Erne is not the man to take Lavigne's measure.

The New York sporting people are glad in a certain sense that the McCoy-Corbett contest is off for the reason that any attempt to hold it here would result in an interclub fight that must eventually become so bitter as to endanger the standard of the sport and probably result in the repeal of the Horton law.

The supporters of boxing realize this and were fearful lest an attempt would be made to have the fight decided in or near New York. If the Lenox people had secured the fight, the Coney Island club would have started a war and the same applies to the Greater New York A. C., had the Lenox club been the one to secure the contest.

All in all, it is probably for the best that the match has been declared off, so far as New York is concerned.

Billy Smith will meet "Cyclone" Kelly in Detroit on October 10, and will box Charley Johnson at Pittsburg the 14th.

Frank Childs defeated Henry Baker in three rounds at Chicago Saturday night and in the preliminary bout Frank Bartley beat Tom Moriarty.

Miss M. E. Fitzpatrick, daughter of James H. Fitzpatrick, a leading Salem citizen, has entered the Notre Dame academy in this city on a three years' course of study.

MAKE IT PUBLIC.

Publicity Counts. That's What The People Want—Lowell Expression On the Subject.

Make it public.
Tell the people about it.
Gratitude promotes publicity.
Grateful citizens talk.
They tell their neighbors—tell their friends.
The news is too good to keep.
Everybody should know about the Little Conqueror.
"Bad backs" are numerous.
So few understand the case.
Many Lowell people are learning.
And better still, they're being cured.
Lame backs are lame no more.
Weak ones regain their strength.
This is the every day labor in Lowell.
Of Doan's Kidney Pills.
Ourr citizens are making it public.
Read this case:

Mr. H. E. Richardson, an employe of Dexter's wholesale grocery, says: "For two years I suffered at intervals with a gnawing pain in my back. If sitting and I went to rise, stitches caught me, and if I over-exerted myself a dull aching pain was sure to follow.

"I got Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s, Merrimack and Central streets, and as soon as I began taking them, I found the pains give way. I was soon all right. I shall recommend them as strongly as possible and will be glad to do it."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all Foster-MilburnCo., Buffalo, N. Y., dealers. Price, 50 cents. Mailed by sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Streets.

Our Store is Open Every Day Except Sundays and Certain Holidays for the Display and Sale of

MERCHANDISE

But Thursday, Friday and Saturday of This Week at

Special Display and Sale Days

Upon which occasion we will show everything that is new and up to date in

Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Cloaks, Furs, Suits, Infants' Wear, Cotton Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Men's Furnishings, Carpets, Furniture and Crockery.

Many EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES will be shown for the first time at retail, and when we say exclusive we will guarantee the article will not be duplicated by our competitors. There will be no music or souvenirs, but genuine bargains will be offered in every department to induce purchasing, as your money is what we are after and to secure it

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will give an extraordinary equivalent. Come and see us whether or not you are ready to buy, we will be pleased to show the new goods.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

Millinery Opening

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1st.

Head & Shaw

THE MILLINERS,

169 MERR'K ST.

You'll catch a glimpse of the new Fall Beauties here. The styles are far handsomer than ever. More captivating! More winsome! With just that little touch of coquetry about them that adds so much to their prettiness. Marvelous creations from the designs of two continents. But wait till you see them. They must be seen to be appreciated. Your inspection is cordially invited. Ask for our booklet, "Miniatures from Paris."

THE SEVERE NORTHERN WINTERS

Experienced for the past few years, and with such a changeable climate, have at endency to raise havoc with the Throat and Lungs, subjecting people to attacks of Asthma, Bronchitis and acute and chronic Coughs, at first a harmless cold or cough, which was allowed to take its course. Always keep Cleveland's Lung Healer on hand. Call on F. H. Butler & Co., 265 Central street and 391 Middlesex street and get a trial bottle free. Large size, 25c.

MISS HARD'S

Shorthand School

Eleventh year opens September. Oldest and best known school of its kind in Lowell. Thorough preparation for amanuensis work. Special advantages in type-writing. For Catalogue address Miss Hard, Hildreth building.

YOU MAY BE

In need of a Fancy Rocker, Odd Chair, or a Morris Chair. In such a case we count on inspection of our goods.

OIL STOVES

Are needed now before you start the furnace. They will save you money and add comfort to your home these cool mornings and evenings.

A trial will convince you that it's just what you need. We are pleased to show our goods.

GAYNOR & CO.

25 Prescott Street.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$2.00 Per Year. 25c. For Month.

A FACT

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two papers printed in Lowell, morning or evening. It has double the circulation of all the other evening papers in Lowell combined.

On the basis of circulation, its advertising rates are much cheaper than those of any other paper in Lowell.

For news, for illustrations, for enterprise, and for advertising it is

LOWELL'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER.

THE DREYFUS CASE TO BE RE-OPENED.

Despite the threats of the French army and of the officers who are probably guilty of securing the conviction of Dreyfus for treason, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case with the result that the prisoner after serving four years of a life sentence will undoubtedly be set free.

His case has become of such importance in France that it has brought the country to the verge of revolution and is now approaching its most important stage. After the senseless fury of the mob has been spent, after justice has been outraged by the bending of the courts to popular appeals, there is now a probability that Dreyfus will be vindicated and the conspirators who secured his conviction punished for their perfidious treachery towards a fellow officer because of his Jewish extraction.

As this case is now more than ever a subject of discussion, a review of its leading features will be of interest to all. The history of the case as briefly stated by a contemporary is as follows:

"In the autumn of 1894 there was picked up in the German embassy at Paris, by an underling, a messenger from the French ministry of war, a memorandum adressed to the German military attache in which reference was made to some copies of the French military plans to be followed in the event of war with Germany and which were presumably sent to the German embassy with the memorandum and in which the offer was made to forward the detailed plans of some French fortresses in the line of German defence if desired. This memorandum was duly handed in to the French ministry of war and an investigation immediately undertaken. Referring to fortresses it was assumed that the memorandum must have been written by an artillery officer. Looking over the list of artillery officers who would be in the possession of such information the glance of the investigators fell upon the name of Captain Dreyfus, a Jew, and who more likely than a Jew to betray France for gold? No comparison was made between the writing upon the memorandum, the now famous "bordereau," and samples of Captain Dreyfus's writings. The writings were then submitted to experts and some declared the writing on the bordereau to be that of Dreyfus, others to be a clumsy forgery of his writing.

"Thereupon Dreyfus was arrested. For a long time he was kept in utter ignorance of the evidence held against him. Along in December, 1894, he was put on trial. The authorship of the bordereau he firmly denied; the German military attache denied ever having seen such bordereau, and such denial he has since reiterated, which leaves us in doubt as to whether the famous bordereau ever really saw the inside of the German legation, and, if we believe the German military attache, we are driven to the conclusion that the story of the finding of the bordereau in the German legation was a mere fabrication, a part of the conspiracy gotten up to convict an innocent man of treason.

"But the judges of Dreyfus seemed bent on convicting him of treason, and convict him they did, condemning him to imprisonment for life. So Dreyfus was duly stripped of his military insignia; his sword was broken and the buttons of his military cloak torn off before the garrison of Paris, drawn up to be witness of his humiliation and disgrace, and a great multitude of the Parisian populace and he himself was finally sent off to be imprisoned on Devil's Island, off the coast of French Guiana, where it was believed he would soon succumb to tropical fevers. But Dreyfus has refused to die as he refused to commit suicide when offered every opportunity to do so by the authorities of his Parisian prison.

Three years passed and the case was nearly forgotten, but Dreyfus' wife convinced the president of the senate and Emile Zola that her husband was the victim of a vile conspiracy. Then his accusers tried to produce confirmatory evidence and Colonel Henry produced a letter purporting to have been written late in 1894 by the German military attache in Paris to the Italian military attache, suggesting that both should keep the transaction with Dreyfus a strict secret."

Zola was tried and convicted in a manner fully as farcical as that in which Dreyfus was sent to a penal colony.

Such was the documentary proof which M. Cavaignac, the then minister of war, brought forward to confirm the alleged guilt of Dreyfus. He accepted the document presented by Colonel Henry as genuine without any inquiry as to how it was secured, which is but another proof of the outrage upon justice involved in the whole affair.

But the Brisson cabinet a little later thought it might be well to find from Colonel Henry how this document came into his possession. He was called before the cabinet and questioned but could give no intelligible account of how he secured the document, offering as an explanation of his inability to do so, that he had a poor memory for names and that he had absolutely forgotten from whom he got the document. Further pressed he admitted that he had forged the document to serve his superior officers and to further their purposes. Thereupon Colonel Henry was arrested and on the first opportunity he committed suicide.

M. Cavaignac promptly resigned as a result of this turn in the case and a reaction swept over the nation. From the shouts for Dreyfus' life, the people demand a reopening of the trial so that the prisoners' innocence might be proven and the conspirators brought to justice.

It was argued by the opponents of revision that Colonel Henry's suicide did not prove his guilt or the innocence of Dreyfus, as the prisoner was convicted before the forgery of Colonel Henry took place, but this tragic episode served to cast suspicion upon the documentary evidence upon which Dreyfus was convicted for it was in no sense more reliable or genuine than the forgery of Colonel Henry. Thus the higher army officers were brought under suspicion, more especially Major Esterhazy, who played a very important part in the conviction of Dreyfus, and who is accused of being the forger of the bordereau or note on which Dreyfus was convicted, and who now turns up in London as a fugitive, declaring that a soldier should place his conscience as well as his sword at the disposal of his superior officers to advance their purposes. With such evidence staring the French cabinet and people in the face, the cabinet has voted to reopen the case and unless the threats of the army stifles justice, Dreyfus will be set free, and his accusers convicted of the foulest conspiracy. This may placate the masses for a time but they will afterwards clamor for the punishment of the officers who testified against Dreyfus and when these are convicted and thrown into prison, the end of the Dreyfus case may be in sight.

THE SUN'S POLICY TOWARDS DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

When two or more democrats enter a contest for an office or a nomination therefor, it has been the invariable policy of The Sun to refrain from interference unless the interests of the democratic party or the exigencies of the case called for interference. If the candidates were equally capable, equally loyal to the party, and equally deserving, no democratic paper has any right to interfere between them, unless it is evident that a worthy candidate is being covertly used as the tool of designing renegades to bring about party dissension or party defeat. When one of the candidates is manifestly unfit for the office sought, or when he adopts questionable methods to secure an advantage over another candidate, thus jeopardizing the chances of party success and thwarting the manifest will of the majority, then it is not only the province but the duty of a democratic paper to interfere and to point out to the voters where their true interests lie and how the danger may be averted.

This is what The Sun has done in the congressional contest and the result of the caucuses throughout the district shows that The Sun's views on the matter were very generally held or endorsed by the loyal democrats in every town and city of the district.

If after expressing thus fully and freely our opinion of both candidates, our advice had been ignored and repudiated by the nomination of the man whom we opposed, then we should have promptly bowed to the will of the democracy, accepted the judgment of the majority and come out in support of the nominee.

The candidate of the democracy is The Sun's candidate every time and it is gratifying to The Sun to note that it has never been at variance with the loyal democracy of Lowell as to the best candidate to nominate in any case in which we considered it a duty to express a preference.

DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
Nerve tonic—Blood Maker. Send for descriptive pamphlet. Sold by druggists everywhere. 50 cents per box—six for $2.50.
Dr. Williams' Mfg. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

THE ARENA OF POLITICS

A PARABLE.

It Shows That It is a Good Plan to Control Your Own Affairs.

A certain very rich man said unto himself, "I have many interests, and I will turn over the most important of them to a body of men whom I'll choose for a year or two years, and I'll call them a legislature." And he did it and went on his way. And the body of men met and they made money with the rich man's goods and sold some and mortgaged others and despoiled others. And the sutlers and lobbyists flocked around as vultures around a carrion, and the rich man remonstrated and held mass meetings and screamed himself hoarse. And the body of men looked at him derisively and said to itself, "Surely we have worked for these offices and they are ours, and you can't put us out nor reverse our acts, but are bound by them." And they laughed in their sleeves at the rich man.

Again, an election came around, and the rich man chose another set of men of the same sort, and, having untrammeled power, they did likewise. And many moons waxed and waned and the rich man did not seem to learn by experience, but really he was growing very mad, and at last he rose up and said, "I will choose ye as councilors, but ye shall do naught that I do not wish, and ye shall do the things I wish, and I'll vote any acts of yours that I do not like by the referendum, and if ye will not pass the laws I wish I myself will start them by the initiative." And the latter end of that man was better than the former.—Elbwood Pomeroy.

They Are Traitors.

Hot winds and drouth may effect the corn crop, but they can injure it now only to a limited extent. Nebraska's crop of 1898 is sure in the aggregate to yield one of its far famed bumper harvests.—Omaha Bee.

The above is not true, and The Bee knows it. There will not be a half crop of corn in Nebraska, and The Bee knows that also. Such articles help the speculators and injure every farmer in the state. Such statements are gleaned from the plutocratic press by the board of trade men and used to bear the markets. The consequence is that our crops are sold at miserably low prices in the fall and winter, and next spring these same papers will come out and say the crop was small, the surplus is exhausted and the prices will be skyward when the farmers have nothing to sell. If the producing classes will refuse to believe any statement in a goldbug paper and will hold on to their grain as they cling to their hope of heaven, they will get a fair price for it after awhile. It is passing strange that in an agricultural state like Nebraska the plutocratic press always favor the men who buy instead of the men who sell; always favor the railroads instead of the people, the speculator instead of the farmer, the creditor instead of the debtor, the rich instead of the poor. They are our enemies instead of our friends. They are traitors to every interest of the commonwealth and ought to be held as public enemies.—Nonconformist.

Colonial Money.

Peter Cooper, discussing colonial paper money, said:

These colonial notes, being adopted by all the colonies, led to an unexpected degree of prosperity, so great that when Franklin was brought before the parliament of Great Britain and questioned as to the cause of the wonderful prosperity growing up in the colonies, he plainly stated that the cause was the convenience they found in exchanging their various forms of labor one with another by the paper money which had been adopted; that this paper money was not only used in the payment of taxes, but in addition it had been declared legal tender. It rose 2 and 3 per cent above the par of gold and silver, as everybody preferred its use. One of its advantages was its security against theft, as it could be easily carried and hidden, on account of its having no bulk, as all kinds of specie must necessarily have. After Franklin explained this to the British government as the real cause of prosperity, they immediately passed laws forbidding the payment of taxes in that money. This produced such great inconvenience and misery to the people that it was the principal cause of the Revolution. A far greater reason for a general uprising than the tea and stamp act was the taking away of the paper money.

Will Pay Twice.

How glad and willing the people would have been to have let Uncle Sam have everything he wanted to carry on the war, from a pair of shoes to a battleship, taking therefor noninterest bearing greenbacks and carrying them till the goverment was ready to redeem them by receiving them for taxes. The people would have taken $200,000,000 of greenbacks and carried them for 20 years, thus saving $120,000,000 of interest money.

As it is the war expenses must be paid twice, once for supplies and once to old Shylock.—Norton's Monthly.

Not For the Farmer.

The "dollar wheat" boasted of by the Republican press leaders is not for the farmers. Last year nine-tenths of the farmers sold their wheat from 60 to 63 cents. In the hands of speculators the same wheat reached $1.55 on the Chicago board. Now, when a new crop is in the hands of the farmers, wheat has dropped to 70 cents. Dollar wheat is not for the farmers.—Vincennes (Ind.) Sun.

Railway Changes.

The McKinley press bureau gives out statistics of the number of railroads which have passed out of the hands of receivers this year. It does not explain that they were bankrupted as a result of plutocratic policies, and that now they are reorganized, with London owners, to whom our western and southern shippers must pay tribute in gold.—Journal of Agriculture.

MANUFACTURERS' PARTY.

The regular 9.30 train out of Boston yesterday reached Lowell promptly on time at 10.09, carrying the excursionists of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, on their trip to the White Mountains. The regular train comprised two parlor cars and four coaches and there were four extra Pullman parlor cars besides. Nearly all the Lowell delegation boarded the train at the northern station. A little hitch in the coupling of the rear cars caused some delay and it was 10.40 when the long train pulled out of the station, bearing a crowd of comfortable and happy looking pleasure-seekers.

DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended for a medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice almost daily and one which is fraught with danger; moreover, the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels and cases are on record where it accumulated in the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 200-grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones, and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangement and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food, they create a healthy appetite, increase flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness and will be found reliable in any stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50c. per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weakness and their cure mailed free by addressing the Stuart Co., of Marshall, Mich.

MISSES'
SPRING HEEL SHOES
Made from White Bros. Box Calf, in Lace and Button, bottomed with heavy union soles, leather tips and back stays UNMATCHABLE for Comfort and Wear, at the low price of
$1.25 a Pair.
J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON STREET.

MUSIC HALL
W. H. BOODY, Manager.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 26, 27, 28. Wednesday Matinee.
The Laughing Sensation,
Johnnie-THE RAYS-Emma
In their Furiously Funny Comedy,
"A Hot Old Time"
By George M. Cohen. Excellent Specialties, Latest Songs, Magnificent Costumes. "The Show that made the universe laugh."
Three Nights, and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, Sept. 29,
THE MIDNIGHT ALARM.
Great Cast, Great Scenery, Great Effects. Seats on sale at Box Office.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th.
Davis & Keogh's
Latest, Largest Play Production
On Land and Sea
A Dramatic Romance of THE DEEP AND DIXIE.
Scenes Surpassingly Sensational and Stupendous.
THE WRECK of the Clipper Ship "Columbia."
A Steam Threshing Machine Introduced in Actual Operation.
REGULAR PRICES.
A THEATRICAL TIDAL WAVE

M. J. SHARKEY & CO.
44 Central street, Lowell.
Fire, Life, Accident and Liability Insurance in the leading companies. Office hours: 8 to 6 a. m., 12 to 1.30 and 7.30 to 9 p. m. Drop a postal if unable to call.

DEWALKER & FENTON

DON'T YOU WITCH
you had a pint bottle of Dows' Witch Hazel—only 25c. 389 Central St.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER
Is the only Dandruff Cure. For Shampooing it has no equal.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY OPENING
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
September 29th, 30th and October 1st.

The following array of talent will interest the ladies during our opening display:
Miss Kit McCarthy, Miss D. O'Brien, Miss Emma Abbott, Miss Margaret Harrington, Miss Katie Greer, Miss Kate Gilroy, Miss Elizabeth Holt, Miss Zena B. Ransom, Miss Rose Gosselin, Miss Sallie Fitzpatrick, Miss Genevieve Rourke, Miss Fannie Gosselin, Miss Nellie Comerford, Miss Nellie Tully, Miss Alice Nelson, Miss Severine Leclair, Miss Eva Leclair, Miss Lillian Jaeger, Miss Margaret Maguire, Mrs. Edwin Shattuck, Miss Winnie King and Miss Marie Gilroy.

ROSE JORDAN HARTFORD
JOHN ST., NEAR MERRIMACK.

We Have the Best Line of
Sewing Machines
In New England. 100 on our floor to select from. Prices $16.50 up.
Ring's Big Store
221-229 DUTTON ST.

REMOVAL.
MARK M. PEASE, teacher of Violin, also leader of Pease's Orchestra, formerly at 201 Middlesex street, has removed to No.
90 Appleton St.,
Where he will receive pupils.

FALL OPENING!
Imported AND Domestic Millinery
Thursday, Friday, Saturday,
Sept. 29, 30, Oct. 1.
MME MAXIME LEPINE
337 MOODY COR. RACE STS.
Ladies are all invited.

CITY HALL SHOE STORE
F. E. Labarge wishes to inform the public that he has opened a store at 400 Merrimack street, opposite City Hall with a
FINE LINE OF FOOTWEAR
For Men, Women and Children,
all styles, at the lowest prices. Be sure and give this shoe store a visit before purchasing elsewhere if you desire to save money. Remember the place, 400 Merrimack street. This is Lowell's great bargain store
F. E. LABARGE, Prop.

THE FIRST TEST
of a medicine is what it does. Dows' Worm Syrup removes the pesky things every time. 389 Central Street.

$35 Discount
On One Year Scholarships
To the next twenty students who enter the DAY school of the
N. E. BUSINESS UNIVERSITY,
Hunels Building, Merrimack Square, Lowell, Mass.
The N. E. B. U. is the ONLY first-class Business and Shorthand Training School, nearer than Boston, in this part of New England, and we challenge ANYONE to dispute it publicly.
W. J. Sanders, Prin. C. E. Williams, Mgr.

SUFFOLK LOAN CO.
(CORPORATION.)
345 Washington Street, Boston, up one flight. (Near entrance to Boston Tavern.)
MONEY TO LOAN
At legal rates of interest on diamonds, watches, jewelry, life insurance policies, legacies, shares, bonds or any other good security.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL
Day Classes Commence Oct. 3.
Evening " " " 17.
New machinery. Catalogue free. Apply early, especially for Art Classes.
WILLIAM W. CROSBY, Prin.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes, the

TAX LIST FOR 1898,

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and the Ordinances of the City of Lowell the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein and he is now ready to receive payment of said taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the Collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1898, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the tax. Each partner is liable for the whole tax assessed under the partnership name.

The assessors are now distributing Tax Bills. If any ratable inhabitant by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause, should not receive his Tax Bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1898 IS $18.00 ON $1000.

Office Hours: From 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. For the convenience of the Tax Paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from October 3 to October 15, inclusive, 7 to 8 o'clock P. M. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, from October 17 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence May 1st, 1898, and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN.
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

You Won't Need Bellows
To induce your coal to burn if you buy it of us. Our coal burns when you ask it to—and it all burns, too. It will save heat, time, temper and money for you. This is a good time to lay in your next season's stock.
D. W. HORNE & SON,
15 Central Street.

FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Golden Cream India Pale Ale And Porter.
OUR WHOLESALE AGENTS IN LOWELL ARE
JOHN LENNON & CO., AND PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
They keep a full line of our goods in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels.
Many dealers claim to run Jones' Ale who do not.
The following is a complete list of those who use the same. Jones' Ale is used exclusively by:
JOHN LENNON & CO.
PETER H. DONOHOE & CO.
CORNELIUS SHANAHAN.
WILLIAM GUINEY & CO.
W. W. MURPHY & CO.
NOEL TRAVERSY.
J. H. McCAFFREY & CO.
PATRICK TEAGUE.
GEO. W. ENRIGHT & CO.
JOHN M. PEVEY.
F. BRADY & CO.
ROCKINGHAM.
O. M. DONOHOE & CO.
It can also be found at the following places:
JNO. H. BURKE.
JOS. H. CLARK & CO.
H. F. DUGGAN & CO.
P. L. FURLONG.
M. W. HALLORAN & CO.
P. KEYES, Jr.
JNO. DONOHOE & CO.
T. F. GARVEY & CO.
M. MORAN & CO.
A. F. ROACH & CO.
JNO. J. BARROWS & CO.
S. BARTLETT & CO.
WM. H. MERRITT & CO
P. H. BROSNAHAN & CO.
W. H. BOODY & CO.
H. F. MELLEN & CO.
SMITH & DUNN.
F. H. CALLAHAN & CO
EDWARD F. FAULKNER & CO.
JNO. F. KINSELLA & CO.
GARVEY & MEADE.
FRANK JONES BREWING CO.
(LIMITED.)

FLOWER STANDS
All Kinds.
APPLE PARERS
Corers and Slicers.
MEAT CUTTERS
All Kinds.
FRUIT PRESSES
For Small Fruits.
FRUIT PICKER
With Long Handle.
FIBRE PAILS and TUBS
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

Notice. For the next 15 days, A. M. Bertrand, the tailor, will make his $22 Suits for $16; his $25 Suits for $20; his $27 suits for $22. Trousers from $4 upwards. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done at short notice.
A. M. BERTRAND, 24 Middle St.
Few doors from the corner of Central St.

THE WONDERFUL NEW DRINK
"GLORIA"
ASK FOR GLORIA.
Gives the vigor and pleasure of youth. Half a day of new and vigorous life in every drink. Try it. 5 CENTS A GLASS.
S. BARTLETT, Agt., 160 and 162 Middlesex St.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
Office 22 Shattuck St., cor. Middle.
SEWELL C. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewell C. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. C. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.
Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet.
First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken screened and delivered at $1.50 per chaldron, $8.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

EMERY LAND
Office Removed to
3 HILDRETH BUILDING
House lots near the new Moody street bridge, on the principal streets and avenues with all modern improvements, such as gas, city water, sewers, sidewalks, schools, etc. The location is one of the best in the city, being by actual measurement only 825 feet from the corner of Central and Merrimack streets to the Emery land. Over 200 buildings have been built on this Emery land in the last two years. Is not that a good indication of what this property is going to be? Call for plans. Prices low. Terms easy.
Wm. H. Emery.
A. J. Ryan, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

We Bottle Betz's Half Stock
And deliver it in cases to all parts of the city. There is no better Ale in the market than Betz's Celebrated Ales. We also keep on draught all the leading brands of Ales, Lager and Porter. Choicest line of foreign and domestic liquors and cigars.
GEORGE W. ENRIGHT'S
Corner Willie and Broadway.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
117 Central St., opp. American House,
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block,
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
132 Merrimack Street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Crayons, Pastels, and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

W. A. LEW,
49 John street.
CLOTHING CLEANSED, DYED AND PRESSED.

CHARLES H. COSGROVE,
Room 16 Hildreth Building.
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS.

LOWELL RENDERING COMPANY
Wholesale Dealers in
Tallow, Bones, Grease, Neats-foot Oil,
SOAP AND SOAP POWDER,
Hides, Calfskins and Pelts.
Dead Animals Removed Promptly Upon Notification.
532-4—Telephone—322-3.

DRAWING AND PAINTING
MISS HELEN WRIGHT
Will resume her classes on and after Nov. 5th at No. 7 Bank Building, Shattuck street. Instruction given in Free Hand Drawing flat copy and Models, Water and Oil colors, and China Decorations.

GATELY & PEARSON,
SOLICITORS OF PATENTS
Patents obtained. Patent law a specialty.
46 HILDREAR BUILDING.

THE SUN EXTRA! 6 O'CLOCK

A NEW NAVY

Congosto Says Spain Will Have One.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 28.—Dr. Jose Congosto, secretary general of Cuba, and member of the Spanish Peace Commission, arrived in this city this morning on the Ward liner City of Washington. He is on his way to Paris, where he will begin his duties on the Peace Commission.

Dr. Congosto was somewhat reluctant to talk for publication and when the subject of affairs in Cuba was brought up, he hastened to assure the questioner that everything "was beautiful."

"Of course," he said, "you must understand that the evacuation of Cuba by Spain is a matter of time, but when I left Havana everything was progressing well. I do not care to enter into all the reasons for the delay, but one of the principal causes is the fact that we have over 6,000 sick who must be taken care of and cannot be left behind.

"The problem of the future of the island is a difficult one, and I have studied it without prejudice and as a result of this study of years, I believe that it is a social problem and not a political one. It is probable that there will be large immigration to the island and this may assist in solving the problem. Of course a difficulty will be met in view of the dangers of fever and the climate."

Dr. Congosto was asked as to the condition of the reconcentradoes.

"There are no reconcentradoes now" he answered with a smile. "They're gone. God knows where."

When asked as to the establishment of a new navy for Spain, Dr. Congosto said: "Spain is still a great country, and she ought to have a great navy—and probably will. I know nothing of the plans to raise funds for our war vessels. But I believe that Spain in a few years will have another magnificent navy."

Discussing the fall of Santiago and the surrender of General Toral, Dr. Congosto says:

"There were brave soldiers at Santiago and if their leader lacked courage he deserves to be punished. Santiago should not have fallen as it did. If Toral had pushed forward instead of retreating towards the city, he certainly would have caused a repulse. These are things which he will have to explain."

COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, Who Was Nominated Last Night for Governor of New York on the Republican Ticket.

COMING HOME

Remainder of the Ninth Leave Montauk.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., Sept. 28.—There are only three regiments in the camp, which a month ago had 25,000 men.

The First Cavalry got away today. The regiment will be distributed among the different forts in the department.

The hospital ship Lewiston today took 90 sick men to Providence to be distributed among the various hospitals in that city. She also transported 40 members of the Second and Ninth Massachusetts Volunteers. All had been sick but have recovered and went home on leaves of absences.

There were 225 men in the general hospital today and only one death report, Harry Walden of Company K, Second Infantry, died from typhoid.

It is believed that Lieutenants Gillow and McNulty are on the boat.

THOMAS MILLER

Arrested on a Charge of Stealing Mail.

HE MADE A CONFESSION AFTER ARREST.

Inspectors on the Case for Two Years.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 28.—Chief Post Office Inspector Baird, in charge of the Southern division, has received a telegram from Inspector Besson stating that he had made an important arrest which will put an end to stealing which has been going on in the Jacksonville, Fla., post office for years. The man arrested is Thomas Miller, a mailing clerk, who has been employed in the Jacksonville post office seven years. A large amount of mail was found in Miller's possession and considerable money was recovered. Miller made a full confession soon after being arrested. For two years, the inspectors have been trying to trace the thieves.

WILL RESIGN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Yokohama, Sept. 28.—The minister of justice, Ohigashi, will resign because of the agitation among the members of the bench and bar against his unfitness for the office he has been holding.

DEATHS.

GIBBONS.—James, infant son of Michael and Mary Gibbons, died yesterday afternoon at his parents' home, aged 1 year and 2 months. Funeral was held this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

FLANAGAN.—Martin, son of Patrick and Mary Flanagan, died at 12 Brooks street last night, aged 7 months. The funeral took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery.

EAGAN.—The funeral services of Thomas Eagan were held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. John J. McHugh officiated. The funeral took place from Undertaker C. H. Molloy's warerooms. The bearers were James Lynch, Patrick Doolan, Patrick Lennon, Michael O'Donnell, Michael Morley and Dennis Keefe.

FLYNN—John E., aged 18 months, son of William J. and Annie Flynn, died last night at the home of his parents, 897 Central street. The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

PRATT—Mrs. Eliza Shaw Pratt, wife of Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt, died recently in St. Mark's hospital, New York city. Before her illness they lived in Springfield, and several years ago resided in this city.

SLOAN WINS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

London, Sept. 28.—At the second day of the first October meeting in New Market today, the New Market October welter-handicap was won by the Lorillard-Beresford stable's three year old bay colt, Elfin, which was ridden by Tod Sloan. Peace and Plenty was second, and Calvary, third.

BIG HAUL OF DUST

Gold Hunters Return From Klondike.

THE STEAMER DANUBE ARRIVES WITH PASSENGERS.

Treasure Brought From the Yukon Region.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 28.—The steamer Danube arrived yesterday from St. Michael's, Alaska, with 180 passengers and gold dust estimated a quarter of a million. The gold was by no means equally divided. It all belonged to a favored few. The names of the lucky ones are: Major Morgan, William Bateman, R. Sinclair, J. Jones, James Winters, J. Erickson, C. W. Sims, C. W. Still, R. Hanna, F. Gierson, J. S. Lusk, and J. M. Sloan.

All the Danube's passengers came down the Yukon on the steamer Yukoner. They passed 76 river steamers large and small bound for Dawson. Four were ashore. Three of the vessels aground were the Clara and the Tyrrell, both of Vancouver, and the J. P. Light, one of the Moran steamers. Three other vessels were seen ashore at the Yukon's mouth, the Robert Kerr, the Power and the Marguerite. The river was still navigable when the Danube sailed, but was low in places.

Besides the Yukoner, which was prepared to start for Dawson in her new service, three other vessels were getting ready to go up the river.

ALARM FELT.

AT THE NON-ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT SENATOR

By Associated Press to The Sun.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 28.—The non-arrival of the transport Senator is beginning to cause a little uneasiness. She is now out 25 days from Manila.

The steamer Zealandia, which left Manila two days after the Senator, was caught in a typhoon and had to put into Nagasaki on August 20 last for repairs. The transport Colon came across from Manila in 23 days, the City of Pekin in 23, the City of Sydney in 24 and the China in 23 days. All these vessels stopped at Nagasaki for coal. Besides the transports Senator and Zealandia, the Indian is now out 25 days and the Ohio 26 days. All of them will be sent back to Manila as soon as they reach here and have been re-provisioned.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 28.—Lemuel Sayles, a veteran of the war and one of the oldest residents of Pascoag, committed suicide during the night by hanging. His body was found suspended from a tree in the orchard just before 11 o'clock today.

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Quincy, Mass., Sept. 28.—The charge of murder against Fred L. Hayden and Daniel Fitzgerald, who were arrested in connection with the killing of Crossing Tender Michael Saville, was changed to manslaughter in court here today and the men were admitted to bail in the sum of $1500. The case was continued a week. An inquest will be held on Friday.

LUMBER GROWTH

It is Being Devastated by Great Fires.

THE FLAMES ARE NOT YET CHECKED.

Damage Will Run Into the Millions.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Denver, Col., Sept. 28.—Despatches received here indicate that great fires are devastating the timber growth on the main range. From Hans Peak on the north to the Regesa Springs on the south, a distance of hundreds of miles, the flames are doing their destructive work unchecked.

The flames are known to be doing tremendous damage in Routt county in Egeria park, along the Roaring Fork river and down in the San Juan river region.

An estimate of the damage is hard to make, but it will run into the millions. Human life may have already been sacrificed and if the fires are not soon quenched by a heavy rain, many persons are certain to perish.

Several mining camps and innumerable ranches are even now in danger of destruction.

THE MASSACHUSETTS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

New York, Sept. 28.—The U. S. transport Massachusetts, which sailed from Santiago September 23, arrived this morning and proceeded to an anchorage off Liberty Island. On board the transport were Capt. J. C. Read, commissary and quartermaster, and two clerks; Capt. McCoy, Second U. S. V. (immune); Lieut. Colwell of General Lacret's staff (Cuban army), and some stevedores and laborers.

While at Santiago, the coal in the bunkers took fire and it was found necessary to jettison one hundred tons of coal. A portion of this coal was saved and taken on board again. On going to sea, the fire again broke out and smouldered for three days. It was finally extinguished by the use of steam and the steamer reached port without further incident.

ORDER TO ARREST.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 28.—State department officials today confirmed the statement that they had taken steps to have arrested and held for extradition the woman who landed yesterday at Liverpool, supposed to be Dr. Nancy Guilford, charged with being connected with the death of Emma Gill at Bridgeport.

CORBETT - McCOY

The Pugilists Meet in Impromptu "Scrap."

CALLED EACH OTHER "CUR" AND "MONKEY.

Then McCoy Deliberately Kicked Corbett.

New York, Sept. 28.—James J. Corbett and Charles McCoy, the pugilists, met in the Gilsey House corridor this afternoon and were soon calling each other "monkey" and "cur." The climax was reached when McCoy kicked Corbett in the groin. Friends interposed.

MICHAELMAS JOY

ENTERTAINMENT AT NOTRE DAME IN HONOR OF REV. MICHAEL O'BRIEN.

Following is the program given by the pupils of Notre Dame academy this afternoon on the occasion of welcoming home Rev. Fr. Michael O'Brien, P. R., who has recently returned from Europe:

"Home Again," chorus, Miss M. Lyons, piano; Miss J. Donahue, organ Misses A. Lyons and M. Burke, violins. Address, Miss A. Murphy.

Swiss Melody, piano and violin, Misses Mary and Annie Burke.

Song "Beyond," Misses Marie and Alice McCarthy.

"Harp of Tara," piano and violin, Misses Mary and Annie Lyons.

"Floating Days," Misses Alice Murphy and Julia Donahue.

The pupils in the parochial school also gave a greeting to Fr. O'Brien, presenting a program of songs and an address by one of the pupils, and closing with a hymn to St. Michael.

The academy will have a holiday tomorrow in honor of Fr. Michael's patronal feast.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Boston, Sept. 28.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair tonight and Thursday; westerly winds.

THE INVESTIGATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Only four members of the commission appointed to investigate the conduct of the war were present at the session today and in the absence of replies to the interrogatories sent to the secretary of war and his subordinates, very little business was transacted.

Ernest Sutherland has returned from a fishing trip in New Hampshire.

TERMS OF PEACE

One of Them Considered a Continental Power.

Dickering Not to be Tolerated—Guarantees for Proper Treatment of the Filipinos—Contest of the Cuban Debt.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The freedom with which the Spanish minister for foreign affairs has given publicity to the instructions to the Spanish peace commissioners as to the disposition of the Philippines has given rise to the suspicion that there is behind it a deliberate purpose to draw out in advance the position of the American commissioners on this point.

There is beside this apparent purpose, a veiled threat in the last instructions, not under any circumstances to allow the United States to interfere with any disposition of the islands outside of those retained by the United States, such as Luzon, that Spain may see fit to make. This is believed to be an invitation to some continental power to step forward in support of Spain in this extremity in the hope of receiving as a quid pro quo one of the Philippines as a coaling or naval station.

Although the American commissioners have successfully resisted all attempts to ascertain the exact nature of their instructions, something is known of their general character, and it may be stated on this point of the final disposition of much of the Philippine islands as are not held by the United States that, while the president has nowhere directly admitted any obligation to the insurgents, yet, so long as they carry out their part and avoid a rupture with our forces in Manila, he feels that any arrangement that shall be made by the commission for the final disposition of the islands, the insurgents shall not be placed at the mercy of the Spanish government without guarantee for their proper treatment. By an extension of this same view, it is unlikely that he would care to allow them to be turned over to another power that might oppressively treat them, especially without the consent of the natives.

Then there are strong strategic reasons why the United States should refuse to sanction the cession of any of the Philippine islands to any other nation to serve as a naval base. It has been explained to the American commissioners that by the possession of the island of Luzon on the north and the island of Palawan on the south, the United States would control the great gateway for the large traffic that passes between China and Australia, as well as the myriad islands of the south Pacific.

It is noted at the state department that the Spanish minister is reported to have directed the Spanish commissioners to make a firm stand regarding the Cuban debt, and the Philippine loan of 1896, if Luzon is ceded to the United States. So far as the Philippine loan is concerned, that subject might properly come before the peace commission, but Judge Day, just before his departure, in answer to a question as to whether any matters relative to Cuba would come before the commission, pointed to the language of the protocol to show that the proper function of the commission was to be found in the disposal of the future of the Philippine islands, intimating that no question touching Cuba in any phase would be considered by the commission.

LAZY AND LAWLESS

Are the Cuban Insurgents Reported to be.

They Demand Tribute of Those Who Labor—Gen. Wood Refused to Send Them the Supplies Asked.

Santiago, Sept. 28.—One of the largest sugar planters in Cuba, who has arrived from Manzanillo, reports the conditions there to be worse than ever. The insurgents refuse to grant permission for the carrying on of work on the plantations, and the Spanish officials decline to furnish protection to those desiring to work. Since the cessation of hostilities the insurgents have confiscated the planter's provisions, destroyed a number of valuable pictures, made his carpets into saddle cloths, torn and trampled curtains, and broken glasses worth $500 each. They are encamped in numbers in Campechuela, where they compel small vessels which fall into their hands to hoist the Cuban flag.

The Cubans requested General Wood to send to Manzanillo food and clothing. They declared that there is much suffering there, but private advices deny absolutely the stories of destitution and declare that work is obtainable, but that the Cubans will not work. Wood refused therefore to send the supplies asked for.

GENERAL WOOD.

William Stakeman, before the war American consul in Manzanillo, paid a visit to General Wood. He recounted many lawless acts on the part of the insurgents, who, he declares, demand tribut, from everyone, terrorize peaceful people and threaten the confiscation of the property of merchants and planters. Many persons say that the recognition of the Cubans has not been granted because the bandits make work and progress impossible. There is a general feeling of alarm in Manzanillo over the departure of the Spanish troops, and the arrival of American soldiers is anxiously awaited.

General Wood has asked permission from the Washington government to appoint Demetrio Castillo, special chief of his Cuban staff, to represent him in dealing with the Cuban insurgents in the country districts.

News received from Puerto Principe is to the effect that there is much sickness among the Spanish troops. There are now 9000 Spanish soldiers in the province and fully half of them are suffering from scurvy and dysentery. The Cubans hold the country and refuse to permit fresh provisions to be carried into the cities.

Reports from Guinea say that no farmer, land holder or tenant has turned his hand to sowing crops in that vicinity, and the district will have no potatoes, tobacco, cane, cabbage or other vegetables this year. This will add to the distress in the district. The next six months will see a great deal of want and misery in the vicinity. This state of affairs is directly due to the unsettled condition of the country and the attitude of a certain portion of the Cubans, who openly threaten hostility to the United States and are preparing to wage a guerilla warfare against the Americans if any form of government short of absolute independence for the Cubans is established in the island. This matter is openly discussed in the meeting places of the Cubans, the plan finding many advocates among certain classes of people.

The system of civil government established by General Wood is practically complete and in good working order. Major McCleary, formerly attorney general for Texas and a Spanish soldier, has been appointed mayor, and the Spanish officials are giving place to Cubans. General Wood says he does not know the capabilities of the men taking office, who are chosen by a committee of 50 prominent Cubans, whom he believes to be honest and conscientious. This committee recommends men who its members think would be efficient in the various offices to be filled. The choice of men by the committee must be unanimous, and must be made over the signatures of the entire 50 members. General Wood finds that the plan works admirably. Lieutenant Blount has been appointed to codify the Cuban laws.

THE PALMERS

WILL PLAY FOLLOWING TEAMS, BIG SEVENS PREFERRED.

The Palmer foot ball team whose fame on the gridiron last fall has followed them throughout the dead season and is with them at the present time are out with a business challenge to the following teams:

Big Sevens, Duttons, Albions, Tigers, Athletics, P.A.C., Glenmore. The first named team, they say they will give the preference and for the Centralville's good further state that their average weight is 137 pounds. The last shot says: "Answer soon."

LOWELL MAN.

ESCAPES HEAVY SENTENCE AT SUPREME COURT AT NASHUA.

In the Supreme court held at Nashua, N. H., yesterday Frank Thorpe of this city, who was indicted for keeping liquor for sale at the club house of the Hudson Athletic club, pleaded nolo to the three complaints against him and was ordered to pay a fine of $100 and costs and to be confined at the county jail for a term of six months. This sentence was suspended on condition that the respondent retire permanently from the liquor business in New Hampshire.

The next case taken up was that of Michael Costello, a telegraph lineman, who hails from Lowell and who was indicted for attempted rape upon the 12-year old daughter of J. C. Montrose of Hudson. Costello pleaded not guilty, and a jury was impanelled.

ASSAULTED BY NEGRO

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Texarkana, Ark., Sept. 28.—An incident that may result in an exchange of international correspondence, has occurred here. Frank Contres, a Mexican, and his wife were pounced upon by a negro in the streets of Texarkana, and the former was severely beaten. The assailant, whose name is Alexander Brown was arrested and locked up. After making his charges in the magistrates' court against Brown, Contres at once opened correspondence with President Diaz of Mexico. President Diaz answered, acknowledging the receipt of the letter and stating that he would place the matter in the hands of the Mexican consul at Brownsville, Texas.

YOUNG ACQUITTED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Lawrence, Sept. 28.—In the Superior criminal court at Lawrence today in the case of Commonwealth vs. Paul Young, charged with the embezzlement of certain moneys intrusted to him Judge Lilley, on motion of the defendant's counsel, William A. Hogan, Esq., of Lowell after the evidence for the government was all in, ordered the jury to return a verdict of not guilty as the evidence was insufficient to support the indictment.

ANOTHER DEATH

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—Private Henry Malapson of Company E, First New Hampshire Volunteers, died at the Margaret Pillsbury hospital late last night, aged 21 years.

SOLDIER BURIED

By Associated Press to The Sun.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—Capt. Finley R. Butterfield, U.S.A., who died at Norwich Conn., last Saturday, was buried from St Paul's church today, with military honors.

OPENING OF FRENCH PATTERN HATS.

From the leading Parisian artists; also beautiful designs from our own workshop will be on exhibition Thursday afternoon Friday and Saturday of this week at Madame Gregoire's, Merrimack street.

PRIVATE MARSHALL'S FUNERAL.

The remains of Private John H. Marshall who died in the city hospital in Boston will be interred tomorrow in the Catholic cemetery in this city. Funeral services will be held for the repose of his soul in St. Peter's church at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

HOLT HAS WITHDRAWN.

Ex-Alderman Fred J. Flemings announced today that Lewis G. Holt, congressional candidate for nomination has withdrawn in favor of William S. Knox. The latter will now be nominated by acclamation.

CHELMSFORD CAUCUSES.

ON RECOUNT CUSHING LOSES CONSIDERABLE VOTES.

At last night's caucuses in Chelmsford it was found by count that the shrievalty fight had been a hot one, and Cushing was beaten by only 10 votes.

Eighty votes were unaccounted for, however, and on another count the following vote was announced: Shaw 134, Cushing 65. The contest between Robbins and Ramsay was rather one-sided in favor of the former. The result: Robbins 130; Ramsay 57.

Mrs. J. W. Sherburne is attending the Worcester Musical festival.

Lowell men in New York—Clinton R. Carpenter, R. A. Kelley, N. A. Maxwell, J. A. Stevens.

A Tempter

of fickle appetites, a builder of muscles and nerves, a healthful, digestible, economical aid to every meal, between meals and for picnics and excursions.

Favorite MILK BISCUIT. Sold everywhere. Made only by NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Dominion Line BOSTON SERVICE (U. S. and Royal Mail Steamers)

S.S. "CANADA" (New) 9000 Tons, has been appointed to sail as follows:

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1.30 P. M.

S. S. New England

THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 2.00 P. M.

ST. LAWRENCE SERVICE.

Steamers from Montreal every Thursday.

Saloon passage $75 and upwards, according to location and season.

Second cabin (very superior accommodations) $42.50; return $78.50; Steerage Passage $26.

For passage, plans and information apply to the company's office, 100 State street, Boston, or in Lowell to

Dennis Murphy, Agt., 18 Appleton street; J. F. O'Donnell, Market, corner Worthen street; F. H. Leeds, 5 Bridge street, O. A. Bertram, 78 Gorham street.

TRIENNIAL CONCLAVE

OF THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR AT PITTSBURG, OCT. 11.

Pittsburg, Sept. 27—When the Knights Templar of America convene in triennial conclave here October 11, the city promises to give them a welcome that will surpass in splendor any of the many notable like reunions of the past. The president of the United States is to honor the event by his presence and this will add thousands to the hundreds of thousands who would under any circumstances, throng the streets of Pittsburg. The parade is to be the finest spectacle of its kind ever seen in the country. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, grand marshal, has issued his general orders and the general program of the parade and reception of Grand Master Warren La Rue Thomas. In anticipation of the final signing of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States, this display of templar pomp and grandeur is to be turned into a glorious celebration of American victories, a congratulation to the army and navy for the magnificent work accomplished, and an invocation for the future success of American arms.

With this idea in view, the parade for the first time in the history of templarism in America, will be formed on military lines. Many of the commanders and staff officers in line will be veterans of recent battles on sea and land, some of them the most notable figures of the war.

The grandest electrical display in the history of the world will be on view in Pittsburg during the week. Some of the special designs will be as follows: Heroic sized revolving figure of St. George, and heroic sized figures of ancient Knights Templar, both on foot and on horseback. Maltese crosses and heraldic emblems of all kinds will be shown also.

One prominent building will show illuminated portraits of Dewey, Hobson, Schley, Wheeler, Roosevelt and other heroes of the Spanish war, with their names in electricity at the base of each picture. On the roofs of the highest buildings in Pittsburg and Allegheny will be placed very powerful searchlights and in the streets will be located at regular intervals brilliantly illuminated arches. There will be no darkness in either city throughout the week.

There will be 2400 incandescent and 40 arc lights used in Duquesne Garden for illumination during the banquet and reception. For the banquet, a large circular table will be set on a raised platform in the center of the hall, at which President McKinley and other notables, the officers of the Grand Encampment, Toastmaster Thomas J. Shirock, grand commander of Baltimore, and the speakers will be seated. From this centre the other tables will radiate in the form of a sunburst, so arranged that each guest will be able to view the centre table without changing his position. One thousand invitations to this banquet will be sent out on next Wednesday all over the country. Boston will lead the grand parade, by virtue of having the oldest charter.

The meeting is to be important in other respects as well. Not only is the constitution and digest to be revised, but it is expected that the question of building a magnificent temple in Washington, as headquarters for the Grand Encampment and permanent resting place for archives will be taken up and acted upon.

Knights Templar and Their Emblems.

GRAND OFFICERS.

Warren LaRue Thomas of Maysville, Kentucky, grand master of the grand encampment was born at Elizabethtown, Kentucky, on the 26th day of January, 1846, his parents being Joseph H. Thomas, and Amanda LaRue Thomas. When a youth Sir Knight Thomas' parents moved to Danville, Kentucky, where, after being prepared, he was educated at Center college, one of Kentucky's most famous institutions of learning. Upon the completion of his education, he was engaged for a few years in the mercantile business, but was induced to give that up for the purpose of going into the life insurance business, and for the last 20 years has given his time and attention to that pursuit.

As soon as he became of age he petitioned the Masons and at once received the degrees in the lodge, chapter and council. He became interested in the beautiful workings of the order and soon became a member of the grand bodies of the state. After filling various subordinate positions in both bodies, he was, in October, 1880, elected grand master of the grand lodge, and grand high priest of the grand chapter, filling both positions the same year. He had already occupied the chair of grand master of the grand council, royal and select masters.

In October, 1872, Sir Knight Thomas received the Knight Templar orders in DeMolay commandery, 12, Louisville, Kentucky, preparatory to organizing a commandery at his home in Danville.

In February, 1873, he assisted in the forming of Ryan commandery, 17, and was the first captain general of that commandery, afterward holding the office of eminent commander for two years.

In 1874, at the meeting of the grand commandery of Kentucky, he was elected to the office of grand senior warden, and after regular promotion, was elected grand commander in May, 1878.

In 1871 Sir Knight Thomas attended the meeting of the grand encampment in New Orleans, as the proxy of the grand commander of Kentucky, and has been present at every meeting since that time.

At Chicago, in 1880, he was elected to the office of grand junior warden, and at each triennial conclave since has received regular promotion, having been elected deputy grand master at Denver in 1892 and grand master in Boston in 1895.

Reuben H. Lloyd, deputy grand master of the grand encampment, is one of the foremost lawyers of California, and has been identified with many of the famous cases for which that state is noted. He has been an active Mason for over thirty years and has devoted most of his time in the Masonry to the Knights Templars. During his career he has held all of the subordinate offices in the order.

Though well along in years, Sir Knight Lloyd is still young in appearance. He his never married, but during his lifetime he devoted his attentions solely to his mother.

Mr. Lloyd is also a litterateur of no mean degree and he has always kept up with the literature of the times. His favorite author is Scott. His home is in San Francisco.

THE OFFICIAL BADGE.

The features of the badge for 1898 are: The seal of the grand encampment, now used for the first time as the central emblem of an official souvenir badge. The selection of materials used is indicative of some of the industries of Pittsburg. The glass keystone, the iron Maltese cross and the aluminum sunburst.

The entire badge is harmonious in color, built up on correct Heraldic lines, upon suitable emblems of hard metal, richly enameled and heavily gold plated, making a souvenir of great value. Each badge is enclosed in a handsome satin lined box, bearing certificate of its official character and its official number. In addition to which each badge has stamped upon its reverse side the inscription, "Official Souvenir Badge, No. —."

HAPPY MOTHERS AND HEALTHY CHILDREN.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Goes Straight to the Cause of All Female Troubles and Assures a Healthy Maternity.

Mrs. M. Singer, 104 Hudson Ave., Rochester, N. Y., writes to Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

"When I applied to you for advice I had been suffering some years from debility, nervousness, etc. I had had several miscarriages and was pregnant when I wrote to you.

"I am grateful to say that after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was considerably better, and after using three more it brought me where I am to-day. I am well, and the mother of a three-months' old baby.

"Doctors had failed to help me. I have no one to thank but Mrs. Pinkham and her wonderful remedy."

Mrs. Ella Duncan, Reeder's Mills, Iowa, writes:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I thank you for what your medicine and advice have done for me.

"I have a baby two months old. When he was born I was sick only fifteen minutes, whereas with my other children I was sick for two or three days, and also suffered with my left leg, and could get nothing to relieve the pain but morphine. My leg did not trouble me at all this time. I had no after pains and was not as weak as I had been before.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly. May God bless you in your noble work."

Mrs. J. W. Pruett, Medford, Oregon, says:

"My health, also the baby's, we owe to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. John W. Long, Wyoming, Iowa, writes:

"I had shooting pains all over my body, was very weak and nervous. I could not straighten up. I wished to become a mother but was afraid I never could. Seventeen months ago I got some of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking half a bottle was much relieved. I took four bottles and was cured. Now I have a big baby boy which I feel I owe to your Compound. Many thanks for your kind advice."

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

DARING ROBBERY

Of a Bank By An Armed Gang.

BLEW UP THE BANK AND SHOT THE CASHIER.

Two of the Gang Arrested With Boodle.

Frankfort, Ind., Sept. 28.—One of the boldest and most successful bank robberies that ever occurred in this section of the state was perpetrated at Flora, a small town 10 miles north of this city, yesterday morning. The bank is a private corporation, with William Lannam acting as cashier. At 3 o'clock he was awakened by the noise of a terrific explosion, which shattered the windows in his residence, 50 yards from the bank. Getting up and going to the bank, which was in a brick building, he found the entire building demolished. As he started inside he was fired upon with a shotgun, the charge taking effect in his face and blowing out one eye.

The noise of the explosion aroused the town, and a crowd gathered. It was soon learned that the bank had been blown to pieces with dynamite, pieces of it having been blown across the street. The robbers secured between $12,000 and $15,000.

Cashier Lannam probably will die. The robbers escaped upon a handcar which they left at Sedalia, five miles north of here. The whole country was aroused, and two of the robbers were caught with the larger part of the stolen money.

PERSONAL.

Edward Looney of the Cadet band, played with the Cummings band of Nashua yesterday. His services have been engaged for today by a Pepperell organization.

MORE SHIPS FOR BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 28.—In addition to the double turreted monitor, the Amphitrite, and the gunboat Annapolis, five other ships have been ordered to the Charlestown yard. They are the Vicksburg, Newark, Newport, Vulcan and Montgomery.

A case involving the question as to who are the legal officers of the New England Mortgage Security company was before Judge Lathrop in the supreme court yesterday. It is a factional fight between the stockholders.

Arrangements for the funeral of Fanny Davenport were completed yesterday. The body will be brought to Boston from South Duxbury Thursday forenoon, and on reaching the city will be taken to Trinity church, where the services will be held.

Another ring of electric lights around the dome of the state house was lighted last night, completing the illumination of Boston's famous landmark. The dome is now lighted by a row at the base, a double row at the top of the main portion, and another row round the lantern.

The Journal says that it is practically decided that Samuel Roads, Jr., of Marblehead will be the Democratic candidate for governor. It is understood that the candidate for lieutenant governor will be Mr. Slattery of South Framingham.

The many friends of Mr. John J. Brine, foreman of the mammoth printing department of the J. C. Ayer company, will be pleased to learn that he is again at the factory after a five weeks' siege of rheumatic fever which caused his confinement in St. John's hospital. During the absence of Mr. Brine, the entire charge of the department was assumed with remarkable success by Mrs. Mary E. Tobin, the talented proofreader of the establishment. The gentler sex in command is certainly an innovation and the thorough manner in which the young lady carried out the arduous duties of the position is an indisputable argument for the intellectual equality of the sexes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100 of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney, have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the first class as innholders at Nos. 20 and 22 Market street, in all rooms and cellar, of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.
Joseph Smith, Clerk.

CITY OF LOWELL.

Sept. 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given under Section 6, Chapter 100, of the Public Statutes, that Birg Pattee, Owen J. Carney, Pattee & Carney have applied for a license to sell intoxicating liquors of the fourth class as retail dealer at Nos. 20 and 22 Market street in all rooms and cellar of the house known as the Waverley House.

By order of the Board of Police.
Joseph Smith, Clerk.

BREVOORT HOUSE

NEW YORK,

Homelike Hotel of Envious Reputation.

FIFTH AVE. AND EIGHTH ST.

Near Washington Memorial Arch, Washington Square.

The location is unsurpassed and is absolutely unequalled for business and sight-seeing, all the cable and rapid transit lines passing within two blocks of the door.

The hotel is managed on both the European and American plans.

The regular tariff charge for each person will be: European Plan, $1 and upwards, American Plan, $3 and upwards.

JAYNES & MEYER, Props.

Merchants and Travelling Men

having business down town can economize time in the busy part of the day by stopping at

Hotel Albert, New York.

COR. 11TH ST. AND UNIVERSITY PL. [One block from Broadway cars.]

ROOMS, $1 Up. RESTAURANT Prices Reasonable.

Good beds—good food—quiet, airy rooms—close to heart of wholesale district. Half portions served, making it possible for one to dine alone at moderate cost.

POLICE TEAM.

CLOSES SEASON WITH CHAMPIONSHIP RECORD.

The police base ball season has been closed by the order of the manager.

The season was a very successful one, eclipsing all former attempts at running a first class performance with artists in the cast.

Eight victories and two hard fought defeats is the creditable standing of the "baton swingers," and every man who wore the uniforms is happy as a result.

The last game played was at the Elks outing, when the nine of the "gentility-lovers," succumbed to the masterly movements of the Market street building inhabitants.

Throughout the year the members of the local force have watched with happiness the progress of their "diamond," and it is likely that one of the dances on the Police Relief association's order this winter will be dedicated to "Our Base Ball Team."

To Martin Maher, whom every one admits to be a scientific tosser and his gallant work, is due the grand success of the aggregation.

Then there was "Will" Burnett—he was Engineer Maher's assistant, or fireman, so to speak.

No rapid or slow balls could escape him either at the bat or in the field, and as a hustler for games he was without a peer. Take the Mysteries of Centralville for example. What would they have attained in the field this year if it hadn't been under the guidance of Will? Hey? Nothing. The police base ball team is all right and so is every member of it.

MR. SHAW'S APPEAL.

Mr. Shaw of North Chelmsford, candidate for sheriff, has sent out the following circular to the voters of the county:

North Chelmsford, Sept. 24, 1898.

Dear Sir:

Permit me to announce to you my candidacy for the nomination of sheriff of Middlesex county by the republican party, and to ask your support for the same if it is not inconsistent with any position that you may have taken already regarding the matter. As you are well aware the present incumbent of the office has held the position since 1883 when he was appointed by Governor Butler to fill the unexpired term of Sheriff Fiske, deceased. He has had a long and honorable service, but the question arises, whether there should not be a rotation of office after a reasonable time? It was this principle on which the government was founded and it is a good one, as it keeps the offices in touch with the people and is the safeguard of the people's rights. Since my candidacy was first announced, I have received much encouragement from all parts of the county and expect to go into the convention with a generous proportion of the delegates, although there are two other candidates. I would like your support, and am willing to pledge to all such an administration of the office, if I am so fortunate as to be nominated and elected, as will preserve its reputation with all its responsibilities.

I am very truly yours,
—Elisha H. Shaw.

FR. MURPHY

TENDERED A BANQUET BY HIS FRIENDS.

At a banquet given at the Hotel Thorndike, Boston, last evening, to the Rev. P. B. Murphy, chaplain of the Ninth Massachusetts, the latter took occasion to answer those who had accused him of not pushing forward to the fighting line with his regiment at Santiago.

The banquet itself was given by the many friends of the chaplain, both from the laity and clergy alike. The state was represented by Colonel Sohier of the governor's staff, and on behalf of the city, Senator John Quinn attended. Those present included:

The Rev. P. Boyle, the Rev. F. Hannerin, the Rev. T. Tobin, Rev. E. J. Curtin, Rev John McHugh, Rev. J. J. Shaw, Rev. R. S Burke, of Lowell, Rev. D. J. Gleason, Rev. M. O'Brien of Lowell, Rev. A. Teeling, Rev. Charles Glennon, Rev Patrick Walsh, Rev. John Colbert, Rev. Samuel Splane, Rev. Fr. O'Callaghan, Messrs. Thomas Tobin, D. A. Mahoney, William P. O'Connor, M. C. Means, John F. Cronan, James Casey, Michael Burke, J. F. Callahan, John Quinn, James F. Burke, Charles Linnehan.

Father Murphy was also pleasantly surprised during the evening by being presented with a solid gold medal by the Hon. John Cronan, on behalf of the chaplain's friends. On one side of the medal is the coat of arms of Massachusetts, a rustic altar, being a representation of the altar at South Framingham, where Father Murphy celebrated mass just before the departure of the Ninth. On the other side, there is represented a priest administering the last rites of the church to a dying soldier. There is also this inscription: "Presented to the Rev. P. B. Murphy by friends at a banquet given in Boston, Mass., Sept. 27, 1898."

DRACUT REPUBLICANS.

The republicans of Dracut held their caucuses last night. The following town committee was chosen: D. N. Cluff, C. U. Udell, George Fox, A. Hamblett, G. Brown, A. Bryant, G. Stevens, E. Morgan and G. Richardson.

Moderator Stevens then made a report of the delegates elected who were as follows: State, Edward A. Stevens, and G. Brown; county, T. Connell and A. Hamblett; councillor, A. Stickney and A. E. Bryant; congressional, J. W. Peabody and C. Stickney; senatorial, W. Varnum and C. C. Udell; representative, C. Jones, C. Jacques and D. N. Cluff.

MUSIC HALL

"THE MIDNIGHT ALARM."

"The Midnight Alarm" which will open a three days' engagement at Music Hall Thursday, Sept. 29, will fill the bill for those who like sensational melodrama. The play is well staged and is full of life and action from start to finish. There are constant thrills from the rising of the curtain in the first act until it goes down in the last. The play is handsomely staged and presents the most thrilling and realistic scenes ever witnessed on the stage.

POLICE BOARD.

At a regular meeting of the board of police Tuesday night the following licenses were granted:

Junk collector—Michael Roberts, 169 Middlesex street.

Intelligence office—Lizzie A. Black, 34 John street.

Common victuallers—Sarah Z. Gamble, 211 Appleton street; Delia Lachappelle, 703 Dutton street; Bridget Guerin, 98 Smith street; Alexine Lachappelle, 22 Cabot street; Mary Crowe, 938 Gorham street; Tuffle Bombardir, 12 Lakeview avenue.

Joao Silva was given leave to withdraw on his application for a pool and billiard license.

Joseph G. Denis was appointed a special police officer for the church of St. Jean Baptiste, Merrimack street.

The pool and billiard license of Addison Wilson, 28 Merrimack street, was revoked.

MISS NORCROSS' TALKS.

Miss Rebecca Crosby Norcross opened her fourth series of informal talks at her home, 199 Sherman street, yesterday. There was a large number of ladies present, and in the few moments of social intercourse preceding the talk, friend and neighbor chatted pleasantly, as is the custom at these gatherings in this hospitable home. Miss Norcross will discuss topics relating to the recent war, and yesterday reviewed briefly the causes which led to hostilities between the United States and Spain, and by means of a large map, which was finely drawn and colored by herself, she brought plainly to mind the relations of the United States with those places so much discussed of late,—Cuba, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands and Hawaii. The result was a most entertaining and instructive hour devoted to the interests of our country, and upon topics upon which it is well to keep well posted. Miss Norcross showed much thought and study in the preparation of her paper, which was given to her hearers in an agreeable and attractive manner.

You can find the best fish at Gonnes—the best oysters at Duffy's, 155 Central street.

DEATHS.

PRATT—Mrs. Ellen Shaw Pratt, wife of Rev. S. Hartwell Pratt, of 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, died from the shock of a surgical operation at St. Mark's hospital in New York city Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt had been a great sufferer for many years and having failed rapidly within the last two weeks, it was decided at a council of doctors in Springfield that an operation was necessary. Accordingly she was taken by her husband to St. Mark's hospital in New York city last Tuesday. The operation was performed Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock and the patient rallied and rested quietly during Friday. She then began sinking rapidly and a telegram received Sunday morning announced that her husband had given up all hope. Mrs. Pratt lingered throughout the day and night without much change, but sank rapidly Monday, dying at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Pratt was the daughter of the late Dea. John Shaw of Wales. She went from that place to Rhode Island at an early age. When a young girl she attended a boarding school in Worcester, afterward graduating from a school in Rochester, N. Y. She and Rev. Mr. Pratt knew each other in childhood and soon after her graduation they were married in the early '60's, at the former home of his mother, Mrs. L. S. Pratt, on Cedar street, Springfield. Rev. Mr. Pratt soon took charge of a Baptist pastorate in Salem, and later lived in this city and other cities. They have made Springfield their home for about fifteen years. During this time Rev. Mr. Pratt has been a travelling evangelist for the Baptist church. His wife has accompanied him on many of his tours, and spent the winter two years ago in California. She had hoped to accompany her husband on his travels during the coming winter. Mrs. Pratt leaves, besides her husband and his mother, who made her home with her son, an adopted daughter, two brothers living in Warren, a step-mother and half brother living in Monson. The funeral will be held at her late home, 76 Belmont avenue, Springfield, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Edward J. Cryan, the Sun news agent, is in New York.

COTTON Is KING

and the famous vegetable shortening, the crowning product of the cotton plant—

COTTOLENE

is a royal aid to good cooking, right living and health. Let lard alone.

Use COTTOLENE.

The genuine Cottolene is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks—"Cottolene" and steer's head in colors—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

COMMISSION READY

For the Investigation of the War Department.

Hearsay Evidence Will Not be Accepted—Questions Which the Officials Expect Answered.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The commission to inquire into the treatment of the soldiers invites and will receive and consider all complaints about the management of any of the various branches of the war department from any person or persons. Such complaints must be made in writing, stating facts that the party knows of his knowledge plainly and in detail, and giving names of any officers or enlisted men who may be charged with misconduct or incompetency

Letters were sent to the secretary of war, enclosing a list of inquiries to the secretary, and to the heads of the various divisions of the war department, calling for specific information bearing upon the conduct of the war. To Secretary Alger the commission has addressed these queries:

1—Plan of campaign proposed immediately after the declaration of war; was it intended to move at once on Havana, or that the campaign should be postponed until the autumn?

2—When was the Santiago campaign determined upon?

3—Why was Tampa selected as the base of operations?

4—Why were summer camps organized at Fernandina, Jacksonville and Tampa?

5—When was the Porto Rico campaign determined upon?

6—Why were the troops held on transports after embarkation at Tampa and not permitted to sail for several days?

The 17 questions addressed to the medical department are:

1—What was the organization of the medical department on April 1, 1898? How many officers with their rank, how many hospital stewards, and what was the size of hospital corps?

2—How many ambulances and litters were available?

3—An army of what size was the department able to fit out with medical officers, stewards and hospital corps and necessary surgical instruments and supplies of every character?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with all necessary surgeons, stewards, hospital corps, ambulances, litters, surgical instruments and supplies of all and every character?

5—How many general hospitals were organized? Where located, how equipped and managed, number of patients and number of deaths in each case between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

6—How many hospitals were established at various camps? What were the arrangements for the care and comfort of the sick and wounded? How many sick were cared for at each camp hospital and how many deaths occurred?

7—What, if any, railroad ambulance trains were established? Where were they located and used?

8—How many hospital ships were obtained? How were they equipped, how managed, and what work did they perform? What arrangements were made and how were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and Philippines supplied with medical officers, medical supplies and food for the sick and wounded?

9—What number of surgeons of volunteers, hospital stewards, nurses, attendants, etc., were employed between April 1 and Aug. 31, in addition to those in the service of the United States on April 1, 1898?

10—Were all the vessels used in transporting sick and wounded thoroughly inspected by a medical officer before troops were permitted to embark, and were they fully supplied with surgeons, surgical instruments, medical supplies of every character, potable water and proper food for sick and convalescents?

11—Were the armies operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines fully equipped with efficient surgeons, stewards and hospital corps, and with ambulances, litters, surgical instruments, medical supplies of all kinds and proper food for the sick and wounded?

12—Were the surgeons in the various camps instructed to carefully watch their sanitary condition, to look after their cleanliness, to demand the proper supply of water, to test the water as to its character, to look into the cooking arrangements, and to locate the sinks to see to their proper care?

13—Why were regimental hospitals in camps abolished and division hospitals substituted? Were the results satisfactory?

14—How were the surgeons employed in the field, in camps and in general hospitals selected? Was there any regular examination required, and as a rule have they proved efficient and faithful?

15—How were the hospital stewards, nurses and attendants selected?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the surgeon general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of proper medical attendance, the lack of surgical instruments, the lack of proper care, food and water for the sick and wounded with armies in the field, or with troops in camp, or men in general hospitals and field hospitals, or on railroad trains or transports at sea? In fact what, if any, complaints have been made in writing in reference to the issuing of proper supplies or the performance of any duty appertaining to the medical department of the army?

17—What funds were at the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31 under general or special legislation?

There are also 17 interrogations addressed to the quartermaster general, as follows:

1—Upon the declaration of war was the organization and were the regulations of the department of such a character as to admit of the prompt equipment and movement of troops?

2—How many officers belonged to the department when war was declared, and how many (with their rank) have been appointed in the volunteer service since that time?

3—For an army of what size was the department prepared to fully supply all necessary clothing, camp and garrison equipage on April, 1, 1898?

4—Was the clothing on hand and ready for issue to troops and that previously issued of a character suitable for use in a tropical climate?

5—What amount of tentage was available, and were the troops sent from garrison life to the field at once furnished with necessary tentage and other quartermaster supplies necessary for use in camp life?

6—What steps were taken for fully supplying an army of 250,000 men with suitable clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and what amount of material of each kind had been obtained and what amount issued up to Aug. 31, 1898?

7—How many public animals and how many wagons with harness were available April 1, 1898?

8—What steps were taken for obtaining additional animals, wagons and harness? How were they obtained and what number had been purchased and issued by Aug. 1, 1898?

9—What arrangements had been made previous to April 1, 1898, for the rapid movement of troops by land and water?

10—What arrangements were made and how many troops were actually moved by railroad and by vessel between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898?

11—Were full and complete arrangements made for supplying the troops operating in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines with suitable clothing and with camp and garrison equipage and quartermaster's stores for armies operating in the field?

12—How many and what vessels were purchased or chartered for transportation of troops? What was the capacity of each vessel? Was it properly arranged for the comfort of the troops so far as was possible? Was there a full supply of water for use of troops arranged in every case, and was each and every vessel carefully inspected by an officer or agent of the department and pronounced satisfactory before troops were permitted to embark?

13—What arrangements were made for the disembarkation of troops when there was a possibility of it being done outside of a harbor?

14—When so-called permanent camps were located for a large force, what arrangements were made for a full and complete supply of potable water for use of the troops? Were tent floors furnished in any cases other than for hospitals? If so, where and to whom?

15—When troops were moved by rail for long distances were there any arrangements made for supply of water? Were there any unnecessary delays in the movements of troops from the camps established on the return of the army from Cuba?

16—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the quartermaster general in reference to the prompt compliance with proper requisitions or complaints of any character in reference to the operations of the department in connection with the movement of troops, the issuing of proper and necessary supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the quartermaster's department?

17—What funds were at the command of the department April 1, 1898, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, 1898, under general or special legislation?

The information required of the subsistence department is as follows:

1—What was the organization of the subsistence department April 1, 1898, the number and rank of officers and number of commissary sergeants?

2—What additions in number and rank of regular officers, and what number of volunteer officers were appointed in the subsistence department between April 1 and Aug. 31?

3—On April 1, 1898, an army of what size was the subsistence department prepared to fully supply with officers and the necessary field rations, and of what does that ration consist?

4—Between April 1 and Aug. 31, 1898, what arrangements were made for fully supplying with food an army of 250,000 men serving in the field and in camp? What was the field ration and what was the ration in camp?

5—What arrangements were made for supplying the army in Cuba, the army in Porto Rico and the army in the Philippines, and of what did the ration actually consist in each case?

6—Were all the troops in the field and those in camps fully supplied at all times with proper food? If not, why not?

7—What, if any, complaints in writing have been received by the commissary general in reference to the prompt compliance with requisitions, the lack of food, poor character of food, or complaints of any character whatever in reference to furnishing supplies, or the performance of any duty appertaining to the subsistence department?

8—What funds were under the command of the department on April 1, and what additional funds were available by Aug. 31, under general or special legislation?

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER DEAD.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Rose Sanger and her young daughter were found dead in their sleeping room Tuesday. The tragedy is thought to have occurred Sunday night. The jet was found to be partly open. It is thought Mrs. Sanger accidentally left the jet partly turned on upon retiring for the night.

BRYAN HAS SLOW FEVER.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Colonel W. J. Bryan, who is confined to his bed at the home of a friend, is suffering an attack of slow fever, but his physician does not regard his condition as serious, and believes that with rest and quiet his patient in a few days will have recovered fully.

BRYAN'S VISIT TO WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The mission of Colonel Bryan, commanding the Third Nebraska infantry, for the discharge of a number of enlisted men of that regiment, has so far been only partially successful. Seventy-five of these applications were received. While all of them were approved by the regimental officers, including the colonel, the majority of them were disapproved by either the brigade, division or corps commanders. So far but 15 of the applications have been favorably acted upon and the discharge of the men ordered. In these cases the applicants are married men with families dependent upon them, and their applications were regularly approved by all the reviewing authorities, including General Lee.

NEW HAMPSHIRE TEMPLARS.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 28.—At the annual conclave of the grand commandery of Knights Templar the following officers were elected and installed: Commander, H. B. Quinby, Lakeport; deputy commander, G. I. McAllister, Manchester; generalissimo, F. L. Sanders, Concord; captain general, T. M. Fletcher, Alderbrook; senior warden, G. A. Saunders, Laconia; junior warden, H. B. Smith, Nashua; treasurer, J. W. Hildreth, Manchester; grand recorder, G. P. Cleaves, Concord; prelate, Rev. Lucius Waterman, D. D., Tilton.

CASE OF SUICIDE.

Vancouver, Sept. 28.—Returning Klondikers report that Sir Arthur Curtis, the English baronet, who mysteriously disappeared last spring while en route to the Yukon via Asheroft, committed suicide. Sir Arthur, so the story runs, worn with hunger and the hardships of the trail, and much piqued and annoyed over a personal encounter with one of the party, went into the mountains and drowned himself in a stream. His coat and hat were found in the stream.

CUBA'S MOST SACRED RELIC.

New York, Sept. 28.—The following telegram was sent to President McKinley by the Cuban American league: "The Cuban American league believes that it voices the earnest wish of the people of both the United States and Cuba when it urges you not to permit Cuba's most interesting and sacred relic, the remains of Christopher Columbus, to be removed from America."

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

OLD MEN FOR COUNSEL, young men for war, and Dowd Soothing Cordial for children. Strengthens the stomach, regulates the bowels, prevents colic, soothes the gums, assuring sleep to child and mother. 25 cents, all druggists, or 389 Central Street.

Weak Men Made Vigorous

What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood and old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free. PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Ellingwood & Co., corner Central and Merrimack streets.

Artists' Materials

Of All Descriptions for

China, Oil, Water Color Painting and Charcoal Drawing.

We Have a large stock of

CHINA

For Decorative Purposes.

STRETCHERS

for Canvasses up to 40 inch in stock.

Architects', Drawing and Textile School Supplies.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

64 TO 87 MARKET STREET.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest,
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

WANTED.

WANTED—Lady or gentleman of pleasing appearance. Permanent position to right party. H. W. Gilbert, 708 Middlesex St. Call 4-7 p. m.

EXPERIENCED table girl wanted at 93 John street.

WANTED—Every lady to attend the grand opening of Fall Millinery at Mdc. Maxime Lepino's, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 837 Moody street, Cor. Race. tfd

WANTED—A kitchen girl at 93 John street.

MONEY WANTED—Idle money wanted to loan on improved farms in Illinois. O. A. Holcomb, Aurora, Ill.

WANTED—At all times lady chorus singers. Apply by mail. Address Ivory, 80 Merrill street, Lowell.

WANTED—Lady agents at once. Fine commission. Central block, Room 19.

WANTED—Saleswoman to assist in the introduction of an article of merit; salary. References required. Call or address A. P. T. Hicks, Room 84, Bon Marche building, Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Summer boarders; $4.50 a week. 81 River street, West Lynn.

WANTED—Ladies to know they can get their straw, leghorn or manilla hats cleansed or dyed and made in the latest shapes at the Hat and Bonnet Bleachery, 181 Merrimack street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye House and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

WANTED—Housegirls at the Lowell Employment Office, 356 Merrimack street, opposite City hall.

WANTED—By a man, 28, single place as coachman, hostler or general work. Swett & Co., 104 Central street.

WANT BLOOM OF YOUTH, soft, delicate skin? Use Noonan's Roman Secret. At all drug stores. A. W. Dow, A. E. Moor, agent for Lowell, corner of Gorham and Appleton streets.

RELIABLE HELP furnished at No. 6 Howe Building, over Street Railway Waiting Station. F. H. A. Boody. Office open at all hours.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A Boston & Maine trip book on Central street this morning. Owner can have at 179 Middlesex street.

LOST—The front case of a gold watch in Merrimack square. Finder return to this office. 1&1

LOST—Bunch of keys between Appleton street and Merrimack square. Finder will be rewarded at Room 9, 255 Merrimack street.

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOM—To let. Inquire at 53 Chestnut street.

TO LET—The fine cottage house, with modern improvements, 75 Eighteenth street. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Large house, stable, large hennery and 9 acres of land on Hildreth street. House is convenient for two tenements. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Very pleasant small tenements Belvidere; rent low. Apply to F. A. Pennington, 285 High street.

TO LET—Choice low-priced tenements, ranging in price from $5 to $10 per month. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Half a house of ten rooms at 9 Everett street; rent $16 a month. Apply at 318 High street.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET in Railroad National Bank building, 145 Merrimack Street, steam heat in every room, water on each floor; hot water during the winter season, clothes yard on roof, rents moderate. Apply at bank between 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

TO LET—Rooms with or without board, one large front room on first floor with gas, furnished or unfurnished. Price low. 263 Fayette street.

STORE TO LET—21 Hildreth street.

ROOMS TO LET in The Sun Building. Inquire at The Sun office.

IF PETER WATSON

Was anywhere near the army camps the people of the country would not be asking for an investigation as to the feeding of the starving soldiers. He supplies enough of people in Lowell to make an army with the choicest line of bread, cake and pastry to be had in this city. There is nothing better than the best and Peter Watson's bakery is the best.

Ask for Peter Watson's celebrated Bread and take no other. Bakery from

52 to 60 Charles St.
465 Lawrence St.

Weddings and parties supplied at short notice and orders delivered to all parts of the city.

SCHOEFFLER'S DYSPEPSIA CURE CURES DYSPEPSIA.

25c. a bottle. Trial bottle free at all druggists or Schoeffler Pharmacal Co., Newark, N. J.

If You Want Clean, Bright COAL

Free from impurities, coal that ignites quickly and has good lasting qualities. Order of the

Middlesex Coal Co.

6 FLETCHER STREET,

And order now.

H. F. Hasey, President. J. J. Smith, Manager. Telephone 571-3.

ASH SIFTERS, COAL HODS, ASH CANS.

W. T. S. BARTLETT

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 Merrimack Street.

DYEING

Every Hour in the Day at the

BAY STATE Dye Works

Their work is acknowledged to be the best in the city and if you want to feel confident that you will be sure to be satisfied in both work and price, do not fail to bring your work to,

54 Prescott Street.

Prof. E. J. BORJES

Will Resume

TEACHING ON THE VIOLIN!

Oct. 1, at 601 Bridge street. Classes for beginners now forming at above place.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap, Boarding house of 18 rooms in good locality. Must be sold at once as the owner is sick. Can show a profit of $150 in last four months. Address H. H., Sun office.

FOR SALE—11 acre farm, 7 miles from Lowell, not far from electrics. Easy terms; price only $850. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

CALL at 359 Market street to buy or sell second-hand Furniture.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ready's boiler shop, Fay street. Inquire of J. M. Putnam, 1 Coral street.

FOR SALE—Near Chelmsford and Wasdington streets good cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land, lots of fruit. Price only $1400. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

WAGONS—High grade Democrat and Concord, also canopy top cut under surry and Stanhope in fine order. New and second hand Concords, Democrats, square wagons, panel side wagons, butcher carts, etc. at very low prices. J. F. Libby, 69 Hobides street.

FOR SALE—In Billerica small farm of 10 acres, fair building, near cars. This is a bargain; price $500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets at a sacrifice; nearly new. 173 Chapel street. 1st bell.

FOR SALE—Ten R.I.P.A.N.S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

ANYTHING and everything in the line of RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices. The best linen marker in use only 25c. J. M. Fellows, 183 Merrimack street.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. in stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, a nice 8-room cottage house, with all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land, lots of fruit, near bridge. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

OWNER IN NEED OF MONEY—A lot of land containing 4000 feet, 50x80, on a 80 foot street, 15 minutes from Centralville bridge. Price $100, also two second-hand furnaces. Inquire at 1183 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—Near Broadway and School streets good house and large lot of land for a little money. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MENTHOL CREAM Shampoo is used in all leading hair-dressing and bath parlors in New England. Mentol Cream Shampoo removes dandruff and all humors of the scalp. It contains alcohol, glycerine and menthol. It gives a rich, creamy lather and when used in the bath will remove pimples, etc., leaving the skin clear and soft. 35c. per bottle. Sold by leading druggists.

FOR SALE—Good corporation boarding house, lots of boarders. Must be sold on account of sickness. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

LADIES—My Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. I have never had a single failure; no other doctor can say this. Longest cases relieved in from 2 to 5 days without fail. No pain, no danger, no interference with work; price $2 by mailer at office. Consultation free. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. Tolman Co., 170 Tremont street Boston.

FOR SALE—Good farm for the money, 16 acres of land, good buildings, 9 miles from Lowell on main road. Price $850. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Cut This Out

and bring it to the Boston Portrait and Crayon Manufactory, 338 Middlesex street, where you can save money by having your picture framing done there. Crayon Portraits from $2.50 to $5, including frames. Each person bringing this ad. with an order will receive a discount of five per cent. from regular prices. Now is your chance. Do not fail to take advantage of it.

$15 A MONTH

Will buy this splendid new 2 1-2 story hip roof house of 8 rooms, attic, pantry and bath room with tub, marble wash bowls, etc., hot and cold water, maple floors in dining room, kitchen, pantry and bath room; piazza and balcony; nice lot of land, high and dry; very slightly; near carsand school; will sell for $1300. Small payment down secures this bargain. Quick or you lose it. A. J. RYAN, 3 Hildreth Building, Old Post Office.

James Walsh,

Florist and nursery man, also landscape gardener. Floral designs for all occasions. Choice cut flowers always on hand. Plants, trees, shrubs, etc. Westford street cars pass our conservatories.

CONCRETE paver and dealer in coal, tar and pitch. Orders solicited for putting down sidewalks, garden walks, warehouse and stable floors, street pavements, etc., etc., also asphalt and gravel roofing. 163 Highland Avenue, Lowell, Mass.

If You Are Short

And want a loan we can help you out. Security taken, real estate and personal property.

DONOVAN & MANSUR

Room 1, Swan Building, 26 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.

SHARON HOUSE

Largest and most complete sulphur bathing establishment in the United States. Pamphlets on application. Open June 1, to Oct. 1.

B. P. SHARP & SON, Proprietors.

THE FARRAGUT HOUSE

Henry W. Gurrity, Prop.

CENTRAL STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Opposite Old Boston & Maine Depot.

The house is now under a new management, thoroughly refitted and refurnished, with all the modern improvements, steam heat and electric call bells in each room. Electric cars pass the door every few minutes. Choice cigars in sample room. Special rates to the profession.

M. H. Carey. J. Clerys. H. Gervais.

PETER H. SAVAGE,

Undertaker AND Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN ST.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 GORHAM STREET.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

TRY OUR "BIG TWELVE" BRAND OF FLOUR, THE BEST IN THE CITY.

CARRIAGE REPAIRS.

It is a good time to have them made.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE COMPANY

is a good place to have them made.

Telephone Your Orders or Send Postal.

Worthen St., Lowell.

FALL OPENING 1898.

The Bouquet

SPECIAL EXHIBIT of Pattern Hats, Bonnets and Novelties, Thursday and Friday, September 29 and 30. The public is cordially invited.

J. E. BURBANK, 115 Merrimack Street.

GRAND MARK DOWN CLEARANCE SALE

Every article in our store must be sold, regardless of cost. We must make room for our Winter stock. There are no old chestnuts but all fresh stock bought this season. Our line of new Wrappers surpass anything ever shown in this city.

Children's Gingham Dresses, were 25c. and 38c., now 15c.

25 doz. Ladies' Pique Neckties, were 25c., this sale 5c.

Gents' Solid Neckties, were 25c., now 5c.

5000 yards heavy Bleached Crash, 3 1-2c. yard.

1000 cakes best Perfumed Soap, only 4c. cake.

1000 spools Clark's O. N. T., colored, for this sale 2 1-2c. spool.

Large Gingham Aprons 10c.

Ladies' Hose in Black and Brown, were 15c. and 19c., now 10c.

Men's extra heavy black and brown Hose, now 10c.

75 doz. Men's Seamless Cotton Hose, only 5c.

75 lbs. Ball Yarn, worth 8c. ball, this sale 2 1-2c. ball.

In order to reduce our enormous stock of Dry Goods, we have our Standard Prints and yard wide Percales, formerly sold for 10c., 8c., 6 1-4c, for this sale 5c. yard.

When you are getting your children ready for school don't forget that we carry a full line of Boys' Suits, Waists and Pants, and we guarantee prices with any other store.

Notwithstanding our elegant line of Wrappers in style and quality, the prices are only 75c., 98c. and $1.25.

The only Bargain Store in Lowell. Don't forget and give us a call.

OPEN EVERY EVENING.

JOHN DRAIN, 111 CORHAM STREET.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ice Chests and Refrigerators

Are no longer considered a luxury to be enjoyed by the few, but a household necessity, the purchase of a first class, honestly made one being a source of economy rather than expense. We can show you the finest line of

Refrigerators AND Ice Chests

In Lowell. Examine them and you will be convinced of this fact. You would really wonder to see how many

Glenwood Ranges

We sell, even in the hot season. We used to think only cold months were stove seasons, but folks are learning that GLENWOODS save work and money all the year round.

See our stock of CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, MATTINGS and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS when you need anything in this line, and we will give you prices that will convince you that it is for your interest to buy from us.

GOOKIN BROS.

66 Prescott Street.

DEWEY HAVE GOOD BUTTER

Well! Well!

Have just received a large lot of June Vermont Dairy and Creamery Butter in 5, 10 and 20-lb packages at prices that will keep our competitors guessing, and the quality that will please everybody. Give us a trial and we will convince you that we have no competitors in the city.

Bargains in All Departments This Week.

Banner Market

Prescott Street.

TEETH No Charge For Extracting

Every set warranted to be the same teeth that other dentists rank $15 and $18 for, and every set warranted to fit. Gold Fillings and Gold Crown work a specialty. Teeth filled with Gold by Electricity. No pain. Teeth Extracted Without Pain by our method. Thirty years' experience. Artificial teeth without plates, also Teeth Plates. Teeth extracted and replaced the same day as extracted, no need of going without. No Sunday work. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Not open evenings.

$5 to $10 a Set

J. K. BICKELL & SON, Painless Dentists Rooms 24, 25, 32, Runels' Bld'g, cor. Mer'k & Brat'r.

The Rexall Idea

TRADE MARK

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the cent and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines. 317 CENTRAL STREET.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC, THURSDAY, SEPT 29.
Sun rises—5:39; sets, 5:29.
Moon rises—Evening.
High water—10:30 a. m.; 11 p. m.

Though the barometers are generally low, there is little promise of rain and from present indications fair and pleasant weather, with seasonable temperatures and light winds, should prevail in New England Thursday and may continue through Friday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE LAST END

Of our Mason fruit jars is approaching and we have decided to rush them out quick. Pints 49, quarts 55, 2 quarts 69c. Free delivery. Dickson Bros.' big tea store, 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS

Sold on the Cunard, White Star, American, Dominion, Anchor, Allan, Red Star, French and German lines, sailing from Boston and New York to Liverpool and Queenstown. Money sent to Ireland, England and all parts of the world. Canada bills bought at Murphy's Steamship Agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

BURN WILSON'S COAL

Smokers enjoy Old Hundred cigars.

Buy a Jacob Doll high grade piano.

T. C. Lee, Fire Ins., 223 Central street.

Pease's orchestra has removed to 90 Appleton St.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 439-4.

Satisfaction guaranteed by leaving your watches with Harris, 10 Appleton street.

TENEMENT TO LET.

In a new house just completed, sunniest location, corner lot, skirting Fort Hill Park. All modern conveniences. For particulars, enquire at the Sun office.

BIG CLERICAL FORCE.

At the Assignees' Sale of O'Hearn & Dowd's stock. All the winter goods are ready this week and as a tremendous rush is expected, a competent force of 65 salesmen is ready to help the visitors. The assignees are hurrying up the winding up of the trouble as quickly as possible.

LABEL COMMITTEE CALL.

The label committee of all labor unions the Great Cigarmakers' union, and the Bricklayers' union, are invited to meet at the labor hall on Middle street Wednesday night when business of importance is to be considered. A full attendance is desired. Refreshments will be served.

CALLED AWAY.

REV. DR. BLACKBURN MAY GO TO OREGON.

Rev. Alexander Blackburn, D.D., pastor of the First Baptist church of Cambridge, and formerly of this city, is considering a call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church at Portland, Ore., and it is considered quite probable that he will accept. This is one of the leading churches of the Pacific states, and Dr. Blackburn regards the invitation as a very attractive one, but he has not yet made any definite decision, and the matter has not been brought to the attention of the church. He has been in Cambridge for about six years, and has been in the ministry for twenty-two years. After graduating from the old Chicago university he accepted a pastorate in Chicago and then was pastor of a church in Lafayette, Ind., for some years, coming from there to Lowell. He is very popular in Cambridge.

Y. M. C. A. AUXILIARY

REPORTS OF OFFICERS PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Women's Auxiliary to the Y.M.C.A. was held yesterday afternoon in the association rooms. The president and secretary, Mrs. H. C. Fuller and Mrs. T. W. Greenslit, presented their reports and Mr. M. L. Hamblett, president of the association, gave a short talk, in which he complimented the work of the auxiliary. Within a year, between $200 and $300 has been raised by the auxiliary, in aid of the association.

The following delegates were elected to the annual convention of the two states, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, held at Fitchburg, October 10th, 11th, and 12th: Mrs. H. C. Fuller, Mrs. T. W. Greenslit, Mrs. E. J. Tarr, Mrs. C. E. W. Dow, Mrs. J F Kenney and Miss M. E. Buttrick. Mrs. E. J. Tarr entertained the members with solos and plans for the work of the coming winter were informally discussed.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of Jefferson vs. Richardson in superior court for alleged alienation of Mrs. Jefferson's affections by her father, which resulted in a divorce case, was resumed yesterday morning, and Dr. Jefferson himself, Miss Johnson, a nurse, Dr. Carolin, a former employe of Hon. George F. Richardson named Chapelle, and several other witnesses summoned by the plaintiff, were on the witness stand. The testimony, which came within the rulings of the court, did not appear to be especially material to the main issue, but many of the questions asked by the plaintiff's attorney were excluded, and at one stage when Dr. Carolin was asked if he ever saw anything that would indicate a growing coolness between Dr. and Mrs. Jefferson. Judge Sherman asked if the plaintiff expected to have the court try all the troubles of Lowell. He reminded the plaintiff's attorney that it was Hon. George F. Richardson who was the defendant, and not Mrs. Richardson. At another stage when plaintiff's attorney asked one of the physicians as to what opinion he had formed as to Mr. Jefferson's condition in regard to nervousness, the witness replied that he had formed no expert or medical opinion. When the plaintiff's attorney persisted in pressing the question, the court excluded it on the ground that the witness had testified that he had formed no medical opinion and he being summoned as an expert, his unofficial opinion was not competent.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 87 MERK ST.

NANCY GUILFORD

Arrested on Her Arrival at Liverpool by Steamer.

Supt. Birmingham Notified of Her Arrest—Case Must be Established Before She is Extradited—The Case Now Complete and Police Successful.

Bridgeport, Sept. 28.—Though the public was apprised of the fact that the Scotland Yard bureau had been cabled to be on the lookout for Mrs. Dr. Guilford, supposed to be aboard a steamer due in Liverpool from Montreal yesterday morning, few believed that the hunt for the much wanted "Nancy" would be at an end so soon; yet such is the fact, and Superintendent Birmingham and his coworkers, who have been untiring in their efforts to unravel the Yellow mill pond mystery, can now indulge in a brief respite.

State Attorney Fessenden, who had requested the Scotland Yard bureau to be on the lookout for Mrs. Guilford, received a cable that a woman answering the description had arrived on the Vancouver. The woman had three trunks, one marked "Gifford," one "Gill" and one "Guilford." The detective followed her to London, where she is under surveillance. Attorney Fessenden at once communicated with Washington, and a cable has been sent to the United States embassy, through the state department, to have the woman arrested on a provisional charge pending the arrival of extradition papers.

The law of England requires that a prima facie case must be established before extradition will be granted, and yesterday the case was prepared at headquarters. Affidavits of Oxley and the two Drayton women were submitted relative to the fact that Emma Gill went to Mrs. Guilford's house for treatment, and Superintendent Birmingham deposed that Emma Gill's body had been found and fully identified.

A few days ago the state attorney received information that Dr. Guilford had taken the steamer from Montreal, which was also confirmed by information received at a later date, and immediately after he received the confirmation he cabled Scotland Yard to apprehend the woman.

It transpires that Mrs. Guilford at once proceeded to New York when she left this city, where she met her sister, Emma Gill, and they both went to Montreal. The sister bears a striking resemblance to the "doctor," and when a few days later, she returned to Elmira from Montreal, both the Montreal and Pinkerton detectives thought it was Nancy they were tracking. The ruse was a clever one, and proved being very near successful in throwing the officers off the scent.

Superintendent Birmingham still refuses to tell what discoveries were made when the plumbing in the Guilford house was examined, but as he had previously stated that the arrest of Mrs. Guilford was the only thing lacking to conclude the case, it goes without saying that there is no lack of evidence against the participants in the gruesome tragedy.

LATER ACCOUNT.

The detectives have lost sight of the woman supposed to be Nancy Guilford, but claim they can find her in London hotels.

Our Aunual Sale of BLANKETS

We have Blankets enough to supply every family in Lowell with a pair. Our prices are very reasonable, our salesmen polite and agreeable, our basement large, light and well ventilated. These are three extra good reasons why you should visit us at this Special sale.

We mention a few of the prices:

Large size Cotton Blankets 35c. a pair.

Extra good ones at 50c., 75c., $1, $1.25 and $1.50 a pair.

Our $2 Blanket is unsurpassed, while at $2.95 a pair we offer an extra large size, very fluffy bordered Blankets that is not equalled at the price in this state.

Our greatest bargain will be 100 pairs of large size, full weight, very fine quality Blanket with fancy colored borders, worth and always sold at $5.00, to be offered by us at $3.69 a pair.

Any one wishing still better ones can find them here at from $5 to $15 a pair.

Comforters

Well made and filled with selected cotton, neat patterns at 50c., 69c. 75c., 89c., $1, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50, $1.69 and $1.75 each.

Laminated Cotton Down Comforters. We have just secured several cases of the above. They are extra well made, neatly covered, large size and filled with laminated cotton down, which has been treated to a scientific process that removes all impurities in the cotton.

Our prices for this sale will be only $3, $3.25 and $3.50 each.

Call and examine our different qualities. See our large show window for display Wednesday morning.

Cook, Taylor & Co.,
CENTRAL STREET.

AN EVENT OF GREAT INTEREST

To the Ladies of Lowell and Vicinity.

New York Cloak & Suit Co.

No. 12 JOHN STREET,

ANNOUNCE THEIR

Grand Fall Opening

Of Imported and Domestic Novelties in Costumes, Tea Gowns, Jackets, Capes, Tailor-Made Suits, Furs, Waists, etc., to take place

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 29, 30 and Oct. 1

We have made greater preparation for this event than any former season in our history, and are prepared to show the finest assortment of Garments, Suits, Furs, etc., ever exhibited in Lowell.

WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOU TO ATTEND.

NEW YORK Cloak and Suit Co.

P. F. Devine's Branch, 88 Merrimack Street.

BAGS, TRUNKS, DRESS SUIT CASES

In fact everything the well equipped traveler requires, at special "OPENING" prices. Our Middlesex street store is not abandoned. In both stores a full and complete line of latest style leather goods.

OUR OPENING Occurs Friday of this week. 'Twill be the best we've ever had.

The Bon Marche Dry Goods Co.

New Fall Dress Goods

Plain Goods are to be worn this season in medium grades especially. High Class Novelties are very popular, however, and at the most reasonable prices for years. Our buyer has just returned from N.Y., and reports a successful trip, having secured some extraordinary values in New Dress Goods and Silks. THE GOODS ARE ARRIVING DAILY.

HERE ARE A FEW XTRA SPECIALS FOR EARLY BUYERS.

50c. A YARD — A large assortment of New Novelties in all new combinations, also the new plain cloths in Serges, Cashmeres, Flannels, Foules, etc., etc., in all colors, new blues, greens, browns and garnets.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

69c. A YARD — Latest tufted effects in blue and black, green and black, red and black, etc., also plain Serges, Whipcords, India Twills, Henriettas, etc., etc., all colors, new blues, greens, garnets, olives and browns.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

98c. A YARD — Silk and Wool high-class Dress Stuffs, popular colorings: New poplins, all shades, military reds, cadet and army blues, greens, browns, etc., storm Twills, Moscovettas, Bayadiers, Ottomans, Prunellas, etc., etc., new shades.
SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

SILKS SILKS — Exquisite Silks in changeable effects: Plaids, Stripes, Checks and plain colors, an elaborate line, Taffetas and Silk Poplins are the leaders in popular favor. We are headquarters.

69c. A YARD — Novelty Silks, suitable for Waists, Suits or trimmings, in plaids or fancies, a beautiful line worth a dollar a yard, come and see them at 69c.

75c. A YARD — A new and complete assortment of Taffeta Silks, in all the popular combination colorings. A good, heavy silk which would be cheap at a dollar a yard. Fancy Silks in Plaids, etc., etc., at the same price. A beautiful line.
SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

$1.00 A Yard. — Newest things in Silks this season is Silk Poplins. It's a beautiful fabric, and is being used extensively this season for Suits, Waists and Skirts. We have all the best shades, also Novelty Silks for a dollar, worth a dollar and twenty-five.
SILK SKIRTS MADE TO ORDER—ANY STYLE—FREE.

A GREAT SALE OF BLACK GOODS NOW ON.

The Bon Marche—The Big Store, Merrimack and Kirk Streets, Lowell.

COL. ROOSEVELT

Nominated for Governor of New York.

THE BLACK FORCES WERE COMPLETELY ROUTED.

Chauncey Depew Made a Great Nominating Speech.

Saratoga, Sept. 28.—At 7:45 last night the rollcall of delegates at the Republican convention was finished, and the result of the ballot for governor showed the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt by a majority of 535 over Governor Black, the vote standing, 753 to 218. Lieutenant Governor Woodruff was selected for second place, and there was little trouble in selecting the balance of the ticket.

When Mr. Depew had reached the point in his speech for Mr. Roosevelt where he alluded to the non-effect of Mauser bullets, two or three men rushed down the aisle bearing a big portrait of Colonel Roosevelt in rough rider uniform. There was a 3-minute interruption, and the picture was taken to the stage and set up.

Judge Cudy, in speaking for Governor Black, said: "You will be told that expediency demands his retirement to private life. It will be urged that the captivating brilliancy of a military record will blind the eyes of the people of New York to the more sober merits of duties well performed in civic place; that the smoke of battle from that far Cuban hill has so far veiled and obscured the noble qualities of Governor Black that they can be of no further use to the state. Are you prepared to admit the soundness of all this? Are you persuaded that such argument is just? Are you convinced that such a course is best calculated to enlist the services of good and able men in public careers? Are you ready to say, with all the great prestige of this vast convention, that there is no bar of justice in politics at which the deserving can receive the fair rewards of their merits? Will you deem it prudent to announce such doctrine to the youth of the party and the state?"

The most important plank in the platform reads: "We have abiding confidence that the president will conclude this peace upon terms that will satisfy the conscience, the judgment and the high purpose of the American people. We realize that when the necessities of war compelled our nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines, we assumed solemn duties and obligations alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them unarmed for defense and untried in statecraft, to the horrors of domestic strife, or to partition among European powers. We have assumed the responsibilities of victory, and wherever our flag has gone, there the liberty, the humanity and the civilization which that flag embodies and represents must remain and abide forever. The Republican party has been the party of brave conservatism, of wise progress and of triumphant faith in the nationality of this people, and we know that the president and statesmen and voters of the Republican party will meet these issues of the future as bravely and triumphantly as we have met the issues of the past."

POISONED HIS WIFE.

Fort Worth, Sept. 28.—Rev. G. E. Morrison, pastor of a church in Panhandle City, who had been on trial at Vernon for a week on the charge of murdering his wife Oct. 10, 1897, has been found guilty and sentenced to death.

Morrison administered strychnine to his wife after returning from church. Before the death of his wife, Morrison was engaged to wed Annie Whittlesey of Topeka, and when arrested he was at her home. An appeal will be taken.

MEMORIAL TO THE QUEEN.

Kingston, Jam., Sept. 28.—Considerable comment has been created by the action of a representative meeting of sugar planters, called for the purpose of supporting the recent Barbados' conference. The meeting converted the proposed resolutions into a strongly worded memorial to Queen Victoria, in which those present disclaimed the attitude of being pauper applicants who were willing to accept doles or illusory schemes, but claimed their rights as subjects who were the victims of unfair foreign competition, and protested against being sacrificed to political fads. Continuing, the memorial expresses surprise "at the government's callous treatment of previous efforts made to secure justice," and urges the necessity for the adoption of prompt and effective measures to form coustervailing duties.

Ralph A. Day Co.

OPENING

—OF THE—

LARGEST SPECIALTY CLOAK, SUIT AND FUR STORE IN NEW ENGLAND

—OCCURS—

Thursday, Friday and Saturday

SEPTEMBER 29TH, 30TH AND OCT. 1ST.

We Extend a Cordial Invitation to All.

New Goods! New Ideas! New Styles!

Collected from every representative European centre of manufacturing note and fashion; as well as from the leading home markets, and secured at such advantageous prices that will make your acquaintance with us a double pleasure. We will exhibit the largest assortment of

Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Furs, Suits, Costumes, Silk and Woolen Waists, Dress Skirts, Children's Jackets and Reefers, Fine Tea Gowns, Wrappers, Silk, Cotton and Moreen Petticoats, Mackintoshes, Cravenette Garments, etc., ever shown in this city.

MUSIC WILL BE FURNISHED AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Ralph A. Day Co., 133-137 Merrimack St.